CARNRICK'S

**SOLUBLE FOOD**

FOR INFANTS AND INVALIDS.

**THE ONLY FOOD** that digests as easily as human milk and agrees with all Infants and Children.

**THE ONLY FOOD** that thoroughly nourishes the Child without the addition of Cow's Milk.

# The Bombay Gazette.

No. 28811—New Series. BOMBAY:—WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 3, 1892.

BEST CLARETS.

We have been Bordeaux shippers since 1814.

| Qts. pts. | | Qts. pts. |
|---|---|---|
| 16-8 9-4<br>12-0 7-0 | Breakfast—Medoc and St. Julien Medoc | 16-8 9-4<br>12-0 7-0 |
| 27-4 14-10<br>24-4 13-22 | Dinner—La Rose and St. Julien | 27-4 14-10<br>24-4 13-22 |
| 41-8 21-12 | After Dinner—Chateau Lafite | 41-8 21-12 |

For Prices of Whiskies, Ports, Liqueurs, &c., send for our Illustrated Catalogue.

CUTLER, PALMER & Co., BOMBAY.

## SHIPPING.

### PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

**DEPARTURES FOR EUROPE.**

| Vessels. | Tons. | H.P. | Captains. | Friday. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| †* SIAM | 3050 | 500 | H. T. Weighell | 5th Augt. |
| B.L. GANGES | 4206 | 800 | T. J. Alderton | 12th ,, |
| † ASSAM | 3060 | 500 | G. W. F. Browne | 19th ,, |
| B.L. SUTLEJ | 4205 | 800 | W.D.G. Worcester | 26th ,, |
| † SIAM | 3050 | 500 | H. T. Weighell | 2nd Sept. |
| B.L. PENINSULAR | 5045 | 1200 | A. C. Loggin | 9th ,, |
| † ASSAM | 3060 | 500 | G. W. F. Browne | 16th ,, |
| | | | | Saturday. |
| B.L. ORIENTAL | 5045 | 1200 | L. H. Moule | 24th Sept. |
| †* SIAM | 3050 | 500 | H. T. Weighell | 1st Oct. |
| B.L. CATHAY | 2995 | 500 | A Symons | 8th ,, |
| † ASSAM | 3060 | 500 | G. W. F. Browne | 15th ,, |
| B.L. THAMES | 4113 | 800 | W. A. Seaton | 22nd ,, |
| † SIAM | 3050 | 500 | H. T. Weighell | 29th ,, |
| B.L. VALETTA | 4919 | 1000 | R. F. Briscoe | 5th Nov. |
| † ASSAM | 3060 | 500 | G. W. F. Browne | 12th ,, |

The steamers marked B L proceed to Brindisi, Malta, Gibraltar, Plymouth, and London.

† These vessels proceed to Aden only and Passengers tranship there to Steamers proceeding to Brindisi, Marseilles, and London.

†* These vessels proceed to Aden only and passengers tranship there to a steamer for Brindisi and London. No passengers for Marseilles can proceed by these steamers.

Single and Return Railway Tickets from Brindisi to London by the Mail route can be obtained, and Coupons are issued for places in the Sleeping Cars of the special "P. and O. Express."

Heavy Baggage must be sent to the P. and O. Dockyard at Mazagon before 10 a. m. on day of sailing, or on the afternoon of the previous day.

A Steam Barge leaves the P. and O. Dockyard at 3 p.m. on the day of sailing to convey Passengers on board, and only hand packages will be received.

The attention of Passengers is called to the importance of having their Baggage labelled with Port of destination.

PASSAGE-TICKETS are issued to London via Japan and Vancouver in conjunction with the Canadian-Pacific S.S. Co. Circular Passages, including the return journey to India via the Suez Canal or *vice versa*, can also be engaged.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN, AUSTRALIA, AND NEW ZEALAND.

Steamers leave Bombay on or about the undernoted dates, conveying H. M.'s Mails from Colombo to China. Passengers for Australia tranship at Colombo.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| August 11th. | September 8th. | October 20th. |
| ,, 25th. | ,, 22nd. | November 3rd. |
| | October 6th. | ,, 17th. |

In addition to the above, a CARGO STEAMER leaves for China and Japan every fortnight, with liberty to call at any Port or Ports.

For further particulars apply to

H. W. ULOTH,
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.

Bombay, July 21, 1892.

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NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA
SOCIETA RIUNITE FLORIO RUBATTINO.
BOMBAY TO MESSINA, NAPLES, AND GENOA, calling at ALEXANDRIA.

THE well-known Steamers of this Company will sail on:

23rd August. 20th Sept. 20th Oct.

For particulars regarding Freights, Passage, &c., apply to

F. BRANCHI,
Acting Agent.

Sassoon House, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, July 27, 1892.

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AUSTRIAN LLOYD'S S. N. Co.

UNDER MAIL CONTRACT WITH THE AUSTRIAN GOVERNMENT.

ACCELERATED SERVICE TO BRINDISI AND TRIESTE, VIA ADEN, SUEZ, AND PORT SAID.

| Steamer. | Captain. | Tons. | H.P. | To sail on |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| ACHILLE | V. Gherzmann | 2,000 | 500 | 1st Sept. |

A Surgeon and Stewardess on board of every Steamer.

RATES OF PASSAGE MONEY.

| | 1st Class. | 2nd Class. | Deck. |
|---|---|---|---|
| TRIESTE OR BRINDISI | Rs. 500 | Rs. 300 | Rs. 150 |

RETURN TICKETS available for SIX MONTHS.

| | 1st Class. | 2nd Class |
|---|---|---|
| TO TRIESTE OR BRINDISI | Rs. 800 | Rs. 480 |

INCLUDING WINE OR BEER SUPPLIED AT MEALS.

THROUGH-TICKETS TO LONDON.

Through 1st Class Single and Return Tickets are issued to London, via Trieste at specially Reduced Rates.

Steamers for BOMBAY leave TRIESTE on the 3rd, and BRINDISI on the 5th, of each month.

ORDINARY SERVICE TO TRIESTE, VIA ADEN, SUEZ, AND PORT SAID.

| Steamers. | Captains. | Tons. | H. P. | To sail on |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| ELEKTRA | G. Mariani | 3,800 | 650 | 22nd Aug. |
| BERENICE | P. Mersa | 3,200 | 500 | 22nd Sept. |

RATES OF PASSAGE BY THIS ROUTE.

| | 1st Class. | 2nd Class. | Deck. |
|---|---|---|---|
| TO TRIESTE | Rs. 400 | Rs. 250 | Rs. 150 |

RETURN TICKETS available for SIX MONTHS.

| | 1st Class. | 2nd Class |
|---|---|---|
| TO TRIESTE | Rs. 700 | Rs. 400 |

Steamers for BOMBAY leave TRIESTE on the 12th of each month.

STEAM TO COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE, HONGKONG, AND SHANGHAI.

| Steamer. | Captain. | Tons. | H.P. | To sail. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| THISBE | F. Cossovich | 3,800 | 550 | 8th Augt. |

Connecting at Colombo with the s.s. NIOBE to Madras and Calcutta, and at Singapore with the s.s. GALATEA to Sourabaya and Batavia.

For further particulars, Freight, Passage, &c., apply to

J. JANNI, Agent.

Sassoon House, 50, Church Gate Street, Bombay, August 1, 1892.

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CLAN LINE OF STEAMERS.
BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES DIRECT.

THE S. S. "CLAN MACNEIL," 2,500 tons, Captain J. SCHOFIELD, SAILING from BOMBAY for MARSEILLES direct, on or about the 8th August, has good accommodation for a limited number of Passengers. The Saloon and Cabins are all on the Upper Deck.

For Rates of Passage Money, &c., apply to

FINLAY, MUIR & Co.,
Agents.

Forbes Street, Bombay, 29th July, 1892.

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COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES.
FROM BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES.
TO ZANZIBAR AND MAURITIUS.

THE S. S. LA SEYNE will LEAVE Bombay on 9th August, 1892, at 3 p.m., FOR KURRACHEE and ADEN, in connection with the Australian Steamer Homeward-bound, and the Steamer from Marseilles proceeding to Zanzibar and Mauritius.

RETURN TICKETS TO MARSEILLES for three, six and nine months delivered at specially REDUCED RATES.

THROUGH TICKETS are issued, including Railway Fare from Marseilles to London.

Passengers are invited to be on board by 8 a. m. in the Prince's Dock on the day of sailing.

A. SIMEON, Agent,
29, Esplanade Road.

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ANCHOR LINE.

BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES AND LIVERPOOL.

| Vessels. | Tons. | Captains. | To sail about |
|---|---|---|---|
| HISPANIA | 3290 | S. Abrey | 10th Aug. |
| ROUMANIA | 3387 | W. S. Young | 27th Aug. |

Passengers can book through to London (Overland from Marseilles) on favourable terms.

The Railway Journey from Marseilles to London occupies thirty hours.

Each Steamer carries a duly qualified Surgeon and an experienced Stewardess, and is fitted out with every comfort for First Class Passengers.

All the Cabins are on the Upper Deck.

For Rates of Passage and further particulars, apply to

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Agents.

Graham's Buildings, Bombay, July 23, 1892.

## SHIPPING.

### THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (LIMITED)

Intend to despatch Steamers as follows:—

FOR KURRACHEE DIRECT.

S. S. "KAPURTHALA," 1,122 tons, on 3rd August, at noon, direct.

FOR KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF.

S. S. "SIMLA," 1,615 tons, on the 7th August, at 11a.m., or on arrival of English Mail, calling at Kurrachee, Muscat, Bunder Abbas, Linga, Bahrein, Bushire, Fao, Mahomerah, and Busreh, in the foregoing order, weather permitting.

FOR COAST AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. "CULNA," 1,984 tons, on the 4th August, at about 3 p.m., calling at such Ports as may be arranged. Particulars can be ascertained on application to the Undersigned.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,
Agents.

Bombay, 2nd August, 1892.

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### KING, KING & Co.,

BANKERS AND EAST INDIA AGENTS, BOMBAY.

PASSAGES engaged by P. and O. and all Steamers at the Lowest Rates obtainable, Free of Charges for Commission.

SPECIAL attention paid to the grouping of those wishing to travel 2nd Class, P. and O.

LISTS of all Steamers Sailing, and full information as to Berths available, furnished at once.

REDUCTIONS obtainable in the case of large Parties or Families travelling together.

PASSENGERS booked through Messrs. KING, KING and Co. are met on arrival at—

Plymouth or London..by Messrs. HENRY S. KING and Co.
Liverpool ,, KING, BAILLIE and Co.

And by Special Agents at Marseilles, Genoa, Naples, Brindisi and Trieste.

BAGGAGE Received and Shipped. Packages also forwarded as Cargo at Lowest Rates. Marine and Fire Insurance effected.

LOANS and Overdrafts granted on approved Security DRAFTS, Cheques, Gold, and Bank Notes purchased and sold at Current Rates.

TELEGRAPHIC Remittances arranged at Current Rates, and Addresses in connection with the same Registered with Messrs. HENRY S. KING and Co., FREE OF CHARGE.

RAILWAY TICKETS and HOTEL COUPONS by all Continental and American Routes furnished at Lowest Rates.

CORRESPONDENCE invited and a Copy of Messrs. Henry S. King and Co.'s "Hand-book for Homeward-bound Passengers" forwarded on application, Free of Charge.

KING, HAMILTON & Co., CALCUTTA.
KING, BAILLIE & Co., LIVERPOOL.
R. B. KING, HYDERABAD (DECCAN.)
HENRY S. KING & Co., LONDON.

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CITY LINE OF STEAMERS.
BOMBAY TO LIVERPOOL.

| Vessel. | Captain. | Tons. | To sail |
|---|---|---|---|
| CITY OF DUNDEE | E. Halley | 2612 | About 4th Aug. |

THIS Steamer, which is lighted throughout with the Electric-Light, and has all the latest improvements, carries a Surgeon and Stewardess. Two berth Cabins on Deck amidships. Punkahs and every comfort for First-Class Passengers. Crew entirely European.

Apply to

SIR CHARLES FORBES & Co.,
Agents.

Bombay, 22nd July, 1892.

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GRINDLAY, GROOM & Co., Bombay.
GRINDLAY & Co., Calcutta.

HOMEWARD PASSAGES.

PASSAGES booked by P. & O. and other regular lines of Steamers *without charge for commission*. Berths selected and the best available accommodation secured. Railway and Sleeping Car Tickets obtained.

CHEAPER PASSAGES engaged by occasional outside Steamers, and every information afforded as to terms and accommodation.

SECOND SALOON.

The Superior Second Saloon accommodation of the new P. and O. Steamers offers an excellent opportunity for a cheap Passage to England, and to enable us to arrange select parties and suitable berthing, intending passengers should make early Application.

Full particulars and pamphlet forwarded on application. "Grindlay's Hand Book" for Travellers may also be had free.

Circular Notes, Sovereigns, and Drafts on London granted at current rates. Baggage shipped and Insurance effected when required.

PACKAGES from Europe for MESSES, CLUBS, SOCIETIES, SCHOOLS, STORES, UP-COUNTRY FIRMS and PRIVATE INDIVIDUALS cleared and forwarded. To avoid delay the Shippers should be instructed to send us direct the Bill of Lading and Invoice.

GRINDLAY & Co., Calcutta.
GRINDLAY, GROOM & Co., Bombay.

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EXCELSIOR CIGARETTES.

WE have just received a fresh consignment of these fine Cigarettes, and confidently recommend them to Connoisseurs, with and without Mouth-pieces.

Cash......Rs. 2 0 Credit......Rs. 2 4

TREACHER & CO., LD.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

## FOR SALE.

NOTICE.
MERGUI PEARL FISHERY.

TO BE SOLD at the Deputy Commissioner's Court House, Mergui, on WEDNESDAY, the 24th August, 1892, at 12 o'clock noon.

The Sole Right to obtaining Pearls and Pearl-Shells, otherwise called Mother-of-Pearl and Beche-de-Mere, on the banks of the Mergui Archipelago.

The banks will be sold in 5 Blocks separately or collectively to suit purchasers for 3 years commencing from 1st September, 1892.

The right to refuse any bid is expressly reserved.

Lessees will not be allowed to sub-let their leases without special sanction.

One quarter of annual amount of Purchase Money to be paid on day of Auction, and security to be given for due payment of balance in quarterly instalments.

Authorized Agents must attend sale in person. Bids by letter or telegram will not be accepted.

Further particulars to be obtained at the Deputy Commissioner's Office, Mergui, Lower Burma.

H. G. BATTEN,
Deputy Commissioner, Mergui.

Mergui, Deputy Commissioner's Office, the 8th July, 1892.

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MOORE & CO.'S
GREAT ANNUAL
CLEARANCE SALE,
COMMENCING WEDNESDAY, JULY 20TH, AND THROUGHOUT AUGUST.

WE shall this year offer the whole of our immense Stock, without any exception, in our Clearance Sale prior to opening our New Stock for the Cold Season. We shall offer reductions of 10 to 50 per cent. presenting unequalled advantages to buyers.

Our Illustrated Monthly Circular, with full descriptions, will be sent free of charge to any address in India.

MOORE & Co., THE CASH TRADERS, CALCUTTA.

---

THE Undersigned keeps in Stock MISCELLANEOUS STORES for immediate Supply, such as Mills, Ship and Railway Stores, Hardware, Ammunition, Sulphur, Blasting Powder, Fuses, Red Lead, Turpentine, Brushes, Pig Lead, all sorts of Paints, Oil, Varnishes, Ropes of best quality and all sizes, Kerosine Oil, of the well-known Brands, Cocoanut Oil, Castor Oil, and many other articles too numerous to mention.

FOR SALE.

SNOW FLAKE KEROSINE OIL 150°, arrived.

A fresh consignment, *ex* Paul Revere, Rs. 3-12-0 per case wholesale.

Orders for large and small quantities will be attended to.

હેપતુલા શેકઆદમની કુ૦
i. e., HEPTOOLA SHAIK ADUM and Co.,
Agents for Messrs. Curtis's and Harvey's Gun Powder and Blasting Powder.

## CHAMPAGNES OF REPUTE.

STOCKED BY TREACHER & CO., LD.

| | | | Cash. Rs. | as. | Credit. Rs. | as. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| GIESLER'S "Extra Cuvee" as shipped to the Home Market | | Bottles | 70 | 8 | 78 | 0 |
| Do. do. | ½ | ,, | 40 | 12 | 44 | 0 |
| GIESLER'S "for India" Brand | | bottles | 62 | 12 | 69 | 4 |
| Do. do. do. | ½ | ,, | 36 | 4 | 40 | 12 |
| HEIDSIECK'S Dry Monopole | | bottles | 69 | 4 | 77 | 0 |
| Do. do. | ½ | ,, | 39 | 8 | 44 | 0 |
| POMMERY & GRENO, Extra Sec. | | bottles | 81 | 8 | 91 | 8 |
| Do. do. do. | ½ | ,, | 43 | 0 | 47 | 12 |
| PERRIER, JOUET'S "finest dry" | | bottles | 59 | 4 | 66 | 0 |
| Do. do. do. | ½ | ,, | 33 | 0 | 36 | 4 |
| Do. "Reserve Cuvee" | | bottles | 68 | 0 | 76 | 0 |
| Do. do. do. | ½ | ,, | 38 | 8 | 43 | 0 |
| ROEDERER'S "Reserve" | | bottles | 71 | 8 | 79 | 0 |
| SUPERIOR SPARKLING SAUMUR | | bottles | 33 | 0 | 36 | 4 |
| Do. do. do. | ½ | ,, | 19 | 12 | 22 | 0 |

TREACHER & COMPANY, LD.,
WINE MERCHANTS,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

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## BOMBAY TELEPHONE CO., LD.,

OFFICES:—ELPHINSTONE CIRCLE.

**TELEPHONES.**—The Company's Telephone instruments, being the Master Patents of Graham Bell, Edison and Gower, are unequalled in every particular. They are of the very best English-make, and are thoroughly reliable, and will give greater satisfaction, and be found more economical than the cheap instruments which are offered for sale elsewhere, and which for practical purposes are useless.

The Company are prepared to undertake the erection of Telephone lines and Telephonic installations for Native States, Corporations, Companies or private individuals. Estimates furnished on application.

**ELECTRIC BELLS.**—The Company have a large and varied Stock of the best English-made Electric Bells, Indicators, Pushes, etc., with every recent improvement. Installations for Clubs, Hotels, and Private Residences supplied, and erection undertaken, if required, on moderate terms.

The attention of residents in the Mofussil is directed to the advantage of introducing Electric Bells into their Bungalows for readier communication with servants, whose quarters are often at some distance from the Bungalows.

Instructions given for erection and maintenance.

The Company also supply LIGHTNING CONDUCTORS, MEDICAL INDUCTION COILS, ELECTRIC MOTORS, ELECTRIC FANS, BATTERIES and ELECTRICAL FITTINGS of all kinds.

*ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUES, POST FREE, ON APPLICATION.*

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## HOT WEATHER.

GENTS' INDIA GAUZE UNDER-VESTS.

FOR HOT WEATHER WEAR, GOOD VALUE.

HALF DOZEN, Rs. 12, EXTRA THIN.

GENTS' INDIA GAUZE PANTS.

HALF DOZEN, Rs. 18, EXTRA THIN.

THORPE AND CO.,
HOSIERS, GLOVERS, &c.,
RAMPART ROW, BOMBAY.

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1892 ARMY REGULATION 1892.

## WATERPROOF CLOAK.

AS APPROVED AND SEALED AT H. M. WAR OFFICE.

ALL OTHER MAKES OBSOLETE.

CAVALRY PATTERN, AS SEALED......................Rs. 45.
MODIFIED PATTERN FOR CIVILIANS............Rs. 38.

CASH OR V.-P. P.

BADHAM, PILE & CO., LD.,
BOMBAY.

## ON EYESIGHT.

WE frequently receive letters which merely say, "Please send me your Sight Test immediately, as I wish to purchase Spectacles." A communication like this necessarily involves delay and correspondence, which a little more explanation might prevent.

Consideration of the following simple conditions will qualify our readers to determine for themselves whether they would derive benefit from the use of Spectacles. If you cannot define objects at a distance, which your friends can see clearly, though your Vision is otherwise acute, there is good reason to suspect that you are shortsighted, and Glasses will remove the disability.

If in order to read a book you are obliged to hold it close to the eyes, and cannot distinguish the letters as much as twelve inches off, while you find difficulty in recognising your friends when you pass them in the street, and objects at no great distance are shadowy and uncertain, you may be tolerably sure that you are nearsighted, and that Glasses will not only improve your sight, but that your eyes will suffer injury by the neglect to wear them.

If the act of reading, easy at first at the distance of twelve inches, becomes difficult after a short continuance, and is then attended by fatigue and distress, the images becoming indistinct and confused, a feeling of aching tension over the eyes, which begin to water, and are after a time incapable of continuing the effort, while it is a relief to direct them to distant objects, which can be clearly seen with comparative ease, if sensations similar to the above occur under the age of thirty-five, far-sight is probably the cause, and the trouble may be entirely removed by the use of Glasses.

At an advanced age, if difficulty in reading begins to be experienced, more particularly by artificial light, at night, if the type can be seen more clearly when the light is strong enough by being held further away from the eyes than formerly, and is indistinct, the letters running into each other, when held only twelve inches off, while distant vision is normal and unimpaired, then we may reasonably assume that failure of accommodation exists, which can be compensated by Glasses.

If the eyes are unpleasantly sensitive to a strong light, or if duty or inclination takes you out of doors in the day time during the summer months, Tinted Glare Glasses may be worn with much advantage, and, if required, they can be supplied with any degree of either negative or positive power.

So much, at least, every person may decide himself without professional help, and to this extent we may fairly hope for success in providing Spectacles properly adapted to correct the existing defect, even though personal consultation is impossible. When any part of the eye is known to be diseased, or other complications are present, personal application should be made, to the local Medical Officer.

PRICE LIST AND SIGHT TEST FOR SPECTACLES FORWARDED ON APPLICATION TO

MARCKS & CO., LD.,
OPTICIANS.
BOMBAY AND POONA.

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## KEMP'S TOILET PREPARATIONS.

KEMP'S EQUATORIAL HAIR DOUCHE.

For Beautifying, Preserving, and Nourishing the Hair. Per Bottle, Rs. 2-8 and Re. 1-8.

KEMP'S NEW FLUID.

Specific for Sunburn, Freckles, &c. Per Bottle, Re. 1.

KEMP'S FLORAL MOUTH ELIXIR.

For the Perfect Comfort and Cleanliness of the Mouth. Per Bottle, Re. 1-4 and Rs. 2-4.

KEMP'S GYMKHANA BOUQUET.

A Favourite, Lasting Perfume. Per Bottle, Rs. 2; Per Case, Rs. 3-8.

KEMP'S CIRCASSIAN FLUID.

A Black, Permanent Hair Dye. Per Case, Rs. 2.

KEMP'S LAVENDER WATER.

Very Old, and made from the Finest Oil. Per Bottle, Re. 1-4, Rs. 2, and Rs. 2-8.

KEMP'S LIME JUICE AND GLYCERINE.

An Elegant Dressing for Fixing the Hair. Per Bottle, Re. 1.

KEMP'S GLYCERINE AND CUCUMBER.

Cool and Refreshing to the Skin, Produces a Clear Complexion. Per Bottle, Re. 1.

KEMP & CO., LD., BOMBAY.

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## ELECTRIC LIGHTING.

THE LAING, WHARTON, & DOWN,
CONSTRUCTION SYNDICATE,
ELECTRICAL ENGINEERS, LONDON.

A REPRESENTATIVE of the above Firm is now in BOMBAY, and will be glad to submit estimates and particulars for the Lighting of Public Buildings, Mills, Factories, Churches, Palaces, Private Houses, etc., etc.

Particulars on application to Mr. PERCY MOSSOP, care of Messrs. RICHARDSON and CRUDDAS, Iron Works, Byculla, Bombay.

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## CHOICE INDIAN CIGARS.

| | | Rs. | a. |
|---|---|---|---|
| O K NOBLES—Of fine flavour and mild, in boxes of 100 each | Per Box | 1 | 12 |
| O K DAWSONS—With straw, much liked | ,, | 1 | 12 |
| O K MANILLAS—Choice, mild Cheroots, with straw | ,, | 1 | 8 |
| O K HAVANNAHS—Well made, a Superior Smoke | ,, | 2 | 0 |
| O K THOMPSONS—With straw, a Long Smoke | ,, | 1 | 12 |

JAVAGEMS.

| | | Rs. | a. |
|---|---|---|---|
| O K JAVA GEMS, Cigar Shape, No. 1, in Boxes of 100 | Per Box | 3 | 8 |
| O K JAVA GEMS ,, No. 2, ,, ,, | ,, | 3 | 4 |
| O K JAVA GEMS ,, No. 3, ,, ,, | ,, | 3 | 0 |

BOMBAY: Oriental Bank Buildings, Byculla Bridge, and at Cumballa Hill.
PHILLIPS & CO., LD.,
POONA: Temple House, Camp, and Bhoodwar Peth, City.
CHEMISTS, WINE AND GENERAL MERCHANTS AND AGENTS.

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SCOTT AND Co., M.R.C.V.S.,
VETERINARY SURGEONS.

HORSE EXAMINATION CERTIFICATES Rs. 10; Examination and Verbal Opinion Rs. 5. Horses standing at livery on Commission sale, Rs. 35 per month, including horse-keeper. Commission on Horses bought and sold, Rs. 17. Up-country commissions towards buying and selling of horses will meet our best attention. Horses broken to single and double harness in the yard. Single, Rs. 15; double, Rs. 30. The Horse-shoeing Forge is under the management of a thoroughly practical English farrier, and every class of shoeing is done.

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HAND-BOOK
OF
GIRAS AND GUARANTEE,

BEING a Compilation of Decisions, &c., on questions regarding giras, wanta and other guaranteed rights with an introductory account of the settlements in Kathiawar, Mahikantha and Rewakantha, together with Appendices and a Copious Index.

To be had at the "Bombay Gazette" Press, Bombay.
The Gujarat Vernacular Society, Ahmedabad.
PRICE.......... Rs. 6.
Packing & Postage Extra.

## NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

THE EXCHANGE BANKS will be CLOSED on THURSDAY, the 4th August, 1892, being a Public Holiday, under "The Negotiable Instruments Act of 1881."

### NOTICE.

THE Public are informed that on THURSDAY AFTERNOON NEXT, the 4th instant, a portion of the FRERE ROAD between CARNAC BRIDGE and MODY BUNDER, WILL BE CLOSED to traffic during such time as the TABOOT PROCESSION is passing.

W. H. WILSON, Colonel,
Commissioner of Police.
Head Police Office, Bombay, August 1, 1892.

### NOTICE.

### THE ARMY AND NAVY CO-OPERATIVE SOCIETY, LIMITED.

OF 105, VICTORIA STREET, WESTMINSTER, LONDON, S.W.

BOMBAY DEPOT, APOLLO STREET, FORT.

IN consequence of the NARALI PURNIMA (Hindu Holiday), the above DEPOT WILL BE CLOSED, on MONDAY, 8th August.

LATHAM & Co.,
Managing Agents.

### NOTICE.

FOR SALE at the Bombay Custom House, in the Reporter General's Department, a few spare copies of the ANNUAL STATEMENT of the TRADE and NAVIGATION of the PRESIDENCY of BOMBAY for the Official Year 1891-92.
Price Per Copy, Rs. 3-12.

R. THOM,
For Commissioner of Customs, Salt, Opium, and Abkari.
Bombay, 1st August 1892.

### NOTICE.

### THE CITY OF AHMEDABAD S. & M. Co., Ld.

WANTED, a Competent MILL MANAGER who knows Carding and Spinning well, with handsome salary. Apply to

Messrs. MANIBHAI & NURSILAL & Co.,
Agents, Ahmedabad.

### THE KHANGAUM COTTON PRESSING COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that an EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the Khangaum Cotton Pressing Company, Limited, will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, No. 28, Meadow Street, on WEDNESDAY, the 10th of August, 1892, at 4 P.M., when the subjoined Resolution will be proposed :—

RESOLUTION.—That the Capital of the Company be reduced from Rs. 108,000, divided into 240 Shares of Rs. 450, to Rs. 96,000, divided into 240 Shares of Rs. 400 each, and that such resolution be effected by returning to the holders of the 240 Shares that have been issued paid up capital to the extent of Rs. 50 per Share and by reducing the nominal amount of all the Shares from Rs. 450 to Rs. 400.

By Order of the Directors,
BREUL & Co.,
Secretaries and Managers.
Bombay, 3rd August, 1892.

## PETER'S POPULAR PILLS.

### BRAIN PANACEA.

VITALIZING,
STRENGTHENING,
INVIGORATING,
STIMULATING,
AND
NON-IRRITATING
BRAIN & NERVE
TONIC,
Rs. 3 and 7,
of all Medicine
Vendors.

MADON, SONS & Co.,
23, Hummum Street,
FORT, BOMBAY.

STANDS without an equal for the relief of Mental and Nervous Exhaustion and Impaired Vitality. Composed of the very elements, which are the Production of vitality, energy, and strength of the Nerves and Brain. Increases Brain Powers, prevents early decay and bodily weakness. Is a special food, invaluable in the FATIGUE of the Brain of overworked students, clergymen and business people, in the NERVOUS Prostration and DEBILITY of College students, in the LASSITUDE and SLEEPLESSNESS of debilitated women, in the OVERTAXED SECRETION of nursing mothers, and in the RAPID DECLINE of human frame no matter through whatever cause.

### COMMISSARIAT NOTICE.

SEALED TENDERS for the SUPPLY to the Commissariat Department of the undermentioned articles at the Stations noted below from 1st April, 1893, to 31st March, 1894, will be received by the Chief and Executive Commissariat Officers (hereinafter referred to as the Commissariat Officers) at Kurrachee up to 1 p.m., local time, and at other Stations up to 1-30 p.m., (Madras Time) on 26th September, 1892, and then and there opened in the presence of all parties who may choose to attend.

2. No Tenders will be received except on forms obtainable from the respective Chief and Executive Commissariat Offices, which, as well as any information required regarding the Contract, will be given on application to the Commissariat Officers concerned. No addition or alteration must be made in the Tender forms.

3. Seals of Tenderers will not be accepted; they should have their marks verified by witnesses.

4. Covers to be superscribed "Tender for the Supply of Potatoes, Straw, or Kirbee," as the case may be.

5. The Commissariat Officer shall have the power to accept a Tender in whole or in part, or to reject a Tender without assigning any cause for so doing, but in the event of the Tender being accepted in part only, and the Tenderer failing to take up the Contract, the whole earnest-money deposited for the article or articles in question will be confiscated

6 Each Tender must be accompanied with separate earnest-money for each description of article in Government Promissory Notes or Treasury Receipt.* Tenders without earnest-money will not be attended to.

*The receipt may be for Currency Notes or Cash.

7. Earnest-money will be confiscated if the Tenderer withdraws from his Tender :—

| Stations. | Description of articles | Bengal Tender and Schedule Forms. | Tenders to be received on |
|---|---|---|---|
| Deesa<br>Kurrachee<br>Hyderabad | Potatoes | 98 and 100 | 26th Sept. 1892. |
| Kurrachee<br>Hyderabad | Kirbee | Do. | |
| Hyderabad | Straw, Rice, or Paddy | Do. | |

GEO. C. DOBBS, Major,
For Commissary-General.
Commissary-General's Office, Poona, July 19, 1892.

## NATIONAL BANK of INDIA, LIMITED.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL...£ 1,000,000.
PAID-UP CAPITAL.........£ 500,000.
RESERVE FUND ............£ 100,000.

HEAD OFFICE:
47, THREADNEEDLE STREET, LONDON, E. C.

BRANCHES:
CALCUTTA, BOMBAY, MADRAS, COLOMBO, KARACHI, DELHI, RANGOON, TUTICORIN, KANDY, AND MANDALAY.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are opened on which interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on the daily balances when the sum at credit exceeds Rs. 1,000.

When the accrued interest for Six Months does not amount to Rs. 10, no interest is allowed.

DEPOSITS are received for Fixed Periods at Rates of Interest which may be ascertained on application.

BILLS of EXCHANGE payable in the Principal Cities of Europe, India, and Australia, purchased or collected.

DRAFTS issued at the Exchange of the day on the Bank's Head Office and Branches, also on Provincial Towns in Great Britain, on Paris and on the Chief Towns in Australia and New Zealand; and, when required, the Bank will forward the First of Exchange to the payees, free of charge. Remittances may also be sent by telegram.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares, and receives same for safe custody realising Interest and Dividends when due.

H. CHALMERS,
Manager.

BUT WHY SUFFER WITH

## COUGH AND COLD ?

USE ST. MARTIN'S

### PULMONARY BALSAM.

It only needs a trial to be given to this wonderful and never-failing specific for Pulmonary Cough, Cold, Asthma, and settled Consumption, Bronchitis, Whooping Cough, Sore Throat, and other chest affections. It is a powerful

VOICE TONIC,

clearing the Throat from Hoarseness, and strengthening the vocal organs. Purely vegetable, harmless, and free from

INJURIOUS DRUGS.

Per Bottle, As. 8 and Re. 1-0.

PREPARED ONLY BY
F. S. MADON & CO.,
Near Zooma Musjid, Bombay.

## SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

The scale for these Advertisements is as follows :—Not exceeding 3 lines, Re. 1 : each succeeding line, As. 8. No Trade Advertisements are admitted under this scale.

GOLD WATCH CHAINS.—A large and select assortment of the newest designs in Ladies and Gentlemen's English-made Chains in every style and pattern. Ladies' Albert, Queen and Princess Chains from Rs. 38. Gentlemen's single and double Alberts from Rs. 60.—MARCKS and Co., Ld., Bombay and Poona.

JAVA CIGARS, Nos. 1, 2 and 3, at Rs. 2-12, 2-8 and 2-4 per 100 respectively. These Cigars are manufactured of selected Java and Dindigul Tobacco, and we are confident that they will meet with the approval of all lovers of Java Cigars.—N. B. DANTRA and Co., 33, Church Gate Street, Fort, Bombay.

WATERPROOF BILLIARD COVERS, indispensable during the Monsoon. A small lot of these just to hand. Apply to JOHN ROBERTS and Co., Ld., 18, Marine Street.

SINGING AND PIANO taught by a Lady, trained under the best French and Italian Masters. For terms, apply to "B. L. A.," care of Messrs. SOUNDY and Co., Rampart Row.

TEA, for Invalids and Ladies in Delicate Health. Our light BREAKFAST MIXTURE at 12 Ans. per lb. Packet.—MORTON, MAJU and Co., Church Gate Street, Fort, Bombay.

GENTS' FASHIONABLE BLACK FELT HATS, latest shape, extra quality, cash or V. P. P. Rs. 9-8.—BADHAM, PILE & Co., Ld., Bombay.

WANTED, new or second-hand works on Numismatics Apply after 5th instant to "X.," care of Post Office, Poona.

WANTED, SHARP, INTELLIGENT DETECTIVES. Salary liberal. None but good experienced men, natives of Guzerat, need apply NOWROJEE AND JAHANGIRJEE PESTONJEE VAKIL, Opium Farmers, Ahmedabad, Kaira and Broach Collectorate.

WANTED, a MATRICULATED TEACHER passed in Latin for an English School, Catholic preferred. Apply to "A. B. C.," care of this Paper.

WANTED, a BANDMASTER to organize a new Band. Apply with terms and copies of testimonials to the CHIEF MINISTER, Palanpur State.

FOOT BALLS! FOOT BALLS!! Ayre's Association Foot Balls Rs. 6-8 each. Bladders and Inflators. All Foot Balls are guaranteed to be of the best Cowhide, and the Bladder of the finest quality Rubber—BULL & Co., Apollo Bunder.

SPARE AMMUNITION for No. 2 AIR GUN Bullets, 1,000, Rs 2-8; 1 dozen Darts, Rs. 1-8 Springs, Rs. 3. Spare Ammunition for No. 3; Air Gun 500 Bullets, Rs. 2; 1 doz. Darts, Rs. 2; Spring replaced, Rs. 3 —STEFFENAUER & Co. Fort, Bombay.

GO TO ROBINSON'S REGISTRY OFFICE, 18, Elphinstone Circle, for DOMESTIC SERVANTS and CLERKS, who take great care in selecting the best man.

RS. 10.—A Genuine Nickel Silver Keyless Watch. Jewelled escapement. A real bargain. Rs. 10 only!!—C. A. CUTTRISS and Co., Watchmakers and Jewellers, 41, Esplanade Road.

BOMBAY GAZETTE Bi-Weekly Edition.—Issued on Monday and Thursday, giving all the News and Telegrams up to date. Subscription per Annum Rs 12; Half-yearly Rs. 6: Quarterly Rs. 3, to Subscribers in Bombay, in the Mofussil postage extra.

EXCELSIOR LAWN MOWERS are the Lightest and Strongest, and therefore the Cheapest. A large consignment just received by PALEKAR & Co., Esplanade Road, Bombay.

TEAS.—NEW NEILGHERRY TEAS: Congou, at As. 9; Souchong, As. 12; Pekoe, Re. 1-2; Orange Pekoe, Re. 1-6 per lb. J. NEUBERG, Bombay.

REPORTS, Petitions, Memorials, Business ANNOUNCEMENTS, BILL FORMS, BOOKS, PAMPHLETS, &c., &c., printed with neatness and promptitude and at lowest rates. Special terms for large contracts. Apply to "Bombay Gazette" Steam Press.

SHOULD you want your SURGICAL INSTRUMENTS supplied, Cleaned, and Repaired to entire satisfaction, try DANNEY & Co., Cuttlers, 20, Meadow Street, Fort, Bombay, the Cheapest House.

CARRIAGES ON HIRE.—First-Class and very Comfortable CARRIAGES of all kinds, with excellent Horses, can be had on Hire by Day or Month at the LIVERY STABLE of MR. PESTONJEE EDULJEE SHROFF, Picket Road, Bombay. A Trial Solicited.

ILLUMINATIONS FOR FESTIVITIES!!! The Portable Electric Light Installation of the "Bombay Gazette" has been renewed and enlarged, and is available for lighting up Public Entertainments, Wedding Festivities, &c. Apply to the ELECTRICIAN, "Bombay Gazette."

ALEXANDRA HOTEL, BOMBAY.—Previous to my embarking for Europe, I stayed at the Alexandra Hotel for a few days. I found the servants attentive, and the charges very moderate indeed. This Hotel is well situated, being close to the Docks and railway goods sheds, as also on the line of a Tram. I found the Proprietor, Mr. Pestonji, very obliging; he made me feel at home; and I shall be always glad to recommend the Alexandra Hotel to my friends.—(Sd.) THEOD. ROSENTINE.

PRINTING PAPERS, manufactured specially for Indian Markets by Messrs. John Dickinson and Co., London.

FRESH CONSIGNMENT of A. and B. MACKAY'S Celebrated WHISKIES, of LIQUEUR, Cocktail, Glenfalloch, and Old Silent Malt Brands, to be had from JEEJEEBHAI JEHANGEER and Co., Marine Street. Also FRASER and Co., CHEMISTS, Sub-Agents, Cawasjee Patel Street, Fort.

MACLEAN'S GUIDE TO BOMBAY.—Historical, Statistical and Descriptive, contains valuable information. Revised and corrected up to date. Price, Rs. 5, with postage Rs. 5-4. for sale at the "Bombay Gazette" Office.

PERRIER JOUET "B" BRAND CHAMPAGNE in Magnums, Quarts and Pints.—Apply to LYON and Co., Sole Agents.

£1,692,564 NEW ASSURANCES were issued by the STANDARD in 1891, the Largest Record yet made by the Company. Apply SECRETARY, Standard Life Office, Bombay and Calcutta.

LAYS OF THE LAW.—Being a SELECTION of LEADING CASES from the BOMBAY HIGH COURT REPORTS, done in VERSE after the manner of various other Great Poets: by W. E. H. Price, Rs. 1-8, postage Annas 4.

FINEST VERY OLD SCOTCH WHISKEY from DANIEL CRAWFORD, 81, Queen Street, Glasgow. This rare old Whiskey may be had from Messrs. FINLAY, MUIR AND CO., Bombay.

F. BAULCH, PIANOFORTE TUNER and REPAIRER, 3 years to T. R. H. Duke and Duchess of Connaught. Pianos FOR SALE, Church Gate Street, Tunings Rs. 5.

FELIX CORNAGLIA, Manufacturing Confectioner, Importer of French, English and Italian Stores and Wines. Sweets and Chocolates fresh made always ready. Cakes of every description,—83, Meadows Street, Fort.

WM. HUTCHINSON and Co., East India Merchants and Agents, undertake all Agency Business. 1, Trafalgar Buildings, Charing Cross, London.

BUYERS of Sewing Machines please demand an affirmative answer from the Seller if the Machine is manufactured by the Singer Company. THE SINGER MANUFACTURING Co., Bombay.

ROTHERHAM AND SONS' ENGLISH KEYLESS GOLD and SILVER WATCHES, in hunting, half-hunting and open faced cases, ¾ plate, with compensation Balance, Guaranteed to keep perfect time.—CURSETJEE COWASJEE G. I. P. Railway Watchmaker, 42, Meadows Street.

THE INDIAN RAILWAY GUIDE.—An indispensable book for Travellers in India and the East, contains the Special Time and Fare Tables of all the Indian Railway Companies, the Steamer routes in India, and the Eastern Seas, and other useful information. Price 8 Annas. Coloured Map of India revised from official sources. To be had at the "Bombay Gazette" Office and at all Booksellers and Railway Stations.

THOUSANDS die by Snake-bites, but Thousands of Feverish Patients have been saved by BATLIWALA'S AGUE MIXTURE and PILLS. Surgeon-Major A.S. G. Jayakar, Civil Surgeon, Muscat :—"I have used Batliwala's Ague Mixture with success." Surgeon M. E. Reporter, 19th Regiment :—"I have found Batliwala's Ague Mixture very efficacious," &c., &c. C. Greengrass, Esq., Contractor, Tansa W. Works :—"Found it of wonderful efficacy in every case." R. Crizzle, Esq., in charge Tunnels, Goilkara :—"I consider it a marvel." Mrs. Temple, Bellary :—"It is a sure cure for malarious fever." P. J. Daly, Esq., Chief Guard, S. M. Railway :—"It is really a dying man's Gold Drops." Send your orders to Dr. H. L. BATLIWALA, Dadur, Bombay. May also be had of KEMP & Co., PHILLIPS & Co., and DANTRA & Co., at Re. 1.

WILL FORMS OF DIFFERENT KINDS. Price 8 As. each. Can be had at the "Bombay Gazette" Office.

## NOTICES.

THE
CHICAGO EXHIBITION.

MESSRS. S. J. TELLERY & Co.

Have much pleasure in announcing that

THEY HAVE ARRANGED
WITH THE
GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
TO REPRESENT
INDIAN ART-WARE
AND
MANUFACTURES
AT THE
FORTHCOMING WORLD'S
COLUMBIAN EXPOSITION
AT
CHICAGO U. S. A.
OPENING
1ST MAY, 1893.

THEY WILL THEMSELVES EXHIBIT
ON A
STRIKINGLY LARGE SCALE
INDIAN ART MANUFACTURES
IN THEIR EVERY BRANCH,
FROM
ALL PARTS OF INDIA,
ON THEIR
OWN ACCOUNT
AND AT THEIR
OWN EXPENSE.

They, therefore, invite Artisans, Manufacturers, and Dealers to make them offers of sale of Consignments of Art-ware of the most superior finish and quality for such an occasion, before the end of OCTOBER NEXT the very latest.

Although they prefer to purchase right out all Goods in the line
OF
ART MANUFACTURE,
MESSRS. TELLERY & Co.
Notwithstanding accept such Articles on Commission.

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OF
PURELY NATIVE DESIGNS
ONLY THEY WILL ACCEPT ON
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Manufactures of Indian origin, not strictly Art-ware, Minerals, and Produce (excepting tea), such as only Samples, will be sent.

MESSRS. TELLERY & Co. undertake to represent, receive orders, conduct sales, and bring the Manufactures and Producers of all such in India into close contact with Buyers in America.

Messrs. Tellery & Co. are willing to purchase or to receive on Commission any scientifically arranged Religious, Instructive, or otherwise Interesting Collection.

They also undertake to arrange with Native States to exhibit the manufactures of their respective States separately in their Court.

Messrs. Tellery & Co. will compete for prizes for such exhibits only as are *bona fide* manufactured by them.

All Prizes awarded to Goods not *bona fide* manufactured by Messrs. S. J. Tellery & Co. will be awarded to the actual makers.

Messrs. S. J. Tellery & Co. will be glad if district officials and private gentlemen, interested in the furtherance of Indian Art Manufactures and Commerce will give this Notice as wide a circulation as possible.

For all further information and terms, please apply to—

S. J. TELLERY & Co.,
Delhi.

## SPENCER & CO.'S CIGARS.

### PROPRIETARY BRANDS :—

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| SALISBURYS, | GOLD MOHURS, | SIESTAS, |
| BEACONFIELDS, | IMPERIALS, | MAYOS, |
| TORPEDOS, | LITTLE RANDOLPHS, | SUMATRAS. |

NOTICE :—SPENCER & Co.'s FACTORY at Dindigul is the LARGEST and MOST COMPLETE CIGAR FACTORY IN INDIA. All their Cigars are made from Picked Material, under trained European Management, and they have no hesitation in stating that their Productions are unequalled by any in India.

PROCURABLE FROM ALL THE PRINCIPAL CIGAR DEALERS THROUGHOUT INDIA.

## CIGAR DRYING BOTTLES.

These Bottles are made with hollow stoppers, in which is placed a bag of lime for absorbing moisture. They are much appreciated by smokers in damp climates, and during the monsoon, for keeping Cigars in smoking condition.

Diameter at base, 7 in.
Height, including stopper, 11 in.,
Price Rs. 5-0 nett.

SPECIAL PRICES FOR DEALERS WHICH CAN BE OBTAINED ON APPLICATION.

CIGARS OF ANY SIZE OR SHAPE CAN BE MADE TO ORDER.

SPENCER & CO.,
HEAD OFFICE :—MADRAS.

## DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S

## CHLORODYNE

COUGHS,
COLDS,
ASTHMA,
BRONCHITIS.

IS THE GREAT SPECIFIC FOR
DIARRHŒA,
DYSENTERY,
CHOLERA.

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE.—Dr. J. COLLIS BROWNE (late Army Medical Staff) DISCOVERED a REMEDY, to denote which he coined the word CHLORODYNE. Dr. Browne is the SOLE INVENTOR, and as the composition of Chlorodyne cannot possibly be discovered by Analysis (organic substances defying elimination), and since the formula has never been published, it is evident that any statement to the effect that a compound is identical with Dr. Browne's Chlorodyne *must be false*.

This caution is necessary, as many persons deceive purchasers by false representations.

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE.—Vice Chancellor Sir W. PAGE WOOD stated publicly in Court that Dr. J. COLLIS BROWNE was undoubtedly the INVENTOR of CHLORODYNE, that the whole story of the defendant Freeman was deliberately untrue, and he regretted to say it had been sworn to.—See *The Times*, July 13, 1864.

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE is the TRUE PALLIATIVE in NEURALGIA, GOUT, CANCER, TOOTHACHE, RHEUMATISM.

GENERAL BOARD of HEALTH, London, REPORT that it ACTS as a CHARM, one dose generally sufficient.

Dr. GIBBON, Army Medical Staff, Calcutta, states: "TWO DOSES COMPLETELY CURED ME OF DIARRHŒA."

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE is a liquid medicine which assuages PAIN of EVERY KIND, affords a calm, refreshing sleep, WITHOUT HEADACHE, and invigorates the nervous system when exhausted.

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE rapidly cut short all attacks of EPILEPSY, SPASMS, COLIC, PALPITATION, HYSTERIA.

IMPORTANT CAUTION.—The IMMENSE SALE of this REMEDY has given rise to many UNSCRUPULOUS IMITATIONS. Be careful to observe Trade Mark. Of all Chemists. 1s. 1½d., 2s. 9d. & 4s. 6d. *SOLE MANUFACTURER*—

J.T. Davenport, 33, Great Russell Street, London, W.C.

## WINES, SPIRITS, BEERS, &c.

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| HEIDSIECK AND Co. | Rheims. |
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| ERNEST IRROY AND Co. | Rheims. |
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| COLIGNY FRERES. | Rheims. |
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| CURLIER FRERES. | Cognac. |
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| WOODHOUSE AND Co. | Marsala. |
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Secretaries and Presidents of Clubs and Military Messes can now obtain Wines from the above well-known Firms, without the inconvenience and expense of importing direct.

DUC DE MONTEBELLO CHAMPAGNE CREMANT.
CUVEE EXTRA—MAXIMUM—SEC.
As supplied to many Messes and Clubs.
Rs. 53 per doz. qts. and Rs. 28 per doz. pts., nett cash.
R. RAMCHANDRA & Co., SOLE AGENTS,
11, FORBES STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

### INDIAN INDUSTRY,

Being a reprint of two letters to the "Bombay Gazette," and a Lecture by
F. BEAUCLERK.
Price 8 Annas.
CAN BE HAD AT
THE OFFICE OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."
Messrs. THACKER and Co., Bombay and Poona.
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PRICE CURRENT.—Published once a Week, contains Shipping Arrivals, Departures, Exports, Imports, and other Commercial News. Subscription, Rs. 12 per year.

J. NEUBERG,
MEDOWS STREET,
BOMBAY.

SMOKERS
In search of a really
GOOD TOBACCO
AT A
MODERATE PRICE
will be glad to have their
ATTENTION
drawn to the following
CHOICE BRANDS,
PREPARED BY
J. NEUBERG,
BOMBAY,
whose name is a sufficient
GUARANTEE
FOR THE
GENUINE CHARACTER
AND
HIGH QUALITY
of the following
SPECIALITIES :—

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| "1888" Mixture | per 1 lb. tin | | 3 | 12 |
| Do. do. | " ½ | " | 2 | 0 |
| Pyramid Mixture | " ½ | " | 2 | 0 |
| "Golden Block" Mixture | " 1 | " | 3 | 4 |
| Do. do. | " ½ | " | 1 | 12 |
| "Rifle" Mixture | " 1 | " | 2 | 8 |
| Golden Leaf Birds' Eye | " ¼ | " | 0 | 14 |
| Golden Fleece | " ½ | " | 1 | 12 |
| Latakia | " ½ | " | 1 | 12 |

Warranted fresh, pure, and sound.

J. NEUBERG,
MEDOWS STREET, BOMBAY.

"KEATING'S POWDER,"
"KEATING'S POWDER,"
"KEATING'S POWDER,"
"KEATING'S POWDER"

KILLS BUGS, FLEAS, MOTHS, BEETLES, MOSQUITOES.

HARMLESS TO ANIMALS.
HARMLESS TO ANIMALS.
HARMLESS TO ANIMALS.
HARMLESS TO ANIMALS.

But is unrivalled in destroying FLEAS, BUGS, COCKROACHES, BEETLES, MOTHS in FURS and every other species of insect. Sportsmen will find this invaluable for destroying fleas in the dogs, as also ladies for their pet dogs. The PUBLIC are CAUTIONED that packages of the genuine powder bear the autograph of THOMAS KEATING. Sold in Tins and Bottles only.

"KEATING'S WORM TABLETS,"
"KEATING'S WORM TABLETS,"
"KEATING'S WORM TABLETS,"
"KEATING'S WORM TABLETS,"

A PURELY VEGETABLE SWEETMEAT, both in appearance and taste, furnishing a most agreeable method of administering the only certain remedy for INTESTINAL or THREAD WORMS. It is a perfectly safe and mild preparation and is especially adapted for Children. Sold in Bottles, by all Druggists.

Proprietor, THOMAS KEATING, London.

## NOTICES.

MESSRS. KING, KING & Co. beg to announce, that in view of possible INCONVENIENCE CAUSED to certain Members of the MILITARY and CIVIL SERVICE by the recent SUSPENSION of the New Oriental Bank Corporation, Ld., they are willing to make ADVANCES against Credit Balances on that Bank to Officers and Civilians, on their OPENING CURRENT ACCOUNTS with them.

### NEW ORIENTAL BANK CORPORATION.

MEMBERS of the Services having CREDIT BALANCES or DEPOSITS with the New Oriental Bank Corporation are informed that MESSRS. GRINDLAY, GROOM & Co. are prepared to place Funds at their disposal on terms to be obtained on application.

GRINDLAY, GROOM & CO.
Bombay, June 11, 1892.

### BOMBAY CLUB.

THE HALF-YEARLY GENERAL MEETING of the Members of the Club will be held in the Club House, on WEDNESDAY, the 24th August, 1892, at 5-30 P.M.

G. W. MOIR,
Honorary Secretary.
Bombay Club, 20th July, 1892.

### BOMBAY GYMKHANA.

THE HALF-YEARLY GENERAL MEETING of the Members of the Gymkhana will be held in the Pavilion on WEDNESDAY, the 10th August, 1892, at 6 P. M.

H. E. E. PROCTER,
F. A. PREVOST,
Joint Honorary Secretaries.

### BANK OF BOMBAY.

NOTICE is hereby given that the TWENTY-FIFTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the Bank of Bombay will be held at the Bank, on WEDNESDAY, the 3rd Proximo, at 3 P.M., for the following objects :—

1. To receive the Directors' Report and Statement of Accounts up to 30th ultimo.
2. To elect Directors for the ensuing year in room of Mr. Ahmedbhoy Hubibbhoy and Mr. S. D. Sassoon, who retire by rotation but are eligible for re-election.
3. To elect Auditors for the ensuing year and to fix their remuneration.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
JAS. H. SLEIGH,
Secretary and Treasurer.
Bombay, 7th July, 1892.

### NOTICE.

THE Responsibility and PARTNERSHIP of the Undersigned CEASED from the 28th inst. in the firm of O'NEAL and Co., Apollo Street.

HYIM & DAVID REUBEN,
29th July, 1892.

### NOTICE.

### ESTATE OF BEYTS, CRAIG AND CO.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Undersigned has been AUTHORIZED by the SPECIAL MANAGER APPOINTED by the Court of Bankruptcy in London, to TAKE CHARGE of all the ESTATE of the above firm. All persons having any moneys, documents or effects belonging or due to the said firm, are, therefore, requested to hand over the same to the Undersigned, and are warned against parting therewith to any other person or persons whomsoever—Dated this 6th day of July, 1892.

H. G. FIDLER, Agent,
Chartered Mercantile Bank of India, London, and China.

### DR. BLANEY MEMORIAL FUND.

LADIES and GENTLEMEN desirous of subscribing towards the above Fund, as well as those who have already Subscribed, are requested to send in the amount of their subscription to the BANK OF BOMBAY to the credit of the Fund.

COWASJI HORMUSJI,
TRIBHOVANDAS VERJIVANDAS,
ABDALLA M. DHARAMSEY,
BHALCHANDRA KRISHNA,
B. S. SHROFF,
Joint Honorary Secretaries.

### PRELIMINARY NOTICE.

In the Matter of the Indenture of Trust for the Debenture-Holders of The ALBERT EDWARD MILLS COMPANY, LIMITED, dated the 30th day of September, 1890.

NOTICE is hereby given that on FRIDAY, the 23rd day of September, 1892, at 3 of the clock in the afternoon, the Trustees of the abovenamed Indenture will, pursuant to the power in that behalf vested in them in virtue of the same Indenture, put up for SALE BY PUBLIC AUCTION, in one lot at the Office of their Solicitors, Messrs. NANU and HORMASJEE, No. 89, Medows Street, within the Fort of Bombay, the Mill property of the abovenamed Company, consisting of Lands, Buildings, and Machinery. The Lands admeasure a total area of 6 acres and 9¼ goontas or thereabouts, and are held under underleases from Messrs. Greaves, Cotton and Company for 99 years, out of which only about 13 years have expired, at the aggregate yearly rent of Rupees 424, and rent of well Rupees 161 yearly. The Machinery consists of 26,034 Spindles, 3 Boilers and 1 Enginee of 60 Nominal Horse Power, all by well known makers and all other requisite plant and accessories for a Cotton Spinning Mill. The premises may be viewed during day time on application to Messrs. Greaves, Cotton and Company, Broach, and for further particulars and conditions of sale apply after the 15th August next, at the Office of Messrs. Greaves, Cotton and Company, No. 1, Forbes Street, within the Fort, or at the Office of the said Solicitors.—Dated Bombay, this 20th day of July, 1892.

HERBERT R. GREAVES,
For Self and Co-Trustees.

## WANTED.

### WANTED

A COMPETENT NATIVE SUB-STORE-KEEPER. Apply sending copies of certificates, to the

MANAGER,
Jodhpore.-Bickaneer Railway, Jodhpore.

## BANKS.

### THE AGRA BANK, (LIMITED.)

CAPITAL ............£1,000,000.
RESERVE FUND......£70,000.

LONDON BANKERS—*Bank of England, Messrs. Glyn, Mills, Currie & Co., and National Bank of Scotland, Ld.*

HEAD OFFICE—Nicholas Lane, Lombard Street, London.

BRANCHES—Edinburgh, Calcutta, Bombay, Madras, Karachi Agra, Lahore, Rangoon, and Shanghai.

AGENCIES—Penang, Singapore, and Hongkong.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are kept, and interest allowed thereon when the Credit Balance does not fall below Rs. 1,000 during the half year ending 30th June, or the half year ending 31st December.

DEPOSITS received available at any time for remittance to England in the Bank's Bills, and Interest allowed thereon at the rate of 3 (three) per cent. per annum.

DEPOSITS are also received for fixed periods on terms which may be learnt on application.

GOVERNMENT and other STOCKS and SHARES bought and sold, and the safe custody of the same undertaken.

INTEREST, PAY and PENSIONS collected; and every other description of Banking Business and Money Agency transacted.

All COMMUNICATIONS should be addressed, and all REMITTANCES made payable to THE AGRA BANK, LIMITED.

BOMBAY BRANCH—18, RAMPART ROW.
April 13, 1892.

### HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

Paid up Capital............$ 100,00,000
Reserve Fund...............$ 63,00,000
Reserve Liability of Proprietors......$ 100,00,000

COURT OF DIRECTORS AND HEAD OFFICE IN HONGKONG.

F. DE BOVIS, *Chief Manager.*

London Bankers.—LONDON and COUNTY BANKING COMPANY, LD.

LONDON COMMITTEE :

ALBERT DEACON, Esq., (of Messrs. E. & A. Deacon).
E. F. DUNCANSON, Esq., (of Messrs. T. A. Gibb & Co).
WM. KESWICK, Esq., (of Messrs. Jardine Matheson & Co.)
DAVID MACLEAN, Esq., 31, Lombard Street, E. C.
WM. ANASTATIUS JONES, Esq., (Director of the London and County Banking Co., Limited)

THOMAS JACKSON
EWEN CAMERON } Managers.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES:
LONDON, HONGKONG, SHANGHAI,

AMOY.
BANGKOK.
BATAVIA.
BOMBAY.
CALCUTTA.
FOOCHOW.
HAMBURG.
HANKOW.
HIOGO.
ILOILO.
LYONS.
MANILA.
NEW YORK.
PEKING.
PENANG.
SAIGON.
SAN FRANCISCO
SINGAPORE.
TIENTSIN.
YOKOHAMA.

BOMBAY AGENCY.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts at 1 Per Cent. on Daily Balances, if not under Rs. 1,000, and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000.

Money taken on Deposit for fixed Periods on terms to be learnt on Application.

Credits granted on approved Securities, and every Description of Banking and Exchange Business transacted.

Drafts granted on London and the chief commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China, and Japan.

J. C. NICHOLSON,
Acting Agent.
40, Church Gate Street, Bombay, and at 31, Dalhousie Square, South, Calcutta.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 19 June, 2017

# BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Municipal Standing Committee 3 p.m.
Annual Meeting, Bank of Bombay, 3 p.m.
Gymkhana Mud Sports, 5 p.m.

VESSEL ARRIVED.—The steamer Lombardy arrived yesterday from China.

VESSEL SAILED.—The steamer Trewidden sailed yesterday for Antwerp.

POSTAL NOTICE.—Mails for Persian Gulf close at Karachi, at 8-30 p.m., on Wednesday the 3rd instant.

THE MOHURRUM.—We are requested to state that the Mogul community has prohibited admitting into any of their Imambaras members of any caste or nationality other than the Shiah Mahomedans to-night, when the annual Mohurrum ceremony is to take place.

FALL FROM A WINDOW.—A young girl, named Panna, aged three years, residing on the third floor of a house at Northbrook Street, while looking out of a window, on Monday evening, overbalanced herself, and fell from a height of about thirty feet. The fall was, however, fortunately broken by a weather board of a shop on the ground floor. She was removed to the Gooculdas Tejpal Hospital, where it was found that she had sustained a wound on the head.

EXTENSIVE THEFT OF PROPERTY.—A Khojah widow, named Jiwabai, living on the first floor of a house, in Samuel Street, has made a report to the police, that during her absence from home, on Monday night, between 8 and 11 o'clock, to attend a Mohurrum *mujlis* the lock of her room was wrenched off, and a wooden box forced open, and property, valued at Rs. 2,153, stolen therefrom. A servant of hers, named Yusub Mahomed, and a friend of his, named Ahmed, who frequently used to visit him, are suspected of having committed the theft.

A VAGRANT.—Yesterday, at the Girgaum Police Court, before Mr. Hamilton, Second Presidency Magistrate, John Jones was charged, at the instance of Constable Sloane, with being a vagrant and loitering about without any means of livelihood. On Monday night the accused was found lying drunk in front of the Pensioners' Home, in Gilder Street. The accused said he was some time back in the employ of the Eastern Telegraph Company, but was now out of employment, and had no means of obtaining a livelihood. The Magistrate declared him a vagrant, and ordered him to be sent to the Government Workhouse.

ST. PETER'S CHURCH, BANDORA.—Sunday last, the day of reception to his Grace Dr. Theodor Dalhoff, Archbishop of Bombay, was a *gala day* to the parishioners of this church. His Grace was cordially welcomed by the parishioners in the compound of the church. St. Peter's Band was in attendance. As soon as his Grace entered the church the school choir sang the *Ecce Sacerdotus Magnus*, which was effectively rendered under the able direction of Mr. John D'Souza, Mr. Peter Creado ably presiding at the harmonium. At about 7-15 a.m. the solemn service commenced, his Grace being the celebrant. The church was crowded, and many were disappointed in securing seats, notwithstanding their presence before the announced time. The church was beautifully decorated. More than 400 persons received communion from the hands of his Grace. After divine service his Grace delivered a short but impressive and eloquent sermon on the Sacrament of Confirmation, dwelling with force and warmth on the graces derived from it. After its administration to more than 200 persons, his Grace was met by the parishioners on the first floor of the St. Stanislaus' Institution, where an address was presented, to which his Grace replied in suitable terms, and promised that he would try his utmost to meet with their requests. The Rev. Father Superior Joseph Nuckel, S.J., deserves great credit for directing this function with such success.

THE BOMBAY JAINS.—A meeting of the Jain Union Club was held, on Saturday evening, in the hall of the Jain Association of India, at Pydhowni. Babu Gulal Chand, jeweller of Lucknow, read a paper on the "Social and Religious Reform of our Society," in which he pointed out at great length the evils of early marriage and heavy ceremonial expenses. Referring to education, he said it was quite neglected amongst the Jains, though by their *Shastras*, *Nirvana*, the chief aim of their religion, could not be obtained without knowledge (*Samyak Gyan*) to men and women alike. The *purdah* system, he held, was an obstacle to women in their social, moral, religious, and intellectual improvement, but the women in this part of the country, he observed, were happier in this respect than those in other parts of India; but great reform was still needed in the Upper Provinces. The speaker also dwelt on several other topics of social and political reform.—The same evening a general public meeting of the Jains was held in the hall of the Jain Association of India at Pydhowni, in which after the usual business and the adoption of the reports for the past year, Baboo Gulal Chand read a paper on "Jain Trust Moneys," and invited the attention of the Association towards at once adopting measures for the recovery of all the religious money belonging to the community so vaguely scattered all over India and which seemed to be unsafe. The Association, he said, being a representative body of all the Jains of India, had already been recognized by the Government on several past occasions, yet if it would be legally registered and duly undertaken to receive all informations and accounts from its different branches (sections of the Society) it could be more strengthened in its position and far greater benefit could be derived. The trust money, he said, ought not to be invested for the sake of gain and profit in risky and *Aram bhika*, unsuitable business, or lent for the sake of higher interest to unsafe people, but should be only applied to the objects for which it had been endowed or collected. In conclusion, he offered to submit a trust fund of about Rs.25,000, for recovery by the Jain Association for which he, as everybody else, has been referred to the managing committee, the President of which, Mr. Beerchand Deepchand, said would consider, the proposal to have the Association duly registered in a regular manner. Mr. Amarchand Parmar Mohunlal Bhai, Dr. Jamnadas, Messrs. Tilukchand Beerchand, Lalla Panalal, and others addressed the meeting in support of the proposition. The proposal that a Jain conference be held in December next was also discussed, and after certain other resolutions had been passed, the meeting dispersed. About 500 Jains were present.

## THE CHARGE OF EMBEZZLEMENT AGAINST A CLERK.

AT the Esplanade Police Court, yesterday, Mr. Webb resumed the hearing of the case, in which Mr. George Robert Neill, one of the liquidators of Messrs. Southwell and Austin (now in voluntary liquidation), charged Vinayek Narayan, recently a cashier in the service of the company, with criminal breach of trust, in respect of Rs. 20-8. Mr. Hemming, of the firm of Messrs. Turner and Hemming, appeared to prosecute; while Mr. Morojee Kashinath, pleader, defended the accused.

Rowjee Atmaram, cross-examined by Mr. Hemming, said that he knew the accused, who was a distant relative of his. Mr. Neill was present when the accused handed over the balance to Mr. Smith on the 3rd of June. In his examination-in-chief, he had stated that the balance was handed over on the 13th, but he had subsequently remembered that it was on the 3rd of June.

Re-examined by Mr. Moroji, witness said that there was a book in the company's office, in which there was an entry of items, which are said not to have been entered.

His Worship: Where is that book, Mr. Morojee?

Mr. Morojee: I have called upon the complainant to produce it, but he has not done so.

Mr. Hemming; There is no such book in existence. The accused might as well summon us to produce an elephant. (Laughter.)

Govind Dadajee gave corroborative evidence. In cross-examination by Mr. Hemming, witness said that about Rs. 6 were stolen from his table in the company's shop at Poona. He had signed a letter stating that he had misappropriated the money, which he was ready to make good. He was forced to sign it by Mr. Neill, who said that all black men were thieves. (Laughter.) In fact, he never misappropriated the money, which was stolen from his table.

Mr. Smith, auditor of the company's accounts, was re-called and re-examined by Mr. Morojee. He said that he wrote a letter to the accused informing him that as he had not handed over the accounts, in which there were discrepancies, he should come to the office and explain those discrepancies, and if he failed to attend, proceedings would be instituted against him in the Police Court. The accused sent a reply stating that he was ill, but still he would try to attend at the office, and there was no necessity of criminal proceedings being taken against him as he had already given up the accounts, and was ready to explain any discrepancies.

Re-examined by Mr. Hemming, witness said that he had not suppressed any book, but always produced willingly enough any book that was required.

The case was at this stage adjourned until Tuesday next, at 3 o'clock, for the attendance of Mrs. Piper as a witness for the accused.

# CRICKET.

## PARSEE GYMKHANA VS. BOMBAY Y. M. C. A.

THE first match between the above clubs was decided on Saturday last, on the Y. M. C. A. ground, in the presence of a fairly large number of spectators. The weather was all that the most fastidious cricketer could desire, and the wicket though decidedly "bumpy" at first, improved considerably as the game proceeded.

The Parsees won the toss and sent in Davur and Harver to face the bowling of F. J. Clark and Hale. The partnership, however, was not long sustained, for with the score at 3 Harver lost his wicket to Clark. R. D. Cooper next joined Davur and played a capital innings of 22. With the score at 31 Davur (1) succumbed to H. J. Clark who had relieved Hale. The only other man who reached double figures was P. D. Kanga (11 not out). The third wicket fell for 32; 4 for 39; 5 for 40; 6 for 55; 7 for 55; 8 for 56; 9 for 56; and 10 for 70. The bowling of Clark Junior was particularly effective. He took six wickets for 22 runs.

The "Y. M. C. A." commenced their innings by sending in Leggett and Boileau against the bowling of Mody and Pundole. Mody who has changed his style, now bowls with the pink of fairness, but is not nearly as effective as he was two years ago. Pundole's slows rather puzzled the batsmen. Boileau was caught by Kanga off Pundole with the score at 7, and F. J. Clark joined Leggett who was disposed of for 6 (2 for 16). H. E. Harrington joined Clark, and then some really good cricket was witnessed both as regards fielding and batting. Harrington was caught by Cooper off Spencer for 6 (3 for 36), and George partnered Clark. Shorly after this Clark who had made 23 in which was included one hit for five was caught by Kanga off Spencer (4 for 40), and H. J. Clark joined George, Clark's wicket fell after he had added 7 to the score (5 for 55). George was next bowled by Pundole 6 for 67, and the seventh and eighth wickets fell without the score being increased and matters began to look serious; but Hildreth after making two singles pulled the match out of the fire with a drive for four. The 9th wicket fell for 73, and the innings closed for 79.

Appended are the scores:—

PARSEE GYMKHANA.

| | |
|---|---|
| E H Davur, b H J Clark | 14 |
| S H Harver, b F J Clark | 0 |
| R D Cooper, b James | 22 |
| D D Kanga, run out | 0 |
| S B Spencer, b H J Clark | 9 |
| D F Dubash, c and b H J Clark | 1 |
| R E Mody, b F J Clark | 6 |
| P D Kanga, not out | 11 |
| D D Powwalla, st Leggett, b H J Clark | 1 |
| J S Banajee, b H J Clark | 0 |
| D C Pundole, b H J Clark | 2 |
| Extras | 4 |
| Total | 70 |

BOWLING ANALYSIS.

| | B. | R. | M. | W. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| F J Clark | 60 | 21 | 4 | 2 |
| E J Hale | 40 | 9 | 5 | 0 |
| E G James | 30 | 11 | 5 | 1 |
| H J Clark | 80 | 22 | 6 | 6 |

Y. M. C. A.

| | |
|---|---|
| W B Legget, c D D Kanga, b D C Pundole | 6 |
| R W Boileau, c D D Kanga, b D C Pundole | 3 |
| F J Clark, c D D Kanga, b S B Spencer | 23 |
| W B George, b D C Pundole | 18 |
| H E Harrington, c R D Cooper, b S B Spencer | 6 |
| H J Clark, b R E Mody | 7 |
| E J Hale, c H Harver, b R E Mody | 2 |
| E James, run out | 0 |
| H Winckler, not out | 4 |
| P Hildreth, b D C Pundole | 6 |
| A Coopr, c Poowalla, b D C Pundole | 2 |
| Extras | 2 |
| Total | 79 |

BOWLING ANALYSIS.

| | B. | R. | M. | W. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| R E Mody | 85 | 27 | 4 | 2 |
| D C Pundole | 62 | 28 | 3 | |
| S B Spencer | 35 | 12 | 2 | 2 |
| D D Powwalia | 15 | 10 | 2 | 0 |

## PARSEE GYMKHANA VS. THE ELPHINSTONE COLLEGE C. CLUB.

THIS match was played on Sunday last, on the Parsee Gymkhana ground, and resulted in a victory for the latter by 28 runs. The College went in first and scored 106 runs, towards which De Ventri, B. D. Doctor, E. Talyarkhan, and J. H. Wadia contributed 19, 18, 14, and 14 runs respectively. The Parsee Gymkhana scored 78 runs.

ELPHINSTONE COLLEGE.

| | |
|---|---|
| K K Kharas, c Gundevia, b Davur | 6 |
| D H Katrak, l-b-w b Powvalla | 6 |
| S Ruchen, b Davur | 8 |
| Engineer, run out | 2 |
| E J Talyarkhan, b Kharas | 14 |
| B D Doctor, c Banajee, b Davur | 18 |
| M B Godrej, run out | 5 |
| A F De Ventri, run out | 19 |
| J H Wadia, c and b Davur | 14 |
| D K Talyarkhan, c and b Davur | 1 |
| S J Talyarkhan, not out | 5 |
| Extras | 7 |
| Total | 106 |

PARSEE GYMKHANA.

| | |
|---|---|
| Vatchaghandy, b Talyarkhan | 8 |
| Vajifdar, b Doctor | 1 |
| Gundevia, c and b Doctor | 8 |
| Davur, b Doctor | 10 |
| Karangia, b Doctor | 0 |
| Powvalla, b Doctor | 6 |
| Dalal, c Talyarkhan, b Doctor | 16 |
| Banajee, b Doctor | 16 |
| Banker, st Godrej, b Engineer | 1 |
| Kharas, not out | 4 |
| Dubash, b Doctor | 0 |
| Extras | 4 |
| Total | 78 |

## Y. M. C. A. VS. PAREL GYMKHANA.

A match was played between the Parel Gymkhana and the second elevens of the Y. M. C. A. on the Cooperage, on former Saturday, the 30th ultimo, which resulted in a win for the team by 4 runs:—

Y. M. C. A.

| | |
|---|---|
| A P O' Brien, b G Seaford | 10 |
| V Roberts, b J J Allison | 20 |
| J Allen, b G Seaford | 0 |
| H C Wallich, c and b T Lynn | 3 |
| A F Harrington, c and b T Lynn | 10 |
| J Waller Lynn, c an b Allison | 3 |
| E Sands, c Dunk, b Lynn | 0 |
| C H Butler, b Allison | 0 |
| E Simmonds, b Bell | 1 |
| E L Ward, not out | 0 |
| A Wynn, c Seaford, b Allison | 0 |
| Extras | 1 |
| Total | 48 |

BOWLING ANALYSIS.

| | B | R | M | W |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| G Seaford | 60 | 21 | 2 | 2 |
| G Bell | 45 | 8 | 4 | 1 |
| J V Lynn | 40 | 16 | 1 | 3 |
| J J Allison | 30 | 2 | 2 | 4 |

PAREL GYMKHANA.

| | |
|---|---|
| R J Selkirk, c Allen, b Roberts | 5 |
| J McFarlane, c A Wynn, b Roberts | 0 |
| C H Lillywite, b Allen | 0 |
| J V Lynn, b Allen | 5 |
| J J Allison, c O'Brien, b Roberts | 0 |
| G Seaford, c O'Brien, b Harrington | 17 |
| G Barns, c Butler, b Harrington | 0 |
| G F Bernard, not out | 7 |
| F Dunk, c Ward, b Harrington | 4 |
| G Bell, c O'Brien, b Allen | 0 |
| Extras | 6 |
| Total | 44 |

BOWLING ANALYSIS.

| | B | R | M | W |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| J Allen | 55 | 19 | 3 | 4 |
| V Robert | 40 | 13 | 2 | 3 |
| A F Harrington | 10 | 6 | 0 | 3 |

## THE RALLI BROTHERS C. C. VS. THE HINDOO C. C. (RETURN.)

This match was played on the Esplanade, on Saturday last, and ended in a victory for the former. Scores:—

HINDOO C. C.

| | |
|---|---|
| Mathradas, b Writer | 4 |
| Kirtikar, c Mistri, b Writer | 13 |
| Masurkar, c Bapasola, b Writer | 0 |
| Chamare, l-b-w, Bapasola | 1 |
| Gosavi, b Bapasola | 0 |
| Talpade, c Mistri, b Writer | 1 |
| Bhandare, b Writer | 2 |
| Kale, not out | 8 |
| Motiwala, b Bapasola | 2 |
| Patkar, c Gagrat, b Bapasola | 3 |
| Dadarkar, b Bapasola | 0 |
| Extras | 1 |
| Total | 35 |

BOWLING ANALYSIS.

| | B. | M. | R. | W. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Writer | 65 | 2 | 11 | 5 |
| Bapasola | 63 | 2 | 20 | 5 |

RALLI BROTHERS C. C.

| | |
|---|---|
| Fido, b Kale | 3 |
| Ranjit, b Kale | 5 |
| Writer, b Kale | 15 |
| Gagrat, b Kale | 0 |
| Machliwala | 12 |
| Bapasola, not out | 26 |
| Mistri, c Patkar, b Gosavi | 0 |
| Rao, b Kale | 0 |
| Hussey, b Gosavi | 0 |
| Nicholson, b Gosavi | 0 |
| Nayak, did not bat | 0 |
| Extras | 4 |
| Total | 65 |

BOWLING ANALYSIS.

| | B. | M. | R | W. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Patkar | 55 | 2 | 27 | 0 |
| Kale | 74 | 3 | 27 | 6 |
| Gosavi | 22 | 1 | 7 | 3 |

## MUNICIPAL C. C. VS. ISLAM C. C.

A match was played last Saturday between the Municipal Cricket Club and the Islam Cricket Club. The latter who were first to bat were all despatched (with two men short) for a total of 28 runs. The Municipal team closed their winnings for 79 runs, and sent their opponents in again. At the call of time the Islam Club had lost 5 wickets for 38 runs.

The following are the scores:—

ISLAM C. C.

| 1st Innings | | 2nd Innings. | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Haji C Tyebji, c Dorabji, b Kaka | 2 | b Kaka | 8 |
| K S Ali, c Rowbottom, b Patel | 4 | b Kaka | 0 |
| Aziz, b Patel | 0 | stumped | 8 |
| A M Tyebji, b Kaka | 4 | not out | 10 |
| Ibrahim Rahimtula, run out | 11 | c and b Kaka | 8 |
| A Hussainally, b Patel | 0 | | |
| M Ali, b Patel | 0 | | |
| S C Tyebji, b Patel | 0 | | |
| G Hussein, not out | 0 | b Kaka | 2 |
| Extras | 7 | Extras | 2 |
| Total | 28 | Total | 38 |

MUNICIPAL C. C.

| | |
|---|---|
| Dorabji Hirjibhoy, b Aziz | 24 |
| S K Kaka, c Aziz | 4 |
| C M Patell, c Ali | 39 |
| Pochkhanawalla, b Tyebji | 2 |
| N Sittaram, l-b-w | 0 |
| R Rowbottom, c Aziz | 0 |
| H Lilley, b Aziz | 7 |
| Z H Karanjia<br>B Bhendi | to bat. |
| J Desmur, not out | 0 |
| Jehangir Shapurji, to bat. | |
| Extras | 3 |
| Total | 79 |

## ELPHINSTONE C. C. VS. BOMBAY C. C.

A cricket match was played on Sunday between the above teams which ended in a defeat of the Elphinstone C. C. by eight runs.

BOMBAY C. C.

| | |
|---|---|
| Machliwalla, b R Mody | 28 |
| Kerma, c and b R Mody | 28 |
| Photographer, b D Mody | 4 |
| Sanjana, b R Mody | 12 |
| Ponchkhana, c Cooper b R Mody | 0 |
| Surty, c Cooper b R Mody | 4 |
| Hosanjee, b R Mody | 2 |
| Taback, not out | 0 |
| Chinoy, b Bhaya | 0 |
| Arta, p Bhaya | 0 |
| Extras | 22 |
| Total | 96 |

ELPHINSTONE C. C.

| | |
|---|---|
| Spence, b Chinoy | 9 |
| Jaikar, b Chinoy | 12 |
| Cooper, b Aria | 21 |
| D Mody, b Aria | 15 |
| R Mody, b Aria | 1 |
| Patel, b Aria | 12 |
| Rao, b Chinoy | 0 |
| Vasaigara, b Aria | 7 |
| Bhay, not out | 0 |
| Vajidar, b Chinoy | 0 |
| Kootar, b Aria | 0 |
| Extras | 9 |
| Total | 88 |

## THE LADY JAMSETJI CAUSEWAY TOLL.

REGARDING the levy of toll by the Bandra Municipality at the north end of the Lady Jamsetji Mahim Causeway, the following resolution was issued on Monday from the General Department:—

Bombay Castle, 30th July, 1892.

Letter from Mr. N. M. Langrana, dated Bandra, 10th March 1892—Forwarding copy of a petition made by himself and other inhabitants of Salsette, Mahim and the City of Bombay complaining of the toll levied by the Bandra Municipality at the north end of the Lady Jamsetji Mahim Causeway, and praying that in the circumstances stated the toll may be abolished; and stating that the original petition has been forwarded to the Collector of Thana for transmission to Government as required by the regulations.

Letter from Mrs. Sarah S. Gostling, dated 10th May, 1892—Forwarding in advance a copy of a memorial made by herself and other ladies of Bombay on the subject of the toll levied by the Bandra Municipality at the north end of the Lady Jamsetji Mahim Causeway; and stating that the original petition has been forwarded to the Collector of Thana for transmission to Government.

Letter from the Collector of Thana, No. 2716, dated 30th May, 1892—Stating that a printed memorial referring to the petition from Mr. N. M. Langrana and others, and probably in identical terms was received with one-anna stamp from "the ladies of Bombay" for transmission to his Excellency the Governor in person, but as it did not appear to him that he was authorized to transmit such a memorial he returned it with a letter of which he appends a copy; and making remarks.

Memorandum from the Commissioner, N. D., No. 1953, dated 3rd June, 1892.

Letter from Mrs. Sarah S. Gostling, dated 9th June, 1892—Forwarding the original petition of the ladies of Bombay in support of the representation already placed before Government regarding the levy of toll on the Lady Jamsetji Mahim Causeway; and making remarks.

Memorandum from the Commissioner, N. D., No. 2019, dated 11th June, 1892—Forwarding, in continuation of the former correspondence, a letter No. 2935, dated 8th idem, from the Collector of Thana, who forwards the original petition of Mr. N. M. Langrana and others on the subject of the levy of toll by the Bandra Municipality at the north end of the Lady Jamsetji Mahim Causeway; and makes remarks.

Memorandum from the Commissioner, N. D., No. 2068, dated 16th June 1892—Forwarding, in continuation of his No. 2019, dated 11th idem, a further letter No. 3065, dated 14th idem, from the Collector of Thana, on the subject of the complaint regarding the levy of toll by the Bandra Municipality at the north end of the Lady Jamsetji Mahim Causeway.

Memorandum from the Collector of Thana, No. 3341, dated 25th June, 1892.

Resolution.—Government have made a full and careful enquiry into the allegations made by the petitioners, and have come to the conclusion that their complaint is without foundation.

2. It appears that for some years before 1883 a toll was, through misunderstanding, levied on the causeway at the Bandra end, but that on enquiry and report by the then Collector of Thana, it was, under Government Resolution No. 952, dated 16th March, 1883, closed, and has not since been re-opened. The causeway is therefore maintained out of Provincial funds, and no toll being exacted, is free to the public.

3. As to the toll within municipal limits on the road leading up to the Bandra Hill—which presumably is that now complained of—it seems that the late Sir Jamsetji Jijibhai gave a contribution towards the construction of the road, that his contribution was accompanied by no stipulation of any sort or kind, that when Bandra was made a municipality this road, being within municipal limits, vested under the Act in the Corporation, who repair and keep it in order, and that the toll being therefore justifiable was imposed with the sanction and approval of Government.

4. The records of Government in the General and Public Works Departments have been carefully examined, but nothing has been found, which in any way supports the statement that the late Lady Jamsetji set apart "a large sum—supposed to be Rs. 40,000—to meet the maintenance expenses of the road," or in fact that any sum at all was so set apart by her ladyship.

5. In these circumstances the Governor in Council is unable to grant the request of the petitioners.

T. D. MACKENZIE,
Chief Secretary to Government.

## DR. BLANEY MEMORIAL FUND.

WE have been requested by the Joint Honorary Secretaries to state that the following further subscriptions have been promised towards this fund:—

Amount previously subscribed, Rs. 17,293; Mr. Hajee Sahad Sidhik, Mr. Chutterbhooj Morarji, Mr. Damoder Nanabhoy and Messrs. Bomonji Jeejeebhoy and Sons, each Rs. 100; Mr. Haji Jan Mohamed Haji Joosub, Mr. Khetsidas Hurmukhroy, Mr. Hajee Jan Mahomed Cassum, and Mr. Assur Veerjee, each Rs. 50; Mr. Jumnadas Nursey Khatao, Mr. Haji Jackeria Moledina, Mr. Eduljee Bomonjee Morris, Messrs. Cummoo Jaffer Sulliman and Co., and Mr. D. Gostling, each Rs. 25; Mr. Bomonji Palanji Nicolson, Banoobai Framji Commissariatwalla and Messrs. Dhanjishaw H. Patel and family, each Rs. 15; Mr. Adam Haji Mahomed, Mr. Panalal Poonumchand, Mr. Muncherji Edu'ji Morris, Dr. Kavasji Edulji Dadachanji, Mr. Jivanji Jamshedji Mody, Mr. Ruttunji Byramji Bhapoo, Mr. Pranjivundas Vaghji, Mr. V. A. Modak, Mr. E. D. Talati, Mr. B. R. Baman Behram, and Mr. F. B. Soervai, each Rs. 10; Mr. B. D. Kapadia, Rs. 7; Mr. Purshotumdas T. Gandhi, Mr. H. S. Ghuttay, Mr. Babaji Cassinathji, Mr. Lalji Mansingh, A Friend, Mr. Bapooji Dossabhoy Broker, Mr. Jamshedji Cawasji Dick, Mr. Pestonji Byramjee Dantra, Mr. Rustomji Hormusji Bhapoo, Mr. H. K. Tavaria, Mr. R. H. Jal, Mr. Edulji Kersaspji Antia, Mr. Hormusji Cursetji Bujan, Mr. Khersetji Dustoor Bejonji, Mr. Nusserwanji Burjorji Dustoor, Mr. D. Pestonji, Mr. D. N. Wadia, Mr. Ardeseer Bezonji, Mr. Adurji Bezonji Plumber, Mr. Maneckji Mervanji, Mr. Rustam Barjorjee Paymaster, Mr. Sorabji Shapurji Tavaria, Messrs. Tookaram Satwajee and Co., Mr. Framji Palonji Mistry, Mr. Maneckji D. Cama, L. M. & S., Mr. Bejonji Khersedji Golvalla and Mr. Nanabhoy Bhicaji Mistry, each Rs. 5; twenty-one gentlemen subscribed from Rs. 1 to 3, amounting to Rs. 39.—total, Rs. 18,359.

A SERIOUS fight has taken place at the Cœur D'Alene mines, in Idaho, between Unionist miners on strike and non-union labourers who had taken the place of the former. During a quarrel the non-unionists fired upon the miners, and a desperate battle with firearms and other weapons followed. Nine men were killed and six wounded. In order to drive the non-unionists from the works the strikers placed 750lb. of giant blasting powder on a car, which they pushed to the front of an adjacent foundry, where many of the non-unionists were employed, and discharged the explosive. The mill, of course, was demolished. The non-unionists surrendered, and their opponents are now in possession of the works. There was some firing in the [illegible], two people being killed and several houses riddled with bullets.

## PARSEE CHIEF MATRIMONIAL COURT.

AT a sitting of the Parsee Chief Matrimonial Court on Monday, the Hon. Mr. Justice Jardine delivered his decision on an application for alimony *pendente lite* made in case of Hirabai vs. Dhunjibhoy Bomonjee Kalfati. Mr. E. D. Reporter, solicitor, appeared for the petitioner; and Mr. Jardine, instructed by Mr. J. D. Neemuchwalla, pleader, appeared for the respondent.

This was a suit for judicial separation which was heard in July 1891, before Mr. Justice Birdwood, who dismissed it on the ground that the allegation which the petitioner intended to rely on at the hearing did not show such cruelty or such conduct on the part of the respondent as was contemplated by the Parsee Marriage and Divorce Act to entitle a wife to judicial seperation. In September of the same year, the petitioner applied to Mr. Justice Birdwood for a review of the judgment on the grounds that the managing clerk of her former solicitors had not placed before her counsel certain material facts proving the respondent's cruelty, and that her counsel was, therefore, not aware of those material facts, and so could not bring them to the notice of the Court at the time. Mr. Birdwood having, in January 1892, refused the application for review of judgment, the petitioner presented an appeal from his decree of May 1891 and from his order of January 1892. On the appeal coming on for admission before Sir Charles Sargent, Chief Justice, in April 1892, his Lordship postponed the application until after the vacation; and the petitioner applying for alimony *pendente lite* his Lordship directed that the application should be made to the Judge of the Parsee Chief Matrimonial Court. The appeal was eventually admitted by Mr. Justice Candy; and on the 29th ult. Mr. E. Reporter applied to Mr. Justice Jardine, as Judge of the Parsee Chief Matrimonial Court, for alimony *pendente lite* to the petitioner.

Mr. Justice Jardine, in delivering his decision, said:—The plaintiff sued for a judicial seperation in this Court. and on the 18th July, 1891 her suit was dismissed by Mr. Justice Birdwood. The suit was filed on the 24th March. On the 11th May, she applied for alimony, and got an order from the Judge on the 11th July, directing the payment of alimony *pendente lite* until the final decree herein be passed." On the 9th September the plaintiff applied for a review of judgment, on the 27th January, 1892 the learned Judge, after a rule "nisi" and a hearing, refused to review, and ordered the plaintiff to pay the costs. The plaintiff appealed against the dismissal of the suit and the refusal to review; and her appeal was admitted to the file of the High Court on the 18th March, and now awaits hearing and decision. It is admitted that the defendant has paid the alimony up to the date of dismissal of the suit. On the 28th June last the plaintiff made application to this Court to direct the defendant to pay her all the arrears of alimony, and to pay her at the same rate as alimony *pendente lite* till the final disposal of the appeal. Mr. Jardine, for the defendant, contends that the appeal is vexatious and frivolous, and that the plaintiff is guilty of laches and delay, and that the Court ought, therefore, if it has any power to order payment of alimony after the dismissal of the suit, to refuse to do so, in its discretion. He also argues that the Court has no jurisdiction, and that the application ought to have been made to the High Court which is seized of the appeal. Mr. Reporter, for the plaintiff urges that the form of the Judge's order shows that he meant the almony to continue till the Court of Appeal had determined the case. In my opinion the words "final decree herein" mean the decree in the suit and not in the appeal. In Rule 190 of the English Rules quoted in Browne on Divorce, 5th Edition p. 284) the words "final decree" are used this sense, and the expression sometime means the absolute decree as compared with the decree *nisi* as in Cotton L. J's judgment in Ellis vs. Ellis, 8, Prob. D. 188. In section 44 of Act XV. of 1865 final decree is contrasted with an interim order. It has been conceded without argument that the Court of Appeal has power to direct payment of alimony pending the appeal. As authorities on the practice in England and the right of the wife, as a general rule to alimony pending the appeal, Mr. Reporter cites Lovedon vs Lovedon I Phil, 208, in the Court of Arches and Jones vs Jones 2 P. and D, 333, S.C.L. J. 41, Prob. 53, where it was affirmed by the full court. But no precedent in this Court, nor authority in any of the reports or text-books has been cited to show that the alimony pending the appeal may be awarded by the Court whose decision has been appealed against. Another contention for the plaintiff is that Section 33 of Act XV. of 1865 should be interpreted as if the word "suit" included appeal in regard to the provision of alimony *pendente lite* where divorce or judicial separation is sought. It is urged that after an appeal is admitted this Court and the High Court have co-ordinate powers to award alimony. I do not think this is the necessary or reasonable meaning. In no section of this Act does the word "suit" or "sue," necessarily take the meaning which includes appeal: such a meaning would conflict with Sections 15 and 16 about jurisdicton and section 44 about the custody of children. It may be supposed that if the Legislature had meant to empower this Court to award alimony after appeal made, if would have used as plain language as in Section 36 of the Indian Divorce Act 4 of 1869. Section 33 of Act XV. of 1865 empowers this Court to order the husband to pay alimony "during the suit" and it is the practice here to pass decree *nisi* in the first instance upon a sentence of divorce. Since the Court was erected there had been six sentences of nullity before I passed such a sentence in suit No. 1 of 1892. In four of these cases the Court proceeded by decree *nisi* possibly influenced by an amending Act of Parliament, which so for assimilates the English procedure in nullity to that in divorce: I followed these precedents in suit No. 1 of 1892. I am informed by the Clerk of the Court that there has been only one successful suit for judicial separation No. 3 of 1870: there the first decree made was decree *nisi* to be made absolute after three months. As in the present case I have had to consider the practice, I may now state my view that the words during the suit may be taken to include the period up to the making of a final or absolute decree. This view will make our practice conform to that of England. In Hulse vs. Tavernor, 2 P. and D., 261 the Judge Ordinary says:—"The two decrees are the beginning and ending of the same Act, the one inchoate, and the other prefecting, or complete a space of time being interposed to admit of enquiry." The same view was taken in Norman vs. Villars, 2 Ex. D., 369. The matter is settled by two decisions in the Court of Appeal. In Ellis vs. Ellis, 8 P., 189, a decree "nisi" had been obtained by a wife, and was not appealed against. It was held over ruling Latham vs. Latham, 2 Swab, and Tris., 299, that the Judge Ordinary has power to order alimony *pendente lite* notwithstanding a decree *nisi* has been made for dissolution of marriage. The reason given is as follows:—"Until the final decree the Court can make no permanent provision for the wife, therefore it seems reasonable that it should have power to make some temporary provision." The case of "Ellis vs. Ellis has been distinguished from cases where the guilt of the wife has been established. In Dunn vs. Dunn, 13 P. D., 93, Cotton L. J. says:—Ellis vs. Ellis was an entirely different case. The wife there took the proceeding against her husband, and she had in no way forfeited her right against him. The case was one where it would be proper ultimately to grant permanent alimony, and we thought it reasonable that in the meantime she should have intermediate alimony. The India Divorce Act IV. of 1869, Section 36, in cases where decree "nisi" has been pronounced, leaves less discretion to the Judge than the law of England. It provides no rule in cases of judicial separation, but as to suits for dissolution or nullity, it says that the alimony pending the suit shall continue until the decree is made absolute or confirmed. Mr Macrae, at page 111 of his edition of that Act, considers that the Indian rule is based on Wells vs. Wells and Hudson, 3 Swap. and Tris., 543. But the judgment in Dunn vs. Dunn shows that Wells vs. Wells did not lay down a binding rule about the period between decree absolute. Cotton L.J. says:—In Wells vs. Wells there was no motion for a new trial, but in the present case the motion for a new trial has been refused. We do not find on enquiry that Wells vs. Wells has been treated in the Divorce Court as establishing such a general rule as is contended for, that although the wife has been found guilty, the alimony must go on till the case is finally disposed of. Until adultery has been proved against the wife, she is entitled to support, and the Court gives her alimony *pendente lite*. But when her adultery has been proved, though she is still a wife, she has lost that right. Ought not the alimony then to stop at the verdict? The reasonable rule then appears to be that on the jury finding the wife guilty of adultery her right to alimony ceases, subject to this, that if the Judge thinks it reasonable so to do, he can continue it. Thus, for instance, he may think it not improbable that the wife will obtain a new trial and succeed ultimately in establishing her innocence; in such a case he might well think it reasonable that the alimony should be continued. To hold that alimony continues as a matter of right till an application for a new trial is disposed of, would encourage frivolous application for new trials." Lindley and Bowen, Lords Justices, concurred, and the former remarks:—"It seems anomalous that the right should continue when a jury has found her guilty. If the verdict is against her, the onus must lie upon her to show that the alimony ought to be continued. The Judge ought to have power to give it to her, but I think it would be wrong to hold that without further order it continues after an adverse verdict." I may here state, that as Section 33 of the Act, I have to administer does not limit the Judge's discretion as Section 36 of the Indian Divorce Act does, I am of opinion that Ellis and Dunn vs. Dunn should guide the practice in allotment of alimony for the time following a decree *nisi*. It follows logically from the fact that an unsuccessful wife is not as of right entitled to claim alimony up to decree absolute, that she is not entitled to claim it after final decree—I mean pending appeal—nor for the period in which she is seeking review of judgment. Wells vs. Wells, on which Mr. Jardine relies is authority in England for holding that when the lower Court has declared its final judgment on a case it has no power to allot alimony *pendente lite*. What is said there about the divorce of a wife may well apply to her suit for judicial separation. "Where the case is tried before the Court itself, that final conclusion will have been reached when the Court declares its judgment on the facts, for in this Court such judgment is final. And if an appeal carries the case forward, it also carries it into another Court competent to allot alimony, if it pleases. "The discretion to allot can be better exercised by the Court where the appeal is pending than by the Original Court', As Lord Penzance says in Jones, vs. Jones in the report in 41 L. J., Prob, 53:—"If there was fair ground for an appeal, it would be reasonable that alimony should be paid, but if a wife in all cases were entitled to alimony during the appeal, great evil might result. A wife found guilty of adultery might appeal for the sole purpose of getting alimony." Now it is obvious that the Judge of the Court appealed from cannot properly exercise the judicial discretion indicated in this remark. I am of opinion that I have no power to allot alimony *pendente lite* after this Court has passed final judgment on the case. It is, however, argued that the time taken up in the review proceeding ought to be excepted from this ruling on the analogy of Nicholson vs. Nicholson, 3 Swab. and Tris., 214, where on granting a new trial the Judge Ordinary said that the alimony "pendente lite" remained in force. Now, as pointed out in Macrae, p. 167, there is some resemblance between the reasons for, and procedure in new trial and review. I am not prepared to say that this Court, while a petition for review is still pending before it, may not have a discretion to allot or continue alimony "lite." *pendente lite* I can well imagine cases to which the reasoning in Dunn vs. Dunn may justly apply, where the judge thinks that the wife may be ultimately successful. But no motion for continuing the alimony was made to Mr. Justice Birdwood: the present claim is made after that learned Judge had finally refused the review with costs, and after he had ceased to be Judge of this Court. The reasoning in Wells vs. Wells clearly shows that I should refrain from interference especially as the wife has appealed against the order refusing to review. There the Judge Ordinary laid down that "such alimony can only be allowed, if paid or enforced, while the question of a new trial is still open. The judgment of this Court being final so far as this Court is concerned, I refused alimony for the period of the review proceedings. To grant it on an application made so late, the husband having no notice of it before, and therefore no special reason for getting the review matter determined speedily would encourage frivolous endeavours to spin out litigation at the husband's expense. Alimony is given for *pendente lite* for the husband's protection, to prevent the wife using the husband's credit, but the course taken since the dismissal of the suit has left him without this protection. The basis of the wife's application is that she is without means. I ask, as in Noblett, vs. Noblett I. P. and D., 651, if the plaintiff was in such a state, why did she not apply earlier. See, too, Twisleton vs. Twisleton, 2 P. and D., 339. I must refuse to allot alimony during the review proceeding on the ground of delay. I now dismiss the application with costs.

## THE PORTUGUESE CUSTOMS TARIFF.

A GOVERNMENT resolution issued on Monday evening calls attention to the new Goa Customs tariff the terms of which we published on Friday last. The resolution suggests that copies of the memoranda from the Political Department and of its accompaniments be forwarded to the Commissioner of Customs, Salt, Opium, and Abkari for information with reference to Government Resolution No. 707, dated 30th January, 1892, with a request that the widest publicity may be given to the regulations relating to arms and ammunition referred to in paragraphs 5 and 6 of the letter from her Britannic Majesty's Consul at Goa, No. B.G.—9, dated 11th June, 1892.

Paragragh 9 of the letter is to be forwarded to the Military and Marine Departments for information. The paragraphs referred to are as under:—

5. Except as part of the personal equipment of a Military or Police officer, arms in transit through Portuguese India are not allowed to pass free of duty; and each officer is permitted to take with him only a sword and a revolver or pair of pistols. His personal baggage is allowed free transit, but arms and ammunition are not included under the terms "baggage." As the "through traffic," however, by the railway is exempt from duty, it is desirable in the interests of all British Government servants and British subjects generally, having reason to travel through Portuguese Indian territory, that these new regulations should be widely known. If they do travel by the Marmugao Railway, all their baggage should be booked "through," if possible, before arrival in Portuguese territory. Otherwise, they will run the risk not only of having to pay the duty on their guns or rifles in transit, but may also be subjected to great annoyance or inconvenience in having such articles in excess of the authorized quantities allowed to be imported, indefinitely detained by the authorities pending the decision of the Government as to their disposal.

6. Somewhat similar remarks apply more cogently to travellers between Castle Rock and Karwar *via* Margao. In this case the privileges accorded to the through traffic by rail do not apply. Personal baggage, including dutiable articles, but not including arms or ammunition, will be allowed to be transported free of duty from the railway station at Margao by road to the Kanara frontier at Polim (near Mazali) and *vice versa* only in charge of the Portuguese Customs Police, to whom a daily remuneration will have to be paid at a fixed rate of 12 annas a day for each *guarda* and 6 annas for each sepoy. Arms and ammunition will not under any circumstances be allowed to pass free by this route.

9. All ships of war, fishing vessels of all nationalities, vessels bound to call under contracts or in furtherance of international treaties and special laws, are exempted from the payment of port dues as heretofore.

## MILITARY NEWS.

LIEUTENANT F. C. L. PEACOKE, R. A., has applied for appointment to the Ordnance Department.

CAPTAIN S. H. GODFREY, 24th Beluchistan Regiment, has been seconded on appointment to the Political Department.

CAPTAIN F. FOSTER, R. A., who was in command of the 2nd Western, R. A., at Aden, has proceeded home on four months' leave, on medical certificate.

LIEUTENANT-COLONEL E. T. BROWELL, Royal Artillery, commanding the Royal Artillery in Sind has been ordered home to command the Royal Artillery Department, at Woolwich.

LIEUTENANT HUMPHRY, 1st Battalion, Loyal North Lancashire Regiment, is a candidate for the position of Acting Paymaster. Mr. Humphrey will join the Military Account Offices, at Poona, on the 15th instant, for a course of instruction in Accounts.

LIEUTENANT-COLONEL T. TEED, Assistant Commissary General, 1st Class, Karachi, has been granted one year's furlough, on medical certificate, Captain H. B. Warden, Assistant Commissary-General, 3rd Class, Mhow, has been transferred to Karachi, in Colonel Teed's place.

CAPTAIN W. A. THOMPSON, 1st Bombay Lancers, lately in command of the Squadron operating against the dacoits in Kathiawar, relieved Captain W. A. Forbes, Poona Horse, at Rajkote, as Inspecting Officer of the Kathiawar Imperial Service troops, Captain Forbes is proceeding home, on six months leave, on private affairs.

COLONEL H. F. SMYTHE, Royal Artillery, Commanding the Royal Artillery at Aden, having suffered considerably from Aden fever since arrival at that station in March last, has proceeded on sixty days privilege leave to take the waters at Carlsbad. Major H. F. Riggs, Commanding the 15th Western Royal Artillery, commands the Royal Artillery at Aden during Colonel Smythe's absence.

## MURDER AT GOA.

A HORRIBLE murder was perpetrated at Marcornem, Goa, on the night of 15th July. A man, named Vittoba Poroba, whilst entering his house was followed by three persons, who had their faces blackened. They threw chilly powder in the eyes of Vittoba's wife and mother-in-law and beat Vittoba, taking from him whatever valuables he had. The furniture in the house was broken up and burnt. The robbers then left and concealed themselves close to the house. Vittoba, thinking they had gone, told his wife that he was sorry to find that his own friends had treated him so badly. The men heard what was said and, knowing that they were recognised, killed the man. The persons concerned in the murder were arrested, and now await their trial.

## DIVINE SERVICE.

BOMBAY YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION.
SERVICE will be held on board the s. s. Emir, in the Victoria Dock, this evening, at 7-30, Captains, officers, engineers, seamen, and others are cordially invited. The Bethel flag will be hoisted.

EARLY on the morning of July 11 burglars entered the officers' mess-room of the 88th Connaught Rangers, in the hut encampment at Pembroke Dock, and succeeded in getting clear away with regimental plate to the value of between £200 and £300.

# SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

THE s s Trewidden, 1,682 tons, Captain J Steven, sailed yesterday for Antwerp, with a general cargo.

THE B I S N Co's s s Pachumba, 544 tons, Captain R W Gimblett, arrived in harbour on the 1st inst from Karachi, with a general cargo and 21 deck passengers.

THE B I S N Co's s s Kapurthala, 671 tons, Captain J W Livingstone, will sail to-day for Karachi, with a general cargo and 10 deck passengers.

THE Bombay and Persia S N Co's s s Hoseinee, 993 tons, Captain F J Raffin, will sail to-day for Aden, Jedda, &c, with a general cargo and 15 deck passengers.

## VESSELS IN DOCKS.—AUGUST 2.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

| Vessels. | Tons. | Captains. | Sheds. | Company or Agents. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| S.S. Cy. of Dundee | 2612 | Halley | A | Sir C Forbes & Co |
| " Clan McNiel | 1591 | Schofield | B | F Muir & Co |
| " Hoosainee | 993 | Raffin | C | B & P S N Co |
| " Caradale | 2269 | Dickman | D | W & A Graham & Co |
| " Ehrenfels | 1521 | Warekmeinster | E | Glade & Co |
| " Tanjore | 1402 | Barron | F | H Cassum |
| " Taif | 874 | Hannah | G | H Cassum |
| H M I M S Magdala | .. | ...... | H J | Government |
| S.S. Akbar | 1441 | Baldwin | K | H Cassum |
| " La Seyne | 1151 | Blanc | M | A Simon |
| " Brindisi | 2129 | Street | M | P & O S N Co |
| " Trowidden | 1682 | Stiven | P | Cursetji & Edu'ji |
| " Michigan | 1936 | Lowery | Q | K Nixon & Co |
| " Somali | 223 | Francis | 30 tons crane | V Ebrahim & Co |

The Time-ball drops at Prince's Dock at noon, or Greenwich mean time, 7h. 8m. 44·3s.

The Time-ball over the Clock Tower at the Bombay Castle continues to be dropped regularly at 1 p.m. of Colaba mean time, or 8h. 8m. 44·3s a.m. of Greenwich mean time.

VICTORIA DOCK.

| | | | No. | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| S.S. B. Hall | 2491 | Barnes | 1 | E Bates & Co |
| " Hispania | 2213 | Abrey | 2 | W & A Graham & Co |
| " Arroyo | 2307 | Samuel | 6 | W & A Graham & Co |
| " Queen of India | 2414 | Mathias | 8 | J Mackintosh & Co |
| " Wistow Hall | 2257 | Barclay | 9 | E Bates & Co |
| " Ailsacraig | 2138 | Whyte | 10 | W & A Graham & Co |
| " Methley Hall | 2182 | Buck | 12 | E Bates & Co |
| " Emir | 2620 | Robson | 13 | K. Nixon & Co. |
| " Aston Hall | 2254 | McFee | 15 | E Bates & Co |

MEREWETHER DRY DOCK.
S.S. Siam.........3025.....Weighell ...P & O S N Co

## ARRIVAL.

| Aug. | Vessel. | Commander. | From |
|---|---|---|---|
| 2 | Lombardy (s) | Cole | China. |

## DEPARTURE.

| Aug. | Vessel. | Commander. | Destination. |
|---|---|---|---|
| 2 | Trewidden (s) | Steven | Antwerp. |

The following vessels obtained their port clearances yesterday:—
Steamer Hoseinee, Raffin, for Jedda, &c.
" Kapurthala, Livingstone, for Karachi.

The steamer Branksome Hall entered for loading yesterday for Marseilles and Liverpool via Karachi.

## CALCUTTA.

ARRIVAL.
July.
28 Dovenby Hall sp......Slater.........Rio Janeiro. April 26.

DEPARTURES.
July 28.—Steamers Goa, Rotokino and City of Vienna.

## MADRAS.

ARRIVAL.
July.
30 Kohinur s.............. ......... Calcutta.

## ADEN SHIPPING REPORT.

| ARRIVALS. | | | | DEPARTURES. | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Date. | Vessel. | Commander. | From. | Date. | To |
| April. | | | | | |
| 2 | B Tower | Purse | Cardiff | | |
| June. | | | | | |
| 29 | Verax | McDowell | Cardiff | | |
| 30 | Mayo I G | Fenny | Somali Coast | | |
| July. | | | | | |
| 8 | Dragoman | Pole | Cardiff | 19 | Kurrachee |
| 13 | Pigeon H M's | Gray | Somali Coast | | |
| 14 | Aurora | Davies | Cardiff | 21 | Kurrachee |
| 16 | Siam | Weighell | Bombay | 26 | Bombay |
| 17 | Meyun | Mitchell | Somali Coast | 20 | Somali Coast |
| 18 | Neghalia | Oosman | Jeddah | 21 | Red Sea Ports |
| 19 | Isla de Mindano | Galiana | Manilla | 19 | Liverpool |
| | Woodcock | Craig | Hodeida | 22 | Hodeida |
| | Trevorian | Hodge | Cardiff | | |
| | Bokhara | Sam | London | 19 | Bombay |
| 20 | Saghalien | Homery | China | 20 | Marseilles |
| | Hoseinee | Raffin | Jeddah | | Bombay |
| | La Seyne | Blanc | Bombay | 23 | Bombay |
| 21 | C Macintyre | Miller | Calcutta | 21 | London |
| | Merkara | Bergemann | London | | Calcutta |
| | Drenthe | Boer | Rotterdam | | Batavia |
| | Yang'tse | Schmitz | Marseilles | | China |
| | Naseri | Hughes | Jeddah | | Bombay |
| | Palestina | De Negri | Mussowa | | Mussowa |
| | Sherborne | Falck | Bussorah | | London |
| | Polynesian | Boulard | Sydney | 22 | Marseilles |
| 22 | Cossack H. M's | Cross | Sea | | |
| | Sultan | Collins | Jeddah | 23 | Calcutta |
| | Akbar | Baldwine | Jeddah | | Bombay |
| 23 | Carthage | DeHorne | Bombay | | London |
| | Rio Grande | Verlaque | Marseilles | | Zanzibar |
| | Goorkha | Day | Calcutta | | London |
| | G Werder | Heintze | China | | Bremen |
| | C Maclean | Rowe | Madras | | London |
| | Tuna | Peters | Somali Coast | | |
| 24 | Scotia | Crockhart | Calcutta | 24 | London |

Aden, 25th July.

## DAILY IMPORTS.—AUGUST 2.

FROM GLASGOW.

City of Dundee s—100 cases whisky, C E Phillimore and Co.
Nithsdale s—10 cases whisky, John A Kirkbride and Co.
Persia s—50 cases whisky, Jamsetjee Framjee; 75 cases whisky, Dhunjeebhoy Cowasjee.

FROM LIVERPOOL.

Methely Hall s—19 cases stout, Dhunjeebhoy Cowasjee.

FROM LONDON.

Aden s—150 cases ale, Ewart Latham and Co; 25 cases sherry-wine, &c, Dhunjeebhoy Cowasjee; 11 cases medicine, 30 cases whisky and 60 cases ale, Treacher and Co; 80 cases claret, &c, Phipson and Co.
Afghan s—2 cases medicine, S Hibtoola; 19 cases ale, Cutler, Palmer and Co.
Rome s—70 cases port (invalid's), Dhunjeebhoy Cowasjee.

FROM HAMBURG.

Braunfels s—4 cases perfumed spirit, Shamjee Lilladhur.

FROM ANTWERP.

Altonwer s—50 cases brandy, Nowrojee Cowasjee.
Braunfels s—7 cases eau-de-cologne, Khimjee Odhowjee and Co.

FROM BORDEAUX.

Eden Hall s—40 cases brandy, Dhunjeebhoy Cowasjee.
Methey Hall s—150 cases brandy, Dhunjeebhoy Cowasjee; 6 cases claret, Phipson and Co.

FROM CHARENTE.

Methley Hall s—83 cases brandy, D P Batha and Co.
Clio s—2 hogsheads brandy, Dhunjeebhoy Cowasjee.
Aden s—200 cases brandy, Nowrojee Ardaseer and Sons.

## DAILY EXPORTS.—AUGUST 2.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Michigan s—69 bales goat hair and 21 bales wool, Hajee Sajeen Lalljee and Co; 32 bales wool and 37 bales goat hair, M Shapoorjee and Co.
Mary Bevts s—6,000 cwts wheat, David Sassoon and Co.
City of Dundee s—22 cwts condiments, M Poonjiajee and Sons; 2 cases bristles and 5 bales woolen rags, Glade and Co; 100 bales wool, Nursay Khatao; 10,000 cwts wheat, E D Sassoon and Co; 5 bales hemp, G Cullianjee; 48 bales wool, T Chinondas; 110 bales wool, Jadowjee Curra; 55 bales hemp, Dyall Khimjee; 11 bales hemp, C Mooljee; 1,038 cwts myrabolams and 4,000 cwts wheat, David Sassoon and Co; 23 bales wool, The Bombay Co; 60 bales wool, Coorjee Vasonjee; 35 bales wool, B Hurbhum; 40 bales wool, Kika Khooshall; 535 cwts coir yarn, M Mooljee.

FOR LONDON.

Michigan s—443½ cwts myrabollams, M Laljee; 125 cwts gum, D Mowjee; 30 cases indigo, G Cullianjee; 100 cwts gum, and 2 cases nutmeg, S Hakersee; 30 cwts gum, Jaitha Premjee; 6 bales skins, M Shapoorjee and Co; 2 bales skins, J M Remtoola.

FOR ANTWERP.

Arroyo s—2,199 cwts rapeseed, Ralli Brothers; 200 cwts mustardseed, Volkart Brothers.

FOR DUNKIRK.

Queen of India s—2,001 cwts linseed, Killick, Nixon and Co.

FOR HAVRE.

La Seyne s—73 bales cotton, Volkart Brothers; 2 bales cotton, F Sauquet and Co.

FOR MARSEILLES.

Hispania s—122½ cwts gum, Jaitha Premjee.

FOR GIBRALTAR.

Hispania s—10,000 cwts wheat, W and A Graham and Co.

FOR CALCUTTA.

Nevasa s—638 bales cotton, R Luchmondas.
Culna s—209 bales cotton, R Luchmondas.

## METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS.

GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY.
Bombay, 1st August, 1892.
Means of observations at 6 a.m., 10 a.m., 2 p.m., 4 p.m. and 10 p.m.

Barometer corrected 32deg. Fah.—29·686
Temperature of the Air—79·2
Wet Bulb Thermometer—76·3
Dew Point—75·2
Relative humidity of Air—0·877
Extent of cloudy sky (the whole sky clouded = 10)—10·0
Maximum temperature of air (read at 8 a.m. next day) 80·7
Minimum do. do. (read at 8 a.m.)—75·8
General Directions of Wind*..........WSW, W, WSW.
Movement of Wind in 24 hours*—448
Fall of Rain—1·21
Total fall during month—1·21
" " year—38·48
Additional fall of rain up to 10 a.m. of 2nd Aug. ...... 0·00
* From midnight to midnight.

## SALES BY AUCTION.

**BENNETT AND COMPANY,**
No. 22, APOLLO STREET.

On SATURDAY, the 6th instant, at 1 p. m., Messrs. BENNETT and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Belvedere Hill, Mazagon, the valuable and handsome blackwood and teakwood French-polished household furniture, plated, glass and crockery-ware, fancy table ornaments, first-rate oleographs and pictures, rich Brussels and Persian carpets, Hink's and Ditmar's table and hanging kerosine lamps, &c., the property of A. URIDGE, Esq.

The property will be on view four days before the day of sale.

On SATURDAY, the 6th instant, at 3 p. m., Messrs BENNETT and Co. will sell by Public Auction at their rooms, teak and blackwood furniture, consisting of tables, chairs, cupboards, meatsafe, couches, whatnots, glassware, spoons and forks, cutlery and many other sundry articles.

AT 1-30 P.M.

1 powerful bay Arab horse, about 14·2, goes in harness and saddle,
1 handsome strong glass-fronted miniature bougham.
2 She buffaloes.
2 cows.
1 bullock (Kathiawar)
1 second-hand strong palanquin office shigram.
1 strong-built second-hand victoria with removeable coach box
1 handsome strong landau with a powerful bay Australian horse and harness

BONA-FIDE SALE.

By order of the mortgagee and on account and risk of the concerned, Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will, on MONDAY, the 8th instant, at 1 p.m. sell by Public Auction at Meadow Street, Fort, below Mr. N. M. Petit's office, the valuable and handsome blackwood and teakwood French-polished household furniture, plated glass and crockeryware, a firstrate mahogany grand square pianoforte, by "Schiedmayer and Soehne," handsome China and Japanese vases, rich table ornaments and oleographs and pictures, Hink's and Ditmar's table and hanging kerosine lamps, &c, &c.

The property will be on view four days before the day of sale.

On SATURDAY, the 13th instant, at 1 p. m. Messrs. BENNETT and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at "Denn Lodge" Ridge, Malabar Hill (where the whole kit has been removed for sale) the very valuable and handsome well seasoned teak and blackwood French-polished household furniture of the latest design, and best workmanship, best platedware, very rich crockery and glassware, very handsome China and Japanese vases, rich table ornaments, first-rate oil paintings in gilt frame, magnificent Satsuma and Kanga vases, a firstrate mahogany grand square piano by Soundy and Co., in very good order, a handsome strong built Victoria with a fast trotting grey Arab horse, very handsome Hink's and Ditmar's table and hanging lamps, &c., the property of J. C. E. BRANSON, Esq., Acct.-General of Allahabad.

Catalogues will be published and the property will be on view 4 days before the sale.

AUCTION SALE, by order of the Trustees for the Debenture-holders, of the MAHARANI ICE Co., Ld.

Under instructions of the Trustees of the Debenture-holders of the Maharani Ice Co., Ld., Messrs. BENNETT & Co. will (unless previously privately disposed of) on WEDNESDAY, the 17th instant, at 4 p.m., sell by Public Auction, on the premises the property of the abovenamed Company in one lot, consisting of the lease of the property situated at No. 5, Armenian Lane, Fort, together with new and old boilers, engines, pumps, refrigerators, condensers, shaftings, ice and water tanks, electric light machinery, filters, engine stores, engine tools, spare machinery, furniture, scales, tools, &c., &c.

Full particulars of the above property, together with the conditions of sale, can be obtained from the Managing Trustee, Mr. Chunildas Liloobhoy, at Messrs. James Mackintosh and Co., or at the office of Messrs. Brown and Moir, Solicitors, or at the rooms of the undersigned.

BENNETT & Co.

Bombay, August 3, 1892.

**CRAWFORD AND COMPANY,**
No. 7, MARINE STREET.

NOTICE,

THE SALE of LANDED PROPERTY at Grant Road, near Kamateepoora, advertised to take place TO-DAY is POSTPONED until further notice.

Under instructions from Mr. K. F. Modi, committee of the estate of Bai Jerbai, an adjudged lunatic, Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction at their Rooms on SATURDAY, the 6th inst., at 2 p.m., the property of the late Mr. Pestonjee Hormusjee Suntook, consisting of bedstead with cotton mattress, pillows, easy arm and without arm chairs, screen, sofa, cupboard, wardrobe, chests, jars, glasses, tumblers, decanters, plates, copper and brass utensils, meatsafe, lamp, marble mortar with pestle, water tubs, teapoy, &c.

The property is on view.

Also by order of the Administrator General.

1 Cow and Calf belonging to the estate of the late Captain G. J. Raffin.

SALE OF LARGE HALL CLOCK AND TIME PIECES

On SATURDAY, the 6th instant, at 3 p. m., Messrs CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction at their rooms, by order of the Mortgagees Chatarbhan Chapajee and Co and on account and at the risk of the mortgagor Sorabjee Jamsetjee Gadiali.—

Two large hall clocks unglass cases 3 Round table clocks and 2 brass table and palanquin clocks.

The above are now on view.

SALE OF LANDED PROPERTY AT OONDERIA STREET, OUTSIDE THE FORT.

On FRIDAY, the 12th instant, at 4 p m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co., will sell by Public Auction on the premises by order of the mortgagee Sha Tribhowandas Vittuldas and on account and at the risk of the mortgagor Shaik Cassam Shaik Mehtab in persuance of the power of sale given in the indenture of mortgage, dated the 9th day of August 1888, the following property, viz:—

All that piece of Government ground, together with the dwelling-house standing thereon, situate on the eastern side of Oonderia Street, in the registration sub-district of Bombay, admeasuring 1684.9 square yards or thereabouts, registered by the Collector of Land revenue under old Nos. 1366 and 1367, new Nos. 8528 and 8529 old survey No. 1473, 2474, 2472 and new survey Nos. 3943 and 3943 and assessed under E Ward under No. 281 and Street No 84 and 85 and bounded on the east by sweeper's passage, on the west by the said Oonderia street, on the north by the said house of Baba Meeya Kakur and on the south by the house of SYED EBRAHIM SYED RAMTOOLA.

For further particulars and conditions of sale application may be made to the undersigned.

CRAWFORD & Co.

Bombay, August 3, 1892.

**MESSRS. SHERIFF, SON & COMPANY,**
No. 23, APOLLO STREET.

AUCTION SALE of English-made and household furniture, oil painting, pictures, &c., &c.

THIS-DAY, WEDNESDAY, the 3rd instant, at 2 p.m. Messrs. SHERIFF, SON and Co are instructed to sell by Public Auction at their sale Rooms in Apollo Street a consignment of English-made furniture consisting of folding and plain assorted chairs, folding and plain teapoys, folding sofas, ornament stands, oil painting pictures of different sizes; also some pieces of household furniture consisting of mirror door almyrahs of assorted patterns, chiffoniers, cloth and gown presses, side boards, pianos, chest of drawers, round writing and dining tables bentwood chairs, &c., &c.

SHERIFF, SON & Co.

Bombay, August 3, 1892.

THE NEW WRIST WATCH.

TO FIT ANY SIZE OF ARM.

A HANDSOME, small sized, first quality Silver Keyless WATCH, with specially strong movement, as required for wrist wear, forming part of an artistically designed flexible bracelet, which may be pulled on or off at pleasure without the trouble of fixing or unfixing any clasp or catch, and fits comfortably to any size of arm,

A useful and beautiful present, in handsome plush case, for Rs. 70.

MARCKS & Co., Ld.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

NOW READY—6th Edition.

ON THE MODERN TREATMENT OF NERVOUS DISEASES and EXHAUSTION IN MEN by Local Absorption, with Testimonials, showing how to obtain a speedy and permanent restoration, without stomach medicines. POST FREE.

E. NORTON,
HOLBORN, LONDON, W. C., ENGLAND.

## INSURANCES.

COMMERCIAL UNION ASSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.

FIRE—LIFE—MARINE.

| | |
|---|---|
| Capital Fully Subscribed... | ...£2,500,000 |
| Life Fund in Special Trust for Life Policyholders ... ... | ...£1,372,227 |

TOTAL INVESTED FUNDS EXCEED TWO-AND-A-HALF MILLIONS.

| | |
|---|---|
| Total Annual Income ... ... | ...£1,500,000 |

AGENTS AT BOMBAY:—WALLACE & CO.

GUARANTEES AGAINST EMBEZZLEMENT.

INDIAN GUARANTEE AND SURETYSHIP ASSOCIATION, LIMITED.

HEAD OFFICE: ALBERT BUILDING, BOMBAY.

Funds in Government Securities and remain in India.

THE Association provides security for the Intromissions and Fidelity of Persons in situations of Trust and Responsibility.

For Prospectuses and Proposal Forms apply to

D. McLAUCHLAN SLATER, F. I. A.,
Secretary.

REPAIR DEPARTMENT.

OUR resources in this Department have of late greatly developed, and we can execute any Orders relative to Mechanical, Surveying, Drawings Mathematical, Nautical, Optical or Astronomical Appliances, as expeditiously and cheaply as any Firm in India, and we rely upon the Superior Character of our work to obtain for us a fair share of Public Patronage. Our European Watchmakers have all served their Apprenticeship in the First Manufactories in Europe, and have been selected and brought to India by ourselves, and cannot be surpassed for the excellence of their work. Complicated Pieces, such as Repeaters, Calendar-Watches, Chronometers, &c., may be entrusted to us in the full Confidence that the repair will be done in a thoroughly satisfactory Manner and Guaranteed.

Repairs to Jewellery, Spectacles, &c., are most carefully attended to, being under direct European Supervision.

MARCKS & COMPANY, LD.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

NOTICE.

MESSRS. OTARD, DUPUY & Co., of Cognac, have APPOINTED US their AGENTS IN INDIA, and we are receiving from this very Old Established Cognac House a First Consignment Per S. S. "Peninsular."

CUTLER, PALMER & Co.,
Bombay.

DR. F. B. SEERVAI,
SURGEON DENTIST,
No. 3, HORNBY ROW,
Opposite the Bombay General Post Office.

MR. BHEDWAR'S STUDIO
WILL REMAIN CLOSED
On TUESDAY and WEDNESDAY,
the 2nd and 3rd inst.,
AND WILL RE-OPEN
ON THURSDAY, the 4th AUGUST, 1892.

FOR AMATEUR PHOTOGRAPHERS.
CAV. DEL TUFO, ITALIAN PHOTOGRAPHY,
FORBES STREET, FORT, BOMBAY,
AND EAST STREET, POONA.

Printing for Amateurs at the following rates:—

| | |
|---|---|
| Quarter Plate .......... | 2 Annas per Copy. |
| Half Plate, 6½ by 4¾ ...... | 3 Annas per Copy. |
| Full Plate, 8½ by 6½ ...... | 5 Annas per Copy. |

Other Sizes in Proportion.

Developing and Retouching also at a very Moderate Rate.

DURREES! DURREES!!

THE ELGIN MILLS, Cawnpore, supply Durrees of all colours and qualities, made of their own yarn. No extra charge for making plain stripe. Durrees to constituents' own design.

Samples free on Application.

SWIFT AND FARROW,
PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS, AUDITORS, &c.
Estate and Financial Agents. Rents and Debts Collected. Properties Bought and Sold on Commission.
No. 9, HUMMUM STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

"THEY HAVE NO EQUAL,"

Is the universal opinion of everybody who has tried

DR. SCOTT'S BILIOUS and LIVER PILLS for bilious and liver complaints, indigestion, wind, spasms, foul breath, nervous depression, irritability, lassitude, loss of appetite, dyspepsia, heartburn, giddiness, dizziness of the eyes, &c., being as mild tonic in their action as they are certain in their curative effects. Prepared by W. LAMBERT, London, England, in bottles ONLY, 1s. 1½d. The genuine are in green packages, with "WILLIAM LAMBERT on the Government Stamp. Insist on having those and none other.

AGENTS WANTED.

JEYE'S SANITARY COMPOUNDS CO., LIMITED.

JEYE'S SANITARY POWDER
AND
JEYE'S PERFECT PURIFIER (LIQUID).

DISINFECTANTS, Antiseptics, and Deodorizers, largely used by the Governments of Ceylon, Hongkong, Straits Settlements, and by Municipalities, Hospitals, Railway and Steamship Companies both in India and England.

Perfect Purifier Supersedes Carbolic and other Disinfectants, being non-poisonous, non-corrosive and stainless in use.

The Company has now received 47 Prize Medals and Awards.

For further particulars and prices apply to the

Agents—EWART, LATHAM & Co.,
BOMBAY.

Established in A. D. 1888.

S. N. GHOSH'S COMPOUND DECOCTION SARSAPARILLA.

THIS Preparation has been prescribed with great success in cases of Weakness, Scurvy, Scrofula, Rheumatic Affections, Sore-eyes and all other diseases arising from impurities of the blood. Price: Re. 1-8 per Phial, packing, As. 4; Dozen, Rs. 15.

WONDERFUL RHEUMATIC OIL, S. N. G.'S.

It is a valuable remedy in Rheumatism, Lumbago, Sciatica, Rheumatic Gout, &c., of any standing. Price Re. 1 per Phial; packing, As. 2; Dozen, Rs. 10.

SPLEEN MIXTURE, S. N. G.'S

Is one of the best and most reliable medicines for Spleen Enlargement, and never fails to give relief. Price; Re. 1-4 per Phial; packing, As. 2; Dozen, Rs. 12.

S. N. GHOSH, Chemist,
No. 85, Bechoo Chatterjee Street, Calcutta.

MRS. BOND,
DIPLOMAED MIDWIFE.

SUCCESSFUL TREATMENT in Gynæcological cases, Uteri diseases, Obstetrics, and all Diseases peculiar to Females.

Has had 19 years' practical experience in most intricate and difficult cases, all of which have been successfully treated.

CAN BE CONSULTED AT ALL HOURS OF THE DAY OR NIGHT.

CONSULTATION FEE, Rs. 2.

CONVEYANCE WILL BE PAID FOR BY PATIENTS IF CONSULTED AT THEIR RESIDENCES.

☞ Strict privacy observed in all cases and contracts for cure entered into.

The highest references will be furnished, if required, from the Leading Physicians of London, Lahore, Calcutta, and Bombay.

167, Arthur Road, Jacob's Circle, Bombay.
Railway Station: "Mahaluxmi," B. B. and C. I. Railway.

CLARKE'S
UNRIVALLED HAIR DYE,

WARRANTED not to stain the Skin. Prepared in two separate bottles. The effect will be instantaneous. Hair will retain its gloss for a long time. It has already been tested by many persons with great success. For changing Red or Grey Hair to beautiful shades of Black or Brown according to instructions given, this quantity will last 8 months applying every 10 or 12 days. Price Rs. 3 for the two Bottles; or for doz. set Rs. 30, packing extra.

CLARKE'S MIXTURE
FOR KILLING WHITE ANTS. &c.

This mixture is one-third the price of Carbolic Acid. It will totally eradicate White Ants, and if applied to furniture once a month will prevent depredations on any kind of wood work or paper. No kind of insect will approach it. It has been tested at the Surveyor-General's office with success. Price Rs. 12 per gallon; or Rs. 2-4 per Bottle, packing extra.

SEVERAL UNSOLICITED TESTIMONIALS.

S. N. GHOSH, Chemist,
SOLE AGENT,
85, Bechoo Chatterjee's Street Calcutta.

NOTES,
INDIAN LAND REVENUE,
FOR PRINCIPLE AND SOUND POLICY,
BY
TODAR MAL.

Price, Re. 1. Postage half-anna.

Copies can be had at the *Bombay Gazette* Office.

# COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

TUESDAY EVENING, Aug. 2.

The London Stock Exchange and the home Markets having been closed yesterday for the holidays, the only fresh quotations to hand to-day through Reuter are from New York, where Bar Silver was unchanged in value, at 85½ cents per oz., with Exchange on London unaltered at 4·88¼ dollars. The United States Treasury bought yesterday 450,000 ounces of Silver, at 85·73 to 85·74 cents per oz.

The price of ready Cotton in New York remained at 7½ cents per lb.; but September Futures were 9 points lower, at 7·31 cents. The Receipts at the U. S. Ports were 1,000 bales.

Here also a holiday feeling has set in in anticipation of the approaching Mussulman and Hindu celebrations, and business is very slack in all its branches.

Cotton has again been taken to only a small extent, but the tone of the market keeps steady, and prices are unchanged. The Mills have been the only buyers to-day, and have taken 1,750 bales in all, consisting of 400 Damergaum, at Rs. 184; 250 Nugger, at Rs. 176½; 300 of Julgaum, at Rs. 177; 250 Bengals, at Rs. 153-75; 200 each of Barsee, at Rs. 184¼; and Bhownugger, at Rs. 175; and 50 Wudwan, at Rs. 175 per candy.

Wheat has not been much enquired for by shippers, and only a small business has been reported, but the market remains steady at previous rates, all round.

Seeds have been taken to a moderate extent in a steady market, the only change in rates being an advance of half-an-anna per cwt. in *Linseed* at Rs. 7-5-6 to Rs. 7-8-0 per cwt.

The Receipts of Produce into Bombay on Sunday and yesterday were as follows:—

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Cotton.............................. | 813 | bales. |
| Wheat.............................. | 48,616 | cwts. |
| Linseed .......................... | 6,908 | " |
| Rapeseed ........................ | 6,782 | " |
| Poppyseed........................ | 2,274 | " |
| Groundnuts ...................... | 703 | " |
| Castorseed........................ | 3,539 | " |
| Rice ................................ | 2,934 | " |

Freights are quiet, and rates may be called weaker. Takers of both ready and forward tonnage are scarce, and no fresh business of importance has transpired to-day.

Exchange opened with a firmer feeling at 1s. 3 15-16d. for Bank Telegraphic, and 1s. 2 31-32d. for Demand, and remained thereat throughout the day without, however, anything of importance being done on either line at the rate. For three months' sight Credits the rates quoted were 1s. 3⅛d. for August-September delivery, 1s. 3 5-32d. for October-November, 1s. 3 3-16d. for December-February, and 1s. 3 7-32d. later, but also without attracting much business, and the market closed quiet but steady as follows:—

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Bank Bills on demand....... | 1s. 2 31-32d. | per rupee. |
| Do. Telegraphic ......... | 1s. 2 15-16d. | " |
| Do. 3 months' sight...... | 1s. 3 1-32d. | " |
| Credits do. ...... | 1s. 3 1-8d. | " |
| Francs do. ...... | 1·59 | " |

Government Paper has to-day advanced 3-16 per cent. in Fours on last evening's rate for Money, and 1-16 per cent. for Account, say to 106⅜ and 106 1-16, respectively, the market closing steady at these quotations; 105¾ nominal being quoted for 4½ per cents.

Shares.—Cotton Mill and Press Scrip continues to attract some attention and a few further changes have occurred to-day in rates at our revised quotations, but otherwise the market is quiet and unchanged.

## TELEGRAPHIC LINE REPORTS.

AUGUST 2.

STATE OF INTERNATIONAL COMMUNICATION.

Great Britain.—Via Teheran, perfect. Via Turkey, perfect. Via Suez, perfect.
Continent of Europe.—Via Teheran, perfect. Via Turkey perfect. Via Suez, perfect.
America.—Via Brest, perfect. Via Valentia, perfect. Via Direct Cable, perfect.
Australia.—Via Penang, perfect. Via Amoor, perfect.
China.—Via Penang, perfect. Via Amoor perfect.
Africa.—Via Aden, perfect. Via Cadiz-Teneriffe, perfect. Via Lisbon-St. Vincent, perfect.

At present telegrams in code language cannot be accepted for Blagowestchensk and Possiet.

Telegrams for Salvador except Libertad can be accepted only at sender's risk.

Secret language in telegrams for Kotonou is temporarily prohibited.

Line Saigon-Bangkok interrupted.

Mails for Persian Gulf close at Karachi at 8-30 p.m. on Monday 3rd inst.

With effect from Monday, 1st August, and until further orders the tariff per word in messages between India and Europe will be increased to Rupees three and annas four via Suez and Teheran; five annas less via Turkey. Two annas a word to be added from offices in Burma. Press messages from India and Burma to United Kingdom via Suez or Teheran one rupee one anna per word.

## FOREIGN TELEGRAPHIC SERVICE.

Latest dates of foreign messages received at Bombay from the United Kingdom during the 24 hours, ending at 8 p.m. of the 2nd August, 1892.

(Difference in longitude allowed for)

| Via. | Latest Date. | | | Time occupied in transmission. | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | D. | H. | M. | Hours. | Minutes. |
| Turkey ............ | 1 | 2 | 58 p.m. | 19 | 20 |
| Teheran ........... | 2 | 1 | 2 p.m. | ... | 17 |
| Suez............... | 2 | 2 | 55 p.m. | ... | 13 |

Time occupied in the transmission of messages to Bombay during the 24 hours, ending 8 p.m. on 2nd August, 1892.

| — | Maximum Time. | | Minimum. | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| | H. | M. | H. | M. |
| From Calcutta.......... | ... | 40 | ... | 1 |
| " Kurrachee ....... | .. | 16 | ... | 1 |
| " Madras .......... | ... | 34 | ... | 1 |

## RAJPUTANA-MALWA RAILWAY.

[Includes the Rajputana, Holkar, Sindhia-Neemuch, Rewari-Ferozepore and Cawnpore-Achnera State Railways.]

Approximate return of traffic for the week ended July 23, 1892, on 1,674·02 miles open.

| — | Coaching Traffic Receipts. | Merchandise and Mineral Traffic Receipts. | Other Earnings [estimated.] | Total Earnings. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| | Rs. | Rs. | Rs. | Rs. |
| Total traffic for the week .......... | 1,01,000 | 1,78,000 | 4,000 | 2,83,000 |
| Or per mile of railway .......... | 60 | 106 | 3 | 169 |
| For previous 2 weeks of half-year. | 2,40,000 | 5,90,000 | 9,000 | 8,39,000 |
| Total for 3 weeks. | 3,41,000 | 7,68,000 | 13,000 | 11,22,000 |
| Comparison. Total for corresponding week of previous year [on 1,671·82 miles open] | 1,02,339 | 2,29,636 | 4,349 | 3,36,384 |
| Per mile of Ry do. | 61 | 137 | 3 | 201 |
| Total to corresponding date do. | 3,95,005 | 9,78,939 | 17,983 | 13,92,827 |

Decrease for the week ................ Rs. 53,384
Do. to date......................... " 2,70,827

## B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY.

Approximate return of traffic for the week ended July 23, 1892, on 461 miles open.

| — | Coaching Traffic Receipts. | Merchandise and Mineral Traffic Receipts. | Other Earnings [estimated.] | Total Earnings. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| | Rs. | Rs. | Rs. | Rs. |
| Total traffic for the week .......... | 70,000 | 76,000 | 4,000 | 1,50,000 |
| Or per mile of Railway .......... | 152 | 165 | 8 | 325 |
| For previous 2 weeks of half-year. | 1,77,000 | 2,34,000 | 9,000 | 4,20,000 |
| Total for 3 weeks. | 2,47,000 | 3,10,000 | 13,000 | 5,70,000 |
| Comparison. Total for corresponding week of previous year .... | 66,897 | 1,01,604 | 6,798 | 1,78,299 |
| Per mile of Ry do. | 145 | 227 | 15 | 387 |
| Total to corresponding date do. | 2,71,496 | 4,22,911 | 20,107 | 7,14,514 |

Decrease for the week.................. Rs. 28,299
Do. to date ............................ " 1,44,514

## THERMOMETER READINGS.

SUNDAY, August 1.

| | |
|---|---|
| 10 p.m. — — — — — — — — — | 79·6 |

MONDAY NIGHT, Aug. 2.

| | |
|---|---|
| 6 a.m. — — — — — — — — — | 79·6 |
| 10 a.m. — — — — — — — — — | 81·8 |
| 2 p.m. — — — — — — — — — | 80·4 |
| 4 p.m. — — — — — — — — — | 80·5 |

## DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

[The charge for notifying a domestic occurrence is two rupees. The announcement must be authenticated.]

BOMBAY.

DEATH.

KAPADIA—Aug. 2, at her residence, in Pitha Street, Fort, Bombay, Awabai, daughter of Pestonjee Jamaspjee Kapadia, and daughter-in-law of Dr. Dadabhai Jamaspjee Kapadia, aged 21 years. Funeral this (Wednesday) morning at 7 o'clock.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTHS.

CARPENDALE—July 25, at Shawfield, Mussoorie, the wife of Lieut W M Carpendale, 8th Bengal Cavalry, of a son.

JOHNSON—At the Lying-in-Hospital, Madras, the wife of W C Johnson, M R C, of a daughter.

TREVELYAN—July 28, at 3, Outram Street, Calcutta, the wife of E J Trevelyan, of a daughter.

DEATH.

SMITH—July 21, George William Smith, Sergeant-Major of the Oudh Volunteer Rifles, aged 33.

## NOTICE TO CORRESPONDENTS.

"Hummum-street" and "D. H." send us complaints: the one of his neighbour's piano, the other of the visits of his neighbour's cats. The publication of the letters could not possibly lead to any abatement of either nuisance.

# The Bombay Gazette

WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 3, 1892.

The *Indian Textile Journal* stated correctly enough in its last issue that the City of Bombay Mill is being fitted up with an installation of electric light with the intention of running at night any machinery yielding an insufficient supply, and during the busy season working for seven, eight, or nine hours with a second relay of hands. It was also mentioned that the Manockjee Petit Mills, at Tardeo, are being fitted with the electric light. The inference that it is the intention to run that mill at night also, though not unnatural, was incorrect. The object of that installation is to provide light to the workshops, so that repairs after any accident may be effected without waiting till the next day. The installation at the City of Bombay Mill has for its object to supplement the daily output by utilising plant at night. This step has not unnaturally given rise to a good deal of apprehension, lest the other mills should follow the example thus set, and the markets—until lately so over-stocked that it was found necessary for all the mills in Bombay to stop working by a common agreement for eight days in the month—should again become glutted, and a fall in the price of cotton analogous to that of silver should be the result. The question, it is understood, will be brought up for discussion at a meeting of the Millowners' Association. There is less ground for alarm than may appear at first sight. The directors of the Mill in question who have decided to try an experiment which has never been attempted in Manchester, have evidently no experience of the conditions under which such a measure can have even a chance of success, if it be true that they contemplate running the machinery at night only occasionally, or during the busy season.

A relay of competent hands for night work in a cotton mill can only be obtained—if obtainable at all in Bombay, where so many mills afford constant employment in the day-time—by regular employment all the year round, at higher wages. Relays cannot be improvised for intermittent employment. Nor can they be supervised by the staff that has done duty during the day. It would be necessary to maintain a separate staff of qualified men, receiving far higher remuneration than that which suffices for work during the normal hours. The experience of Mr. J. N. Tata, at the Nagpore Mills, where the experiment was tried under circumstances more favourable than those obtaining in Bombay, showed that it is practically impossible to secure the same work either in quantity or quality from sleepy employes during the night that is expected from them as a matter of course during the day. They require more and better supervision, but the overlookers themselves are weary and relax their vigilance. The longer the experiment went on the results instead of improving, became more and more unsatisfactory. After nearly two years' resolute trial, night work was given up, and it has never been resumed. The machinery deteriorated so much that from twenty-one hours working towards the end of the twenty months during which it was subjected to continuous strain with less and less care, the output only exceeded by one-sixth that which had been attained from the ordinary day's work before the night work was undertaken. After passing through the long ordeal the machinery was found to be so deteriorated that the outturn was less by twenty per cent. than it had been before the experiment began. Among the causes contributing to this discouraging result the chief probably was that the work-people who were paid to turn night into day, never became reconciled to turning day into night. They did not go to bed and sleep for seven or eight hours in the day-time; they imagined that after a couple of hours' rest they could go about like everybody else. When night came they went to the mill tired and sleepy, and it was impossible to get proper work out of them. It was the same with the machine-minders as with the other hands; the oiling and cleaning were neglected, with the results in wear and tear and depreciation that might have been expected. It is of course open to the directors of the City of Bombay Mills to try whether the experiment of working night and day may not succeed better in Bombay. But the prospect is not alluring. The Central Indian Mills at Nagpore worked the system of night relays for a year and eight months without intermission, and even in that time the endeavour to train the operatives to work in unaccustomed conditions failed the more the longer it was continued. The experiment is apparently now to be made to get occasional hands to work some part of the machinery at night for varying hours and for limited periods, and only to work the whole of it during the busy season. It is obvious that these conditions will be still more adverse than those which involved failure in the Central Provinces.

There is another consideration which alone is decisive. When night relays were employed in the Nagpore Mill the new Factory Act was not yet in force. Men, women, and children were put on at night, the same as in the day time. The new Factory Act provides in Section 7, that "no woman shall be actually employed more than eleven, nor any child more than nine hours in any one day." The Local Government has to fix the interval or intervals allowed to women and children "in any factory on any day" for food and rest. In spirit and scope, if not in express words, the existing law prohibits the employment of women and children on night shifts in a mill. The relays must, therefore, consist wholly of adult male labour, which is not as well adapted as that of women and children for certain important parts of the work. Bearing all this in mind there seems to us to be little reason to suppose that the attempt to run a Bombay cotton mill at night, under present conditions, will find many imitators. Under circumstances different from those which prevail in Bombay, or for that matter in Manchester, it is quite possible to realise from the working of mill machinery night and day all the profit which in theory it ought to yield. If twenty thousand spindles earn so much when working twelve hours, they ought to earn just double if they work the whole twenty-four—other things being equal—which they seldom are. In Japan several mills have been for some time working day and night in the hope of realising a double return from the capital invested in the plant, but the result is as disappointing as it was at Nagpore. In Russia, however, of all countries, it has been found possible and even profitable to work a cotton factory continuously for the whole twenty-four hours, without wearing out the machinery, or diminishing the output in the day time in a greater ratio than the gain in the night. Some five miles out of Moscow is a vast cotton factory with a hundred thousand spindles, where the manufacture of cotton in all its branches is carried on by three relays, covering the whole twenty-four hours of every successive day, except Sunday, which is set apart for rest and cleaning up. Mr. Tata saw this immense concern at work and was greatly impressed by it, as well he might be. The men, women, and children in the different relays relieved each other like soldiers on sentry, without arresting the movement of the machinery for an instant. The spinning, the weaving, the dye-works went on without interruption from week's end to week's end. The machinery, which came from England did not suffer from the strain. The makers, Messrs. Platt of Oldham, were of opinion that the uniformity of tension and the absence of variations of temperature, especially in a climate subject to extremes of heat and cold, counter-balanced the effect of the continuous work. The motive force was supplied by water, but there were auxiliary engines for occasional use. The Russian working man and working woman, and working child may possibly be induced by kicks or halfpence to sleep by day and work by night as the necessities of the ever grinding mill require, and then it becomes possible to work a three shifts system, day in and day out from year's end to year's end, and make it pay. But we have not yet arrived at that stage of industrial development in India, nor even in Lancashire. What succeeds in Moscow would spell weariness and disappointmant in Bombay and provoke a revolution in the England of the Eight Hours Bill.

The report on the operations of the Currency Department presents an interesting reflex of the violent fluctuations in exchange which have occurred during the past two years and their effect on circulation. In 1890-91 an enormous increase in the circulation of currency notes resulted from the American silver legislation. The now despised metal was imported into India in unusually large quantities. Trade became stagnant through the fluctuations, and the newly-coined rupees were left in the vaults of the Presidency Banks, whose cash balances were enormous. The vaults in Bombay Castle could not contain all the silver it was sought to deposit there, and other arrangements for its location had to be made. All this money was represented by currency notes, and a large increase in the issue of notes of high value followed. Until April, 1891, the large imports of silver continued, but from that date till March of this year the bulk of imported silver was reduced. From the beginning of March a large and sudden increase was noted, and this continued to the end of the official year. Trade became "extremely dull and unprofitable" to employ the phrase of the report. The Bank interest was reduced to two per cent. in August of last year, the lowest yet recorded in India, and the imports of silver were more than enough to supply the ordinary demand for rupees. But trade became brisk in Burma owing to its early rice crop; imports of silver were small; hence the cash balances and currency circulation fell. In July of last year the highest net circulation was recorded, and in January and in March last the lowest. The report is more interesting reading than most official documents, and the facts and figures which the Head Commissioner gives are worthy of perusal. The circulation of the high value notes as we have indicated was greater than in any previous years, but these never travel very far it is found; notes of lower values on the other hand are gradually making their way into every corner of the Empire and beyond it, into Central Asia, Afghanistan, and portions of Africa. If not now they could be, a few years ago, sold at a premium at Yarkand, and this being so the Povinda traders were in the habit of taking back their earnings from India in currency notes. There is a fashion in currency notes as in everything else, and while large notes circulate most elsewhere, Bombay is partial to five-rupee notes, and the number thereof in this Presidency is greater than in all other circles put together. The ten-rupee note is the fashion at present in Calcutta, but this was not always so. While the Bengal capital deals in tens from preference, Bombay neglects them and deals in twenties and fifties, leaving Calcutta and Madras the hundreds. Similarly fives are in large use in Lahore but neglected in Karachi and Allahabad, where fifties and hundreds are also unpopular. The Head Commissioner of Paper Currency seeks to account for these variations, but owns that he is not able to do so satisfactorily. To successful forgeries, however, he attributes the sudden change of fashion in a given circle. Thus the recent forgery of five-rupees notes in Bombay not only resulted in a check of their increasing popularity, but in an actual reduction by about forty-six thousand. A very similar experience is reported from Rangoon. The arrest and conviction of the forgers, however, soon restored confidence. It must not be imagined, that there are no longer any forged notes in circulation in the country. They are repeatedly being detected. Of counterfeit coin there is believed to be very little but "sweating" in the North-West Provinces is much in vogue. Forged notes representing something like three thousand rupees have been seized during the past twelve months. This, of course, is a very small proportion, and it need cause no alarm that the Currency Department, declares there are other notes still out for which they are watching. Once in the Currency Office they are certain never to get out again; the man who presents them there is to be pitied. All the forgers of known ability happen to be at present in jail; so unless there be some new artist whose acquaintance the police have not yet made, there is little likelihood of any fresh batch of forged notes being thrust into circulation. The profits realised honestly on note circulation, amounted during the year to twenty-eight and a-half lakhs, an increase of three lakhs; and in the current year it is anticipated the profits will amount to four lakhs. The total amount of money in reserve is twenty-four crores and seven lakhs. Everyone will agree, with the Head Commissioner that the Verification of these figures is no small task for one man, especially where as in Bombay there are five and three-quarter crores of rupees closely packed in the treasure vaults.

It will be seen from the telegrams which we publish this morning from Simla, that the Foreign Office has no reason to suppose that the Amir of Afghanistan is alarmed at the progress of the revolt of the Hazaras. This bears out what we stated a few days since, that the exaggerated statements of the progress of the insurrection should be received with caution, as they manifestly emanated from sources unfriendly to the Amir, and were not authenticated in any particular. It appears that no communication of importance has been received by the Government of India from the Amir for some time. Silence would be out of place and inexplicable if the Ruler of Afghanistan felt his power endangered. He is not the man to hesitate for an instant in applying for any assistance he might require. We are informed that there is no truth in the statement made by a Simla paper that Sir Mortimer Durand or Sir George Greaves is going on a mission to Kabul. We learn from another source, however, that the Government of India are seriously contemplating the despatch of a mission to Kabul. There is no further news of the fighting in the Hazara country, but some confirmation has been received of the report that some tribesmen, levied by the Amir's officers in Maimena, near Herat, to serve against the Oruzghans, had mutinied. They overcame their escort, and returned to Maimena, of which, it is said, they hold possession. Information has been received at the Foreign Office of Russian movements on the Pamir. A force of some sort is evidently moving south on the Tang Kue, or Chinese Pamir, about Ak Tash. This movement is doubtless intended to hold the Chinese Pamir against the threatened return of the Chinese officials who were expelled last year by the Russian Colonel Yanoff. Colonel Yanoff is probably in command of the force now moving south.

A further distribution of honours is announced in this morning's telegrams. Foremost of the honoured is Mr. Portal, the successor of Sir Euan Smith, as British Consul at Zanzibar. Mr. Portal who becomes Knight Commander of St. Michael and St. George, has efficiently carried on the administration of the East African settlement, and numerous measures for the development of trade and the sanitary well-being of the people have been carried to a successful issue during his comparatively short term of office. Sir Frank Lascelles, the British Minister at Teheran, who has been created Knight Grand Cross of the same Order, has been a member of the Diplomatic Service since 1861, and had served as Agent and Consul-General in Bulgaria, Envoy-Extraordinary and Minister-Plenipotentiary to Roumania before being appointed to his present important office. Mr. Joseph Barnby who receives the honour of knighthood, is the well-known musician and composer, Chorister at York Minster, student at the Royal Academy of Music, organist at various churches. In succession he became conductor of the oratorio concerts at St James's and Exeter Halls; afterwards succeeding Gounod as conductor of the Royal Albert Hall Choral Society and becoming also Precentor and Director of Musical Instruction at Eton. In addition to an oratorio, a motett and a cantata, Sir Joseph Barnby can lay claim to having composed literally hundreds of hymns, songs, chants, and anthems. He conducted the first Passion Service at Westminster Abbey, had the musical direction of the State receptions of the Shah, and of the Czar, and at the opening of the Fisheries and Colonial Exhibitions, and other royal and State functions. His decoration is a fitting tribute to his talents and reputation.

August 3rd, 1492 is, according to tradition and modern works of travel, the date on which Columbus, after having obtained the patronage of Isabella of Spain, set out on the voyage in which he discovered the West Indies. This, too, is the date upon which Spain and Portugal and Italy, as well as America, have decided to celebrate his memory; but it is doubtful whether the date was ever adjusted to our present calendar. It was not until ninety years after Columbus set out that Pope Gregory ordered the omission of the eleven days to set the year to its proper length. The Roman Catholic countries at once adopted the new style, though it was not until another hundred and seventy-years had passed that the Gregorian calender was adopted in England. The probability is that the more correct date would be somewhere about the beginning of the last week in July, for the year 1492 was all out of joints. But this particular date is of less importance than the correct fixture of Easter or Christmas Day, and so long as August 3rd is decided upon by common consent, it is not to be supposed any of Columbus' descendants—and there must be many in Portugal—will quarrel with it. The story of the difficulties with which Columbus had to contend are interestingly told by a contributor in another column. Columbus like many another great man who has served his fellows was never appreciated until after his death, and the frequent removal of his remains may be interpreted as remorseful attempts to do him posthumous honour. If we are to credit him with the possession of so many virtues and such exemplary piety as our contributor and other writers claim for him, few would better deserve canonisation.

The Sutlej, with the outward English mails of the 22nd ultimo, left Aden, at 11 a.m., yesterday, and may be expected to arrive about 6 p.m. on Sunday next.

A correspondent of the Calcutta *Saturday Evening Journal* says:—I have not seen a single good suggestion yet as to who is likely to be our present Viceroy's successor. Since India was handed over to the tender mercies of Lord Ripon the question of a change of Viceroys has attracted far more attention than formerly, and now with a Gladstonian Ministry coming into power, who knows but that Mr. Dadabhai Naoroji may be the coming man, after a short trial in the Cabinet.

According to a Gloucester correspondent an exciting scene was witnessed at a meeting held in support of the candidature of Sir Charles Dilke at Newent. The Rev. Canon Hood presided, and proposed a resolution of confidence in Sir Charles. An amendment was put by the Rev. Mr. Grimes, Vicar of Upleadon, and carried amidst indescribable excitement. Lady Dilke was visibly affected, and wept bitterly. The amendment was as follows:—"That this meeting is of opinion that Sir Charles Dilke's return to public life will be in opposition to the wishes of many of the electors of the country, irrespective of party considerations, who desire that only men of high moral character should be returned to Parliament." The chairman declared that the resolution was carried, but a count was demanded, with the result that the amendment was declared carried by a large majority. The result came as a surprise to the Dilke party, who has looked upon that part of the division as unassailable.

# TELEGRAMS.

## EVENTS IN AFGHANISTAN.

### ATTITUDE OF THE AMIR.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, Aug. 2.

The Amir does not seem to be in any alarm at the alleged progress of the revolt in the Hazarajat as no communication of importance has been received by the Government of India from His Highness for some time.

There is no further news of fighting in the Hazara Country, but a rumour that some tribesmen levied by orders of the Amir at Maimena to serve against the Oruzghais mutinied when on the march appears to be confirmed. They overpowered the escort of Afghan troops, and made their way back to Maimena, which they now hold.

I hear from the Foreign Department that there is no truth in the statement which has appeared in the *Simla News* that Sir Mortimer Durand and Sir George Greaves are going on a mission to Kabul.

### RUSSIAN MOVEMENTS ON THE PAMIR.

The Foreign Office has received information of Russian movements on the Pamir. A force is apparently moving south on the Tang-Kue, the Chinese Pamir, about Ak Tash. This is probably an expedition under Colonel Yanoff to prevent the return of the Chinese officials whom he met there last year.

### CONTEMPLATED MISSION TO KABUL.

(FROM ANOTHER CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, Aug. 2.

The latest information is that the Government of India are seriously contemplating the despatch of a mission to Kabul. But I have not yet heard who is to be the Envoy.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

### THE COMING MEETING OF PARLIAMENT

LONDON, Aug. 2.

The Queen's Speech will be read on the 8th inst. when the Opposition will move a direct vote of want of confidence in the Government.

### THE BISHOP OF LINCOLN'S CASE.

The Privy Council have dismissed all points of the appeal made by the Right Rev. Dr. King, Bishop of Lincoln, against the decision of the Archbishop of Canterbury that he (the Primate) had the right of jurisdiction over him in the case brought against him by the Church Association for alleged illegal ritualistic practices.

### DISTRIBUTION OF HONORS.

LONDON, Aug. 2.

Mr. Portal, the British Consul at Zanzibar, has been created Knight Commander of St. Michael and St. George, and Sir Frank Lascelles, British Minister at Teheran, has been created Knight Grand Cross of the same Order.

Mr. Joseph Barnby, the eminent musical composer, has been knighted.

### THE EMPEROR WILLIAM.

The Emperor William dined last night with her Majesty the Queen at Osborne. Their Royal Highnesses the Prince of Wales, Duke of Connaught, and other members of the Royal Family were present.

### CHOLERA IN RUSSIA.

ST. PETERSBURG, Aug. 1.

Cholera has appeared at Tobolsk and Tomsk.

Serious riots have taken place at Tashkend in connection with the action of the authorities regarding the suppression of cholera.

The house of the Deputy Governor was attacked and pillaged by thousand of Sarts and the Deputy Governor murdered.

Troops were called out and fired upon the rioters, killing sixty and wounding upwards of one hundred.

### THE INCOMING MAIL.

ADEN, Aug. 2.

The P. and O. S. N. Co.'s s.s. Sutlej, with the outward English mails of the 22nd ult., left here for Bombay, at 11 a.m. to-day.

### THE FINANCIAL COMMISSIONERSHIP OF BURMA.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, Aug. 2.

Colonel Strever, Commissioner of Pegu, acts for Mr. Donald Smeaton as Financial Commissioner of Burma during the latter's absence on leave.

### RUSSIAN DETACHMENTS ON THE PAMIRS.

It is reported from Gilgit that three Russian detachments appeared on the Pamirs, immediately north of the Hindu Kush. One party is at Ak Tash, near the Tagdumbash Pamir; the second at Tagharma facing towards Kashgar; and the third at a place, the name of which does not appear on the map. The Russians have thus repeated their tactics of last summer, and are actually occupying that part of the Pamir, which was the scene of Colonel Yanoff's filibustering. They have brushed the Chinese away, and are enlisting the local Khirgiz into their service.

### THE AMIR AND THE TRANS-FRONTIER TROUBLES.

News of a serious nature comes from Herat, and one report states that some tribal levies probably the Uzbegs, who were ordered from Maimana district to assist in the campaign against the Hazaras, mutinied on the way and returning to Maimana attacked the Afghan garrison there, but were repulsed. Other reports give a very different account. It is said that a battalion of regular troops, marching to Hazarajat, was cut up by the Uzbegs, who afterwards captured Maimana, and are now holding it.

### LIEUTENANT-COLONEL DURAND.

Lieutenant-Colonel Durand, British Agent at Gilgit, now in Simla, has applied for one year's furlough from the beginning of September. The severity of his wound received at Nilt, followed by a long convalescence, renders a run home necessary.

## POONA SKY RACES.

### SECOND DAY.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, Aug. 2.

The races came off most successfully this evening, there was a large attendance of spectators, among them being H. E. the Governor. Captain Hanwell was appointed the starter.

1st Race.—"The Yerrowda Plate."—Rs. 170 and a cup value Rs. 29. For all arabs who have never won a race or handicap value Rs. 1,500 up to time of starting. Distance.—1 and-a-half mile. Weights.—Weight for age raised 21 lbs. Penalties.—Winners of a race or handicap of the value of Rs. 500, once 3, twice 5, thrice 7, oftener 10 lbs. Winners since 1st May 1890 of a race or handicap value Rs. 1,000 once 3, twice 5, oftener 7 lbs. extra. Penalties accumulative. Allowances.—Maidens allowed 3 lbs.; of the day 3 lbs. Horses who have never won a race or handicap, value Rs. 150 up to time of starting allowed 5 lbs.; galloways 5 lbs. Allowances accumulative. No starting sweep.

| | |
|---|---|
| Mr Esau Khaliffa's g a h Silver King, 9st 13lb, Capt Anderson | 1 |
| Mr S A W's g a h Kahatan, 9st 1lb, Mookirda | 2 |
| Mr Cursetjee's g a h Venus, 9st 13lb, Mr Woolmer | 3 |
| Mr Moochool Shah's c a h Visitor, 10st 10lb, Mr Bentinck | 0 |
| Mr Gordon's bn a h Newminster, 10st 4lb, Owner | 0 |

This race was won by two lengths. Time—3 min.

2nd Race.—"The Selling Race."—Rs. 170 and a cup value Rs. 29. For all galloways 13-3 and under. Distance—Half mile. Weights—If entered to be sold for Rs. 600. 13-3 to carry 11-7. Allowances.—3lbs. per quarter inch, maidens 3lbs., of the day 5lbs. 3lbs. for each reduction of Rs. 50 in price down to Rs. 300. Allowances accumulative. No starting sweep.

| | |
|---|---|
| Capt LeGallais' b a h Thistle 10st 7lb, Owner | 1 |
| Mr Kirk's b a p Bayleaf, 9st, Mr Crawley | 2 |
| Mr Meher's g a p Special, 9st 5lb, A Wahed | 3 |
| Capt Slee's gr cb m Lena, 10st 10lb | 0 |
| Mr Heysham's ch cb m Ladybird, 9st 6lb | 0 |
| Mr Cookson's d cb b Balotra, 9st 5lb, Capt Anderson. | 0 |

Won easily. Time—56 min.

3rd Race.—"The Omnium"—Rs. 170 and a cup value Rs. 29. For all horses who have never won a race or handicap value Rs. 800 up to time of starting. Distance—1 mile. Weights.—Weight for age and class raised 21lbs. Penalties.—Winners of a race or handicap once 2, twice 4, thrice 6, oftner 8lbs. Winners since 1st May 1890 of a race or handicap value Rs. 500 once 3, twice 5, oftener 7lbs. extra. Penalties accumulative. Allowances.—Maidens allowed 2lbs.; of the day 2lbs. Horses who have never won a race or handicap value Rs. 150 up to time of starting allowed 5lbs. Allowances accumulative. No starting sweep.

| | |
|---|---|
| Capt Hanwell's ch aus geld Helbrook, 9st 12lb, Capt Anderson | 1 |
| Mr Woolmer's ch eng colt Monk, 9st 12lb, Owner | 2 |
| Mr Whitehead's b aus geld Laureate, 9st 12lb | 3 |
| Mr N Symon's gr aus geld Woodsnipe late Master Jack, 9st 12lb, Capt Welman | 0 |

Won by two lengths. Time—1 min. and 50 secs.

4th Race.—"The Eclipse Stakes"—Rs. 170 and a cup value Rs. 29. For all galloways 13-3 and under who have never won a race or handicap value Rs. 1,500 up to time of starting. Distance.—5 furlongs. Weights.—13-3 English and Australians 11-4, Arabs 10-8, C. B's. 10-1. Penalties.—Winners of a race or handicap value Rs. 500 once 3 lbs., twice 5, three times 7, oftener 10 lbs. Winners of a race or handicap, since 1st May 1890 value Rs. 1,000 once 3 lbs, twice 5, thrice 7, oftener 10 lbs. extra. Penalties accumulative. Allowances.—3 lbs. per quarter inch, maidens allowed 3 lbs. Of the day 4 lbs. Galloways who have never won a race or handicap value Rs. 150 up to time of starting allowed 5 lbs; galloways qualified under general rule 2 allowed 4 lbs. Allowances accumulative. No starting sweep.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Mr Moochool Shah's g a gal Speed of Thought, 10st 8lb, Capt Welman | 1 | dead heat. |
| Aga Jungee Shah's b a gal Grain, 9st 9lb, Aga S Shah | 2 | |
| Mr Woolmer's b aus geld Trojan, 11st 2lb, Owner | 3 | |
| Major Radcliffe's g a gal Barney, 10st 7lb, Capt LeGallais | 0 | |
| Mr Clarke's b a p Superiority, 10st 6lb, Capt Anderson | 0 | |
| Mr Moochool Shah's b a gal Showhiman, 9st 4lb, Ebrahim | 0 | |
| Mr Brooke's ch cb geld Despair, 8st 7lb, Mr Crawley. | 0 | |

Trojan was a length and half behind. Time—1 min. 11 secs.

5th Race.—"The Kirkee Cup"—Rs. 170 and a cup value Rs. 29. For all ponies who have never won a race or handicap value Rs. 1,500 up to time of starting. Distance—¾ miles. Weight.—13·2 English and Colonials to carry 10·12, Arabs 10·5, C. B's 9·10. Penalties.—Winners of a race or handicap value Rs. 500 once 3, twice 5, thrice 7, oftener 10 lbs. Winners since 1st May 1890 of a race or handicap value Rs. 1,000 once 3, twice 6, oftener 9 lbs. extra. Penalties accumulative. Allowances—3 lbs per quarter inch. Maidens 3 lbs.; of the day 3 lbs. Ponies who have never won a race or handicap value Rs. 150 up to time of starting allowed 4 lbs. Ponies qualified under general rule 2 allowed 4 lbs. Allowances accumulative. No starting sweep.

| | |
|---|---|
| Aga Z Shahs g a p Pekin, 9st 9lb, Aga S Shah | 1 |
| Mr Woolmer's ch e m Mistletoe, 9st 10lb, Owner | 2 |
| Major Radcliffe's g a p Blood, 8st 5lb, Ebrahim | 3 |
| Hasan bin Budder's g a p Ava, 9st 9lb, Mr Kirk | 0 |
| Mr Lewin's ch a p Gold, 9st 9lb, Capt Welman | 0 |
| Mr Murray's bk a p The Zulu, 9st 3lb, C B Mahomed. | 0 |
| Mr Cursetjee's ch a p Carbine, 9st 3lb, Jessa | 0 |
| Musjed bin Mohsen's g a p Greyleg, 9st 3lb, Mahomed. | 0 |
| Capt George's g cb p How's That, 9st 0lb, Capt Anderson | 0 |
| Colonel Rhodes ch a p Sherry, 11st 11lb, Mr Crawley. | 0 |

Won by a neck. Time—1 min. 26½ secs.

6th Race.—"The Ghorpuri Stakes"—Rs. 170, and a cup value Rs 29. For all Arabs and Southern India C. B.'s (see general condition 1) who have never won a race or handicap value Rs. 2,000 up to time of starting. Distance.—1¼ miles. Weights.—Weight for age and class raised 21 lbs. Penalties.—Winners of a race or handicap value Rs. 500 once 3, twice 5, thrice 7, oftener 10 lbs. Winners since 1st May 1890 of a race or handicap, value Rs 1,000 once 3, twice 5, thrice 7, oftener 10lbs. extra. Penalties accumulative. Allowances.—Maidens allowed 2 lbs; of the day 2 lbs. Galloways allowed 5 lbs. Horses who have never won a race or handicap value Rs. 150, up to time of starting allowed 4 lbs. Allowances accumulative. No starting sweep

| | |
|---|---|
| Mr. Bomonji Edulji's c h a h Alert, 10st 10lb, Mr Gordon | 1 |
| Mr Woolmer's c a gal Forat, 10st 5lb, Capt Anderson | 2 |
| Mr Cursetjee's g a h Bahadur, 9st 6lb, Jessa | 3 |
| Mr Woolmer's b c b h Faugh a Ballagh, 11st 5lb, Owner | 0 |
| H H Aga Khan's b a h Aberdeen, 9st 4lb, Bhima | 0 |
| Aga Coochick Shah's c h a c Rishan, 11 8st 10lb, B Mahomed | 0 |

Won in a canter. Time.—2 min. 29 secs.

## MR. DADABHAI NAOROJI, M.P.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, Aug. 2.

A meeting of natives was held last night here to congratulate Mr. Dadabhai Naoroji on his election.

## THE BANK OF MADRAS.

At the annual meeting of the shareholders of the Bank of Madras last night, the chairman in dealing with the exchange question, said:—"This exchange question has now been in what we may call an acute stage for about eighteen months only. Now we see that public opinion is awakening to feel that the hands of the Government of India should be strengthened in order that it may deal with this matter as is best in the interests of the public at large without for a moment committing myself to the opinion that the low exchange is a good thing for India; yet had it not been for the low exchange during the past six months the consequences to import trade might have been very serious. The stocks were very large, and owing to the scarcity all over the country the demand was very small, and if the rise in exchange had permitted an influx of cheap goods it would have been a very serious matter."

## FUNERAL OF THE LATE MRS. PLOWDEN

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

HYDERABAD, Aug. 2.

Mrs. Plowden was buried on Sunday evening, in the Bolarum cemetery. The funeral procession left the Residency, at five o'clock, and was a most impressive sight. The road to the cemetery was lined with troops, who saluted as the coffin passed, and the band of the 21st Hussars, headed the procession, playing a funeral march. The coffin was almost hidden by lovely wreaths and flowers sent from all parts of the station as a last token of respect and affection from Mrs. Plowden's numerous friends. The pall-bearers were Colonel Hickman, Mr. Irwin, Mr. Bosanquet, Mr. Arbuthnot, and Captain Adye. Mr. Plowden walked close behind, followed by General East and General Protheroe, and almost every Officer and Civilian in the station. The Nizam was represented by Major the Nawab Afsur Jung and the Minister by his Private Secretary, Mr. Faridoonji Jamshedjee, and his Aide de-Camp, Mr. Dosabhai, and most of the city officials were also present. It was a most affecting sight, and the utmost sympathy was felt for Mr. Plowden and his two daughters, as they stood by the open grave. After the coffin was lowered into the grave the large assemblage slowly dispersed. Mrs. Plowden's death has come as a great shock, and she is really and truly mourned by every one. She was not only a beautiful and accomplished woman, but she had the rare art of drawing all hearts towards her by her sweet and gracious manners, and she will be sadly missed in the station. All dances and entertainments of every sort have been put off.

## HYDERABAD NEWS.

Mr. Sewell, Collector of Bellary, has been staying for a few days with Mr. Bosanquet, at the Residency.

The *lungur* procession on Saturday last attracted great crowds as usual, and Major the Nawab Afsur Jung was loudly cheered as he passed at the head of the Golconda Brigade.

His Highness the Nizam has been pleased to command that the 4th Golconda Lancers for the future shall be called the Nizam's Own Lancers.

The brother-in-law of the Prince of Arcot is staying, at Bashir Bagh, as the guest of the Minister.

Heavy rain has fallen during the last week, and crops in all parts of the Nizam's Dominions are doing well.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

### STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

PLYMOUTH, Aug. 1.

The P. and O. Company's steamer Oriental arrived here this morning.

SUEZ, Aug. 1.

The B. I. S. N. Company's steamer Golconda left here yesterday evening.

SUEZ, Aug. 1.

The City Line steamer City of Perth, arrived here, from Bombay, on the afternoon of the 30th.

SINGAPORE, Aug. 2.

The Nizam (extra) arrived here yesterday afternoon.
The Teheran (extra) left here this afternoon.

COLOMBO, Aug. 2.

Mail steamer Ballaarat from Aden arrived.
Mail steamer Oceania from Australia arrived.

## CONCERT AT THE TOWN HALL.

A concert was given at the Town Hall, yesterday evening, before a large audience, for the benefit of funds of the Indo-British Institution and the Foundling Home. The programme was admirable, and the audience most enthusiastic. An organ solo "L'Hymme du Pape," played by Mr. Johnstone, opened the concert, and his executant ability gained much appreciation. Dr. Yeld who was accompanied by Mrs. Yeld, sang "Eldorado," and the song suited his voice admirably. Miss Schmuck and Mr. T. S. Hamilton played a piano duet an andante and rondo. The selection was well played and the ability of the pianists received hearty recognition. Miss Waller contributed "The Garden of Sleep," with artistic effect. Mr. Schmuck gave a violin solo "Pensees Fugitives," and received a well-deserved ovation. Mr. Basil Scott sang "Where'er You Walk," with much expression. The clarionet solo "Fantasie Stucke," by Mr. Stella, and Miss N. Tudball's contribution "Where the Bee Sucks" were warmly applauded. The concert was brought to a conclusion by Miss Schmuck and Mr. T. S. Hamilton playing a duet on two pianos, "Die Fischerinnen von Procida."

## RUGBY FOOTBALL.

This game on the Cooperage yesterday evening came off before a fair turn-out of spectators. The Whites opened the game from the Bandstand end. Some very pretty play was made by both sides, and the whistle piped the call of half-time without either side scoring. During the second half the Whites scored the first goal off a good drop kick. On the ball being brought into play again Walpole snatched it up, and evading the clutches of the White's goal-keeper, succeeded in touching the ball down in their goal, a goal resulting, matters being thus equalised. Ten minutes now remained for the game to be brought to a close, and both sides played up well. Donaldson succeeded in getting the ball from a scrimmage, and though hotly pursued by the Colours' goal-keeper touched the ball down. One of the forwards of the Whites then very neatly added another goal to the score of his side. The game thus resulted in the Whites obtaining two goals to the Colours one.

## ASSOCIATION FOOTBALL.

A match will be played on the Cooperage ground this evening between the Rovers and the Military Medical Athletic Association. The Kick-off will be at 5-15 p.m.

| ROVERS. | | MILITARY MEDICAL. |
|---|---|---|
| H Ford | Goal | W Netscher, (capt) |
| L Crowley | Backs | D D Stewart |
| H Watson | | H Stewart |
| J S Powers | Half-backs | A Simpson |
| C Brown, (capt) | | W Parrott |
| A R Sharp | | R Hardaker |
| W H Johnston | Forwards | C Mullins |
| J Ridgewell | | J Smith |
| T Derry | | W Smith |
| J Allan | | R Ives |
| A Brown | | W St John Hussey |

R Hart, umpire.

An extraordinary scene was witnessed at an execution at the City of Mexico on Monday, 11th ult. A man named Luciano Islas, who murdered his paramour and her mother several months ago, was taken to the prison-yard to undergo the penalty of his crime. He met his fate firmly; but refused to have his eyes bandaged. The regulations upon this point are specific, and they have to be rigidly enforced. The culprit had to submit to the usual practice, but the moment the prison officials left his side he tore the bandage from his eyes and shouted defiantly to the soldiers to fire. His invitation was promptly responded to, but upon the discharge of fire-arms, although several of the bullets entered his body, none of the shots were attended by fatal result. After the first volley the sergeant advanced to give the prisoner the death wound. His had trembled violently, and the bullet grazed the head of the condemned man. A second and a third shot had to be fired before death took place.

## SPORT AND ATHLETICS.

(FROM OUR SPORTING CORRESPONDENT.)

LONDON, July 15.

### A SPORTING POLITICIAN.

Among the members of the newly-elected British Parliament there are many gentlemen who are passionate lovers of sport in some form or another. A very natural curiosity induced me to look over the returns of the contests, and almost the first name I stumbled across was that of Mr. W. H. Grenfell, who had secured a Gladstonian victory for the city of Hereford. It struck me as a singular coincidence that one of our most proficient performers on the water, and one of our most popular patrons of aquatics, should have been chosen as one of the representatives of the people during the Royal Henley Regatta week. This Anglo-Saxon island race of ours has produced many noble sportsmen, but as an all-round athlete and as a lover of adventure it would be an exceedingly difficult task to find the equal of Mr. Grenfell. Before referring in some detail to Mr. Grenfell's splendid record, let me say that he springs from an old Liberal stock. His mother was a daughter of Wm. Sebright Lascelles who was an enthusiastic politician and a member of one of Lord Grey's ministries. On the paternal side Mr. Grenfell's father sat as a Liberal for Windsor in 1853, his grandfather was the member for Preston, and his great-grandfather represented Marlow in 1802. If that is not a political pedigree I should like to see one. He has previously been the member for Salisbury, and now another cathedral city has adopted him.

### MR. W. H. GRENFELL'S AQUATIC SKILL.

They have adopted a magnificent sportsman, and it is as a sportsman rather than as a politician that I have to write concerning the master of Taplow Court on the Thames, the charming residence of Mr. Grenfell. This gentleman was a member of the Harrow cricket eleven of 1873 and 1874, and also of the Oxford crews in 1877 and 1878. The contest on the 24th March, 1877, is memorable from the fact that it is the only dead heat in all the University boat races, and on that occasion Mr. Grenfell, of Balliol, rowed No. 4. This was the position he occupied on April 13, 1878, when Oxford without difficulty won by 40 seconds. That eight is considered one of the best and fastest that the Dark Blues ever turned out. In 1876 Mr. Grenfell was the Oxford three-miler at Lillie Bridge in the Inter-University sports, and in 1877 he was president of the University Athletic Club. In 1879 he was the president of the Boat Club, and master of the Drag Hunt at Oxford as well. Twice has Mr. Grenfell coached the Oxford crew—in 1882 and 1890. He partly instructed the Oxonians in 1881, but in the following year he was not only their mentor, but he also entertained the Varsity men at Taplow Court. He is fond of punting, and for several years held the honourable title of champion punter of both the Upper and Lower Thames. It would surprise some people to see the rapidity with which Mr. Grenfell can punt his frail racing bark. In addition to being a fine runner, oarsman, bowler, fielder, and punter, he is a crack shot, can tool a coach, and handle a pack of harriers.

### A PLEA FOR POLITICAL SPORTSMEN.

I remarked that Mr. Grenfell was not only an athlete but was a lover of adventure. He has a lithe and massive figure and is generally considered the strongest man in Bucks. In his smoking room are no fewer than 60 pairs of antlers—silent testimonials to the deadliness with which he can use a rifle. On two separate occasions has he swam across the pool of Niagara. He is a well-known Alpine climber, and thrice has he ascended that fatal mountain, the Matterhorn, and once he reached the summit in record time. He was the special correspondent of tht *Daily Telegraph* at Suakim in 1885, and witnessed all the fighting that was to be seen. Mr. Grenfell was also one of a party of gentlemen who visited the Rocky Mountains, when one gentleman met with an unfortunate death. It was the sad lot of Mr. Grenfell to discover his body. Indeed, the new member for Hereford has such a record that space fails to do him justice. He is a chivalrous gentleman, a brave man, and a noble sportsman. A man with a career such as his could not possibly be capable of a mean or dishonourable action. It is such as he—chivalrous, brave, noble, and well educated—that Englishmen ought to send to their Commons House of Parliament. Many members of the last Parliament brought indelible disgrace on themselves, their family, and the Legislature. The sure and certain plan to avoid such scandals is to elect gentlemen of education and sportsmen of experience combined. This may sound like twaddle, but I was never more serious. Old Juvenal said *Mens sana in corpore sano.* A man with a well-informed, cultured, healthy mind, who will take the pains through life to preserve a well-trained, carefully cultivated, healthy body, is the most unlikely being in the world to possess debased tastes and dishonest feelings. If there were two gentlemen of equal merit before any constituency, and the one was a *true* sportsman, and the other was not, I should vote for the sportsman. Do I hear someone murmur "The Old Fogey is a foolish faddist." Maybe, but surely I have as much right to ventilate my fad and crochets as other people.

### HENLEY REGATTA—A DUTCH OARSMAN.

The far-famed Royal Regatta at Henley-on-Thames was sadly spoiled by wind and rain. The wind spoiled excellent times being made on the beautiful stretch of water here, and the rain soiled and spoiled the gay toilettes of the ladies, and the streamers and bunting with which the houseboats lining the course are decorated. The only cosmopolitan feature of the aquatic carnival was the victory of Ooms, a Dutchman, from Amsterdam. A Dutch "Diamonds" holder is indeed a novelty, and the Dutch have never created such a sensation in English waters since their fleet threatened to come up the Thames for a more bellicose purpose. Many foreign amateur oarsmen have endeavoured to win the "Diamonds," but they have never proved equal to the task. At length, however, the Briton has been rowed to a standstill on his own waters. We have long been painfully aware of the decadence, if not the death, of professional rowing in England, but now, alas! our amateur supremacy has been wrested from us by a Dutchman, who is, nevertheless, a worthy success of Guy Nicholls, J. C. Gardner and Lowndes. Ooms played with his opponents, and, like Hanlan, possesses the irritating practice of pulling up and stopping to have a look at the action of his opponent. It's a way these foreigners have, you know.

### CRICKET: PROFESSIONALS VS. AMATEURS.

The first cricket match this season between the Gentlemen and Players—the contest at Lords—produced some extraordinary cricket. At the famous Middlesex ground the professionals ran up the huge total of 454. Of this number Shrewsbury contributed 98, Gunn 103, Barnes 84, Attewell 4, and Sherwin 1—or 290 of the aggregate from the bats of the five Notts professors. Last year Shrewsbury carried his bat through the Players innings at Lords for 81, but this July he eclipsed that splendid performance. Until this match Draft, Shrewsbury and Barnes were the only Notts men who had ever reached three figures in these great representative contests, but my esteemed friend, William Gunn, has now to be added to the trio, although last year in a match under this title at Hastings the "People's William" (confound the election) was reasonable for 169. Few men deserve more credit for their success in the cricket field than Wm. Gunn, and very few are so popular. The Players won easily by an innings and 26 runs. In the return match at the Oval the Players amassed 325. Arthur Shrewsbury again carrying his bat through the innings for 151. It was a very scientific, if rather tedious exhibition. There is now an Arthur Shrewsbury, junr. playing cricket. He is the nephew of the crack, and made a very encouraging *debut* against Sussex the other day.

### MR. W. G. GRACE'S SERVICES TO THE GENTLEMEN.

Mr. W. G. Grace, of course, played in the match at Lords. It is really interesting to trace for a few moments the marvellous performances of this great batsman in the annual struggle between the Gentlemen and Players. He first played for the Gentlemen in 1865, in response to an invitation from the Surrey Club, and excepting 1867, 1883, and 1892 Mr. Grace has participated in both matches every season since. His performances with the willow over this long period have well repaid a most careful examination. As some of my readers will treasure the details—for to many Mr. W. G. Grace is as much a hero as Wellington or Nelson—I append all his scores in these matches: At Lords, in 1865, 3 and 34; 1866, 25 and 11; 1867, 18 and 36 not out; 1868, 134 not out; 1869, 2 and 32; 1870, 109 and 9; 1871, 50 and 37; 1872, 77 and 112; 1873, 163; 1874, 48 and 12; 1875, 7 and 152; 1876, 169; 1877, 18 and 41; 1878, 90 and 2; 1879, 3; 1880, 49 and 12; 1881, 29 and 2; 1882, 4 and 7; 1883, 26 and 14; 1884, 21 and 85; 1885, 6 and 10; 1886, 2 and 19; 1887, 24 and 49; 1888, 18 and 21; 1889, 22 and 2; 1890, 4; 1891, 10; and 1892, 41 and 7. At the Oval in 1865 he scored 23 and 12 not out; 1866, 7 and 36; 1868, 19; 1869, 43 and 83; 1870, 6 and 215; 1871, 16 and 43; 1872, 112; 1875, 158; 1874, 22 and 18; 1875, 32 and 17; 876, 0 and 90; 1877, 29; 1878, 40 and 63; 1876, 26; 1880, 6 and 3; 1881, 100 and 9; 1882, 21 and 1; 1884, not out 35 and 66; 1885, 22 and 76; 1886, 65 and 50 not out; 1887, 15 and 35; 1888, 3 and 1; 1889, 49 and 67; 1890, 14 and 7; and 1891, 8; while owing to a slight accident he was unable to play at the Oval this year.

### A GRAND RECORD.

Let us briefly examine this record. It shows that for the Gentlemen against the Players Mr. W. G. Grace has scored 3,652 runs in 90 innings, thus giving him the splendid average of 40·57. Between 1868 and 1881, at Lords and the Oval, Mr. Grace ran into treble figures ten times. In 1870, 1872 and 1873 he reached three figures in each match. Perhaps his finest display was in 1870 when he made 109 at Lords—a truly great display of cricket that contained so many as 47 singles. In the same year for the Gentlemen he rattled up 215 at the Oval. First man in at 23 minutes to two on the Friday, Mr. Grace was only the third man out at five minutes past one on Saturday, the score then being 329. His 215 consisted of one 8, three 5's, fourteen 14's, nine 3's, twenty-seven 2's, and 55 singles. It was a grand display of brilliant hitting. This was the match in which Mr. W. B. Money made his 109 not out. In addition to these innings Mr. Grace has also scored for the Gentlemen against the Players 217 at Brighton in 1871, 110 at the Prince's ground in 1874, and 169 at Hastings in 1891. In all these matches Mr. Grace has only been sent back once without scoring; but, for all that, his later performances clearly prove that the meridian is passed, and the leviathan no longer possesses his pristine powers.

### A BIG INNINGS BY PEEL.

"Sir Robert" Peel, as the little Yorks cricket professional is termed by his familiars, has been surprising even his admirers out Bradford way by scoring 226 not out against Leicestershire, and this out of a total of 509, including 36 credited to "Mr. Extras." Wainwright also rattled up 122, so that I should think the whole performance was calculated to knock the conceit out of Pougher, Joyce, and Woodcock, if they possess any of that commodity. Bobby Peel, who was born at Churwell, Yorkshire, on February 12, 1857, was no less than 26 years old before he came into any prominence as a cricketer, and then we had perhaps not heard so much of him but for a series of accidents. In the middle of 1882 Peel got his chance. Peate sprained his ankle, and Peel, who had bowled well for the Colts, was played by Yorkshire against Surrey, and he very soon earned his spurs. As poor Billy Bates also broke down in the same match, "Sir Robert" had ample opportunities of showing his skill with the ball. Next year he was permanently included in the Yorkshire team, and has never since been out of it. In addition to being a fine left-hand bowler with a break both from the off and leg, he is a capital bat with a solid defence. He enjoys a world-wide reputation.

## THE IN-COMING MAIL.

The P. and O. steamer Sutlej, with the English mails of the 22nd ult., left Aden at 11 a.m. yesterday, and may be expected to arrive in Bombay harbour at 6 p.m. on Sunday. The Sutlej, which left London on July 14, and Brindisi on July 24, brings the following passengers:—

From London: Mr. H. H. D'Oyly, Mrs. R. Dixon Carter, Mr. W. B. Turner, Mr. and Mrs. T. J. Williams, Mr. F. C. Beynon, Mr. A. Beynon, Mr. B. W. Blood, Mrs. Palmer, Lieut.-Col. F. W. Taylor, Major and Mrs. Pengree, Mr. and Mrs. Sooble, Mr. and Mrs. Bateson, Ghulam Mustafa, Mr. T. Wilson, Mr. Harwood, Mr. and Mrs. H. Hart, Mr. G. Ramsay, Miss Stanley, and Mr. Wetherill, Surg.-Capt. H. N. Thompson, and Mr. P. Modi.

From Brindisi: Rev. W. F. Thompson, Mr. and Mrs. Fagan, Hon. Justice J. W. Handley, Major Birch, Major W. C. Leathan, Capt. Dallas, Mr. T. Maclurcan, Lieut. W. N. Campbell, Mr. John C. Duffus, Mr. and Mrs. Prideaux, Mr. C. Y. Kendall, Mr. C. R. Ford, Mr. E. T. Lloyd, Mr. J. H. B. Hallen, Mr. F. Fielman, Mr. R. R. Gales, Mr. Kittudgt, Mr. Nixon, Capt. Wallace Georges, and Mr. H. C. Cartwright.

For Madras: Mr. Alex. Cumming, Mr. J. Brown, Mr. Wm. Taylor, Mr. E. Turner, Mr. H. T. Bull, Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Simpson, Mr. R. T. Gibbs, and Capt. Georges.

For Kurrachee: Mr. J. Tate.

## THE FAMINE DISTRICTS.

The subjoined telegrams from Collectors are in Form 14 of the Famine Relief Code for the week ending 30th July:—

### BELGAUM.

Jowari and Bajri 32 lbs. per rupee on average in the affected area. Two hundred and eighty-eight adults and 265 children employed on one Professional Agency work in the Gokak Taluka; expenditure including Sunday wages Rs. 275. No poor-houses opened or village relief administered. Cholera prevailing in Athni but decreasing in Gokak and Parasgad. Grain supply sufficient. Rainfall at Athni 1 cent, Gokak 42 cents and Parasgad 43 cents.

### DHARWAR.

Jowari 31 9-10 lbs. per rupee on average in the affected area. Attendance on Saturday 140 on 1 Professional Agency Local Board work in Navalgund; expenditure Rs. 145. Rainfall at Gadag 26 cents and Ron 64 cents. Cholera in two villages of Ron taluka and three villages of Gadag taluka. No poor-houses opened or village relief administered. Grain supply sufficient.

## BOMBAY GYMKHANA MUD SPORTS.

These sports will commence, at 5 p.m. sharp, to-day, (weather permitting) on the *maidan* behind Marine Lines.

On the 6th ult., says the *Lady's Pictorial*, at St. Mary's, West Kensington, by the Rev. Bradshaw Foy, vicar, the wedding was solemnised of Mr. A. McCaig Wither, Ashbourne, Derbyshire, son of Mr J. Wither, of Awhirth, Wigtonshire, N.B., to Miss Balmer (Fan), daughter of the Rev. S. Balmer, minister of the Parish of Portpatrick, Wigtonshire. The bride, who entered the church leaning on the arm of Mr. S. Digby, was given away by her sister, Mrs. Macmillan (Bombay). The bridal dress was of rich ivory velvet with petticoat of Oriental silver brocade, bordered with a full ruche; the bodice was handsomely trimmed with old lace and orange blossoms, and the court train was composed of velvet lined throughout with ivory bengaline; tulle veil, fastened with diamond pins, and exquisite shower bouquet of choice white flowers, the gift of the bridegroom. The bride was attended by her niece, Miss Macmillan, as bridesmaid, who was attired in a dress of cream crepon trimmed with pale pink; a large picture hat with white ostrich feathers, and shower bouquet of different coloured roses; she wore a gold bangle, the gift of the bridegroom. The best man was Mr. Lumley. After the ceremony a reception was held at 20, Matheson-road, West Kensington, the residence of Mrs. Macmillan, and at 4-30 Mr. and Mrs. A. McCaig Wither left for Preston *en route* for Scotland, where they intend spending their honeymoon. The bride's *costume de voyage* was of seagull grey crepon, trimmed with steel passementerie and large picture hat with grey ostrich feathers to match. Mrs. Macmillan wore a handsome dress of black crepon and silk, and carried a magnificent bouquet of dark red roses, the gift of the bride. Miss Leo Griffin looked charming in a princess gown of steel grey crepon, with shoulder capes of Irish point, large black picture hat, and an artistic shower bouquet of green and brown foliage, the gift of the bride. The presents were numerous and handsome.

## THE FOURTH CENTENARY OF THE DISCOVERY OF THE NEW WORLD.

To-day is the fourth centenary of the departure of Columbus on his voyage of discovery. Spain and America have arranged to celebrate the discovery of the New World, by Christopher Columbus, in October next; and the Portuguese journals give accounts of the proposals of the Portuguese nation to commemorate it in their country. Though not born in Portugal, and though his discovery was not made under the flag of Portugal, Columbus was still Portuguese in his connections, education, and the maritime adventure, which gave him the prevision of new lands in the west. His name is associated with the history of Portugal, and some score of years ago, while studying it in the National Lyceum of Goa, his life made such an impression on my mind that he ever since became an object of my admiration and reverence. The history of Portugal is a history of the past; and I feel a legitimate pride in being one of the humble sons of that history—the history of the discovery of lands situated both on the east and the west of Europe. The Portuguese nation had the glorious credit of discovering half the world within one century. A great English historian has aptly summarised the achievements of the nation:—"The coasts of Africa visited—The Cape of Good Hope rounded—The New World disclosed—The sea way to India, the Moluccas and China laid open—The globe circumnavigated, and Australia discovered—within one century of continuous and connected exploration." And all this through the initiative of that great Prince, Henry the Navigator, son of John I., of Portugal, and grandson of old John of Gaunt, of England. A renowned Portuguese historian, Senhor Manuel Pinheiro Chagas, held in May last a conference, at the Royal Academy of Sciences of Lisbon, under the auspices of His Majesty the King, Charles I., in which he paid a tribute of respect to the memory of Christopher Columbus. In his "History of Portugal," published several years ago, this author has stated that in 1463, or 29 years before Columbus, some two or three Portuguese navigators had visited lands of the New World, and called them "The Land of Codfish," but in the conference just referred to, he declared that the formal discovery of the New World certainly was accomplished by Columbus. The text, as published in a Portuguese journal, would be rendered as follows:—"Though Columbus was an Italian by birth, and a Spaniard by virtue of the victory he attained under the flag of that nation, the noble end which he accomplished in the history of maritime enterprize, was the result of a Portuguese intuition and of the Portuguese adventurous spirit, which was so manifest in him. Long before Columbus there was a belief amongst the sailors of Azores and Iceland as to the existence of land on the west, and several ships with Portuguese mariners had cruised fruitlessly in search of such land; and though they had noticed the existence of land in that direction, it cannot be said that any formal discovery had been made. That event, therefore, does not detract from the glory of Columbus, who eventually fought for and realised successfully those previsions by means of his profound faith and indomitable tenacity of purpose. Hence the achievement of the discovery of Columbus must not be discounted. The opinion which attributes the priority of discovery to Affonso Sanches, Joao Vaz Corte Real, and Joao Ramalho does not stand the test of criticism. The refusal of Don Joao II. to the proposal of Columbus for fitting out an expedition for the discovery of new lands by the western route was the only great mistake of that prince's reigh. The promptings of a positive spirit of economy led him to this refusal, which he, in his later life, much regretted. To approve the schemes of Columbus it was necessary to participate in the romantic spirit of adventure, which the Great King of Portugal did not possess. Had the great discoverer come forward in the time of the Infante D. Henrique, the latter would have comprehended the scope of the great admiral's plans. But D. Henrique was already dead, and D. Joao II., doubtful as he was as to the possibility of reaching the East by the western route, was fidgetting about the cost of such an enterprize. The thought of the Genoese adventurer could find echo only in the high-soaring spirit of a woman, Izabella the Catholic, who called up courage to sell all her jewels in order to furnish the great Admiral with caravels to discover new lands for propagating therein the Christian faith.

"But," says the historian, with brilliancy and marked emotion, "we certainly ought to celebrate, in the manner of Spain, the glory of Columbus, for, if the discovery of the new lands was made under the flag of Castile, it was under the influx of the spirit of maritime adventure initiated at the school of Sagres that it was achieved, and therefore the glory of Columbus—glory that does not become dim—is also that of Infante D. Henrique." In speaking of Columbus' life, his son and biographer, Ferdinand Columbus, says:—It was in Portugal that the Admiral began to surmise that if the Portuguese sailed so far south, one might also sail westward and find lands in that direction. Columbus stayed in Portugal and its colonies on the coast of Africa for fourteen years, from 1470 to the close of 1484, making several voyages during that period to that coast in the Portuguese service. He was married to Philippa Moniz de Perestrello, daughter of Bartholomew Perestrello, the then Governor of Porto Santo, where he had the opportunity to study and acquire a practical and accurate knowledge of the art of navigation. He obtained, on the death of his father-in-law, all the papers, journals, maps, and nautical instruments belonging to him. Several Portuguese pilots had told him their theories as to the existence of lands towards the west of the Atlantic Ocean. Among others, Martin Vincent, a Portuguese pilot, informed him that about 1,000 miles from Cape St. Vincent he had obtained from the waters of the ocean a piece of wood, well sculptured, though not with an iron instrument. Again Pedro Correa da Cunha, a brother-in-law of Columbus, told him that near Madeira he had found a similar piece of sculptured wood, drifting from the same western direction; that the King of Portugal had also received information of canes or what we should call *bamboos*, having been taken up from the waters in those parts, of such unusually gigantic size that the hollow space between two joints, would hold nine quart bottles of wine. Another author says that the King had preserved these canes and ordered them to be shown to Columbus. The Colonists of the Azores narrated to him that when the wind blew from the West, the sea water threw up and brought pines of a foreign species in the Islands of Gracioza and Fayal. Some other contemporaries further informed him that, on the shores of the island of Flores, there were found corpses, of two men, whose physiognomy and features differed entirely from those of Europeans, the corpses having broad faces. It was believed that these objects had been drifted down by the action of the west wind, or, as we should now say, by the current of the Gulf Stream of Florida.

The narrative of Marco Polo as well as of Sir John Mandeville, and the correspondence which was carried on in Lisbon between Fernando Martinez and Paulo Toscanelli of Florence, respecting the vast extent of Asia eastward and the commerce of the Portuguese to the coast of Africa, led Columbus to study still further the navigation of the ocean to the westward. He wrote a letter to Toscanelli, who, in reply, expressed his belief in the probability of lands existing in the west, and sent him a chart showing Marco Polo's description of the land. It was in 1480 that Martin Behaim completed and rendered the astrolade useful for navigation, and about this time Columbus submitted to the King of Portugal D. Joao II. his plan of a voyage of discovery westward. D. Joao consulted a council of geographers and mathematicians, composed of Rodrigo, Jose, and Cazadilla, Bishop of Ceuta, when the project was adjudged to be simply visionary. The king then convoked a second council of a large number of the most learned men in the kingdom, but their opinion only confirmed the verdict of the former council. However, as the king was in favour of the scheme, his councillors cunningly suggested a plan, which was mean and dishonest in the extreme. They procured from Columbus a detailed account of his plan and, under the pretext of conveying provisions to the Cape Verd Islands, despatched a caravel on a voyage on the suggested lines? But the caravel, after some days encountered a severe storm, and the crew returned to Lisbon ridiculing the scheme in excuse of their cowardice. This occurred in 1484, when Columbus indignantly left Lisbon with his son Diogo in order to offer his services to some other country.

It may be stated as an excuse for the opposition by the learned men of the time in the court of Portugal that nearly seventy years of continued effort of the part of the Portuguese navigators had confirmed them in the idea that the East could only safely be reached by the African Coast.

Having left Lisbon, Columbus went to Genoa to present his scheme to the Government there, and met with a similar refusal. At the latter part of 1485, according to his own statement, he sent his application to the King of Spain ; and it is most touching to reflect that on his way he had been necessitated to present himself at the Franciscan Convent of Santa Maria de Rabida to beg a morsel of bread for his son Diogo. And but for the lively interest then excited by his distress in the friar of the convent, Frey Joao Perez de Marchena, Columbus and his scheme of exploration might have died of starvation in Spain. This generous priest brought his case to the notice of Fernando de Talavera, friar of the Monastery of Prado, and confessor to the Queen, and he spoke to the Queen in favour of Columbus with the hope of gaining for him an audience of the court. The court, however, rejected the proposition and Columbus was disappointed. In the following year, Mendoza, the Archbishop of Toledo and Cardinal of Spain, was so impressed with the scheme that he became his protector, and Diogo de Deza, Archbishop of Seville, appreciated his arguments, and aided him with his influence and erudition ; and, although the committee of learned men in the court were reluctant to accept his scheme, they approved it so far that in 1491 they promised to reconsider the scheme, and Columbus in the following year, having made several appeals to the court, was allowed to set sail with a fleet of three ships on the 3rd of August 1492. During the voyage bad weather and various other difficulties including a mutiny of his crew, harassed him, but on the morning of the 12th of October his labours were crowned with success by the descrying of new lands, which brought unbounded joy to all. In one of the islands discovered, which he named San Salvador, he knelt down with his whole crew to render thanks to the Almighty. The others were called Santa Maria de la Conception, Exuma, Isabella, Cuba, Bohio, the Archipelago of the south coast of Cuba or Jardim d'El-Rei, the Islands of Santa Catharina and Hispaniola. Here he raised a fortress, which he called La Novidad, and at last, on the 16th January, 1493, he started on his return voyage. He was carried away by the trade-winds after a severe storm, and reached the island of Santa Maria of the Azores on the 18th February. The Governor of that place, acting under the general orders of the Portuguese sovereign, took him and his crew prisoners, and sent them to Portugal, but here they were liberated, and Columbus was invited and received most graciously by the King and Queen, though not without some manifestation of envy and jealousy on the part of those who had set their faces against his scheme. The magnanimous king took measures to prevent them from doing him any further harm. The Admiral, having left Portugal on the 3rd March, arrived safely at the port of Palos on the 15th, and was received in Spain with great honour, entering Barcelona in a triumphant procession. It is said that a description of this voyage and the discovery of the New World were made known to the public in a most demonstrative manner ; at the same time the narrative was printed and circulated in the various cities of Europe, and a poem composed on the occasion by a Florentine poet, Giuliano Dati, in *ottava rima*, was sung about the streets in the chief cities of Italy to announce the discovery of the New World.

It has been well stated that "while this vast achievement of Columbus was the link that united the Old World with the New, the explorations instituted by Prince Henry of Portugal were in truth the anvil on which that link was forged."

The King of Spain had given Columbus a solemn pledge of Viceroyalty with, according to some historians, one-tenth, and according to others, one-sixth part of the revenues of all the discovered lands. The following conditions were then made :—"If Columbus made no discoveries, he should have no reward ; if he did, he should be Viceroy on land and Admiral at sea, and have a tenth of the profits derived from all the countries discovered by him, and these privileges should descend to his posterity." Columbus was anxious to go on a second voyage to complete the discovery of a passage to Asia by the west, but various difficulties came in his way. Among others, there was a dispute between the Portuguese and the Spaniards about their respective rights to discover new lands, which raged with some fierceness. At last a Papal bull was obtained, which fixed the line of demarcation in regard to their respective rights, drawn from pole to pole about 100 leagues west of the Azores and the Cape Verd Islands. The discoveries to the westward of this artificial line were to belong to Spain, and those to the east to Portugal. After this, Columbus succeeded in getting an armament for a second voyage in 1493. In this voyage he discovered San Domingo, the Caribbean Islands, Jamaica, the archipelago of the Queen's Garden, Evangelista or the Isle of Pines and of Mona, Porto Rico, &c. After having suffered greatly from sickness, he returned in June, 1496. In 1498 he went for the third time to the New World and discovered the *terra firma*, and a land connected by three mountains, which he called la Trinidad ; also Margarida, Cubagua, Orinoco, Paria, etc. Thence he repaired to Hispaniola to take charge of the government of that place, but he had the mortification to find the Colony in a state of rebellion, which he quelled. His enemies, however, made a malicious report to the Spanish court, when the King and the Queen sent a judge to enquire into the matter with powers to divest him of the Governorship if the accusations were proved against him. Don Francisco de Bobadilla, who was deputed as Commissioner for the purpose, proceeded to the palace of Columbus, and during his absence took up his residence there, putting his brother in chains, and summoned the Viceroy who was then at Fort de la Conception, to appear before him. On his appearance the Viceroy was at once put in chains and sent on board the ship to be thus conveyed to Spain. When Andreas Martin, the master of the ship, touched with respect for the great merit of Columbus, proposed to take off his iron chains, he declined the proffered grace, saying :—"Since the King has commanded that I should obey his Governor ; he shall find me as obedient to this as I have been to all his other orders. Nothing but his command shall release me; if twelve years' hardship and fatigue ; if a continued series of dangers and periods of starvation ; if the ocean first opened and five times passed and re-passed to add a new world abounding with wealth to the Spanish monarchy ; and if an infirm and premature old age brought on by these services deserve these chains as a reward, it is very fit that I should wear them right up to Spain, and keep them by me as memorials till the end of my life." On his arrival in Spain he was set at liberty and received by the King and Queen in a most gracious and flattering manner, strong indignation being expressed against the conduct of Bobadilla with an assurance that he should be immediately dismissed from his command, while ample restitution rewards were promised to the great Admiral with every hope of his returning in honour and triumph to San Domingo. The promised reappointment, however, was postponed from time to time with plausible excuses, in spite of solemn pledges for a bestowal of Viceroyalty for life and the endowment of revenues. The court, it appears, never meant to fulfil their engagements, and it was possibly for this reason that Nicholas Ovando was appointed new Governor of Hispaniola and had a splendid fleet allowed him, while about the same time Columbus, on his fourth voyage, sailed with a slender and inexpensive armament for the purpose of discovering and exploring an unknown strait in an unknown ocean to find out a passage to the East Indies. He started for this purpose in 1502, and discovered and traced the coast of Darien, coasted Honduras, the Mosquito shore, Costa Rica and Veragua, and after a most disastrous and tempestuous voyage returned in September 1504, arriving at St. Lucas, on the 7th of November. To his great regret Columbus found Queen Isabella already dead, and the king once more prejudiced against him. Broken down in health and spirit, he lingered out the remaining two years of his life in utter neglect and extreme poverty, having to borrow for his bare subsistence from others. The death of Queen Isabella, who was so benignant to him, gave a final blow to all his hopes of redress. At last he wrote to his old faithful friend, Archbishop Diego de Deza :—"It appears that his Majesty does not think fit to fulfil that which he with the queen, who is now in heavenly glory, promised me by word and under seal. For me to contend against him, would be to contend with the wind ; I have done all that I could ; I leave the rest to God, who has ever been propitious in all my necessities."

Such was the gross ingratitude of the Spanish Court that not even a small reward was ever allowed to Columbus, who had given them a New World ! It is a remarkable fact in the biography of this great and pious Admiral, that even the infliction of chains as a recompense for that gift never provoked him to disloyalty. His great heart taught him to bear with majestic meekness the conversion of his glory into unmerited ignominy of chains. He died on 20th May, 1506, and his body was buried at Valladolid, in the Church of Santa Maria de la Antigua. In 1513 it was transferred to the Cartuja de las Cuevas, near Seville, a monument being erected over his grave with the following memorable inscription :—

"A Castilla Y A Leon,
Nuevo Mundo Dia' Colon."

(To Castila and Leon, Columbus
has given a New World.)

In the year 1536 his body and that of his son Diego were removed to the Cathedral of San Domingo ; from whence they were again removed to the Cathedral Church of Havanna in 1795, and here the ashes of the immortal discoverer quietly repose to this day.

It has been announced in the latest journals that almost all the nations of Europe have prepared to send to the great Fair of the World at Chicago some token of their affectionate respect to the memory of the great adventurer. His Holiness Pope Leo XIII. is to send from the Vatican Library some most important and old maps of the New World. As stated before, Columbus on setting his foot on the new Continent for the first time at San Salvador knelt down and kissed the earth, raising his head and arms in thanksgiving to God. May it be hoped, therefore, that a Cross be raised on this spot by the Western Nations, if no other monument be erected to celebrate the event ! The whole Roman Catholic World is anxious for the canonization of Christopher Columbus, and some of the journals even announce that the Pope and the College of Cardinals have had before them in consideration, for many, many years past, the "process" of his canonization, and it is hoped that this being decided in his favour, he will be proclaimed a Saint.

A. P. D'ANDRADE.

## SAD DEATH OF A STUDENT.

Dr. Thomas Blaney, the City Coroner, held an inquest on the body of Charles Shannon, aged 15 years a student in St. Mary's College, Mazagon, at the European General Hospital, yesterday morning.

Francis Preute the lay-brother in charge of the College infirmary, said he had looked at the body of the deceased and recognised it as that of Charles Shannon, who was a boarder in the school. His age was 15 years. Deceased joined the school about six years ago. His health was generally good. Deceased came to the sick-room some ten days ago suffering slightly from fever and occupied a cot there. At 1 a.m. on Monday morning witness was sleeping in the infirmary in the same room with deceased on a cot five or six yards away, when he heard a fall which awakened him. Witness jumped out of bed and found the deceased lying on the floor on his face. It was a bare boarded floor. When witness lifted him up and asked him what he wanted, deceased replied that he wanted to go to the bath-room and was conducted there. When witness put him into bed again he asked him if he was hurt and deceased said no. There was no fever on him, and he had none the day before. Deceased was not delirious at any time before the fall, but he became unconscious ten minutes after witness put him in bed. As deceased was still unconscious at daylight he was conveyed to the European General Hospital in a gharry. The cot on which deceased slept was 19 inches high.

Doctor Baker, resident surgeon of the European General Hospital, deposed that deceased was brought to the hospital at 6 a. m. on Monday morning, and the person who brought him thought the symptoms of deceased's sufferings were those of cholera. Deceased was, accordingly, placed in the cholera ward. Witness saw him about 8 a. m. Deceased was previously seen and treated by the apothecary, Mr. King. When witness saw deceased he was suffering from evident symptoms of compression of the brain, for which witness could discover no cause except a limited contusion on the left lower frontal region. No fracture of the skull was discovered; and when witness next saw him at 10 a.m. he had his first convulsions, after which he had paralysis of the left side of the face. At 10-30 a. m. witness again visited deceased in consultation with Dr. Arnott. Witness saw deceased again at 2-30 p.m. The convulsions continued and he died soon after. Witness was of opinion that the cause of death was compression of the brain, and such compression could have been caused by a fall from a cot.

Severinus Noti, S.J., the Rector of St. Mary's College, said the case was brought to his notice at 1-30 a. m. in the night, and he went to the sick-room. He found deceased lying unconscious in bed. Witness was told deceased had a fall. Deceased remained unconscious, and as soon as a garry was obtained, which was about 5 a. m., witness took deceased to the European General Hospital where the apothecary, Mr. King, saw him immediately. Witness told the apothecary that he had brought a patient, but did not know what was the matter with him, beyond that he had had a fall and had vomited afterwards. Witness thought the vomiting might be symptoms of cholera, and, therefore, told Mr. King about it. Deceased was then placed in the cholera ward. Witness knew deceased about six years. Deceased had never suffered from fits before.

Arthur Victor Marshall King, sub-assistant apothecary, deposed that deceased was brought to the hospital at 6 a.m. on Monday morning by a reverend gentleman connected with St. Mary's College, who told him the boy was suffering from vomiting and purging and cramps, and that during one of the fits of cramps he had probably a fall off his cot. Witness found the deceased in a state of collapse, and saw he had a contusion over the left forehead. As the case seemed suspicious he sent for Mr. Church, his immediate superior, as witness did not understand the case. Mr. Church came and ordered the deceased to be put into the cholera ward, after hearing the history of the case from the reverend gentleman. Deceased was unconscious the whole while.

Dr. Blaney, in placing the circumstances of the case before the jury, said it was in the dead hours of the night when the accident happened, and it was, perhaps, a piece of good fortune that the brother in charge of the infirmary had been awakened by hearing a thud on the floor, or the boy may have laid unconscious on the floor and been found dead in the morning. The case was very extraordinary, particularly through death occurring in such a simple way. This was a very unusual thing. If the jury were to accept the reverend gentleman's statement that the deceased fell off the cot and got a bruise on the left side of his forehead, then that fall was the cause of his death, because the evidence which followed, namely, that of Dr. Baker, showed that a contusion was discovered. Dr. Baker tried very hard to discover whether the skull was fractured, but could not find an open fracture, though he knew there was a fracture of the skull. If the jury were in doubt a *post mortem* examination could be made. The main point for the jury to consider was whether death was caused, as Dr. Baker deposed, by compression of the brain, which was brought about by a blood-vessel becoming ruptured and the blood rushing out and pressing on the brain, which caused the deceased to become unconscious. Dr. Baker said the deceased had paralysis on one side, and that proved that there was a concussion on the left side. Such a compression could be caused by a fall off a cot which was nineteen inches high, but such a height was very little to cause death when it was to be remembered that the flooring was not of concrete, or stone, or any hard substance, but a boarded flooring. Such an instance seldom occurred, perhaps once in twenty years or once in ten thousand falls. As Dr. Baker said it was possible the boy fell off his cot during his sleep, because when the reverend gentleman, who first went to him, asked him what he wanted, he said he wanted to go to the bath-room which seemed to show he was well. If the jury were quite satisfied with the evidence, there was nothing else before them than to come to the conclusion that deceased died from concussion of the brain received by falling off his cot during his sleep. Any idea or suspicion of violence was out of the question as there was no such evidence in the case.

The jury returned an unanimous verdict that the death of Charles Shannon was caused on or about the 1st of August by compression of the brain sustained by an accidental fall from his cot on the floor during sleep.

After the inquest the body was conveyed to the Sewree Cemetery and buried.

# NEWS OF THE DAY.

THE proceedings at the opening of Parliament have been decided upon. The Queen's speech having been read, the Opposition will introduce a motion with a view to eliciting an adverse vote compelling the Ministry to resign.

THE Government of India is said to be seriously considering the desirability of despatching a mission to Kabul.

A FURTHER list of honours is announced, Mr. Portal and Mr. Joseph Barnley being knighted, and Sir Frank Lascelles being created a K. G. C. M. G.

CHOLERA is spreading in Russia, and serious riots are reported from Taskend.

THE funeral of the late Mrs. Plowden took place on Sunday evening at Bolaram cemetery.

A GOVERNMENT resolution on the annual report of the working of the Railway police shows that while cognisable crime increased very largely on the G. I. P. Railway and slightly on the S. M. R., it remained practically stationary on the B. B. and C. I. Railway. Mr. Beatty is commended for the manner in which he has discharged his duties.

THE Hon. Mr. Justice Jardine, as Judge of the Parsee Chief Matrimonial Court, has refused to grant an application for arrears of alimony *pendente lite* made by Mr. E. D. Reporter, solicitor, on behalf of Hirabai against her husband Dhunjibhoy Bomonjee Kalfate. It was a suit for judicial separation which, in July 1891, was dismissed by Mr. Justice Birdwood on the ground that the petitioner's allegations did not show such cruelty or such conduct on the part of the respondent as was contemplated by the Parsee Marriage and Divorce Act to entitle a wife to judicial separation. The petition applied for a review of judgment on the grounds that the managing clerk of her former solicitors had withheld from her counsel certain material facts proving the respondent's cruelty, and that her counsel were, therefore, not aware of those material facts, and so could bring them to the notice of the Court. Mr. Justice Birdwood refused the application for review of the judgment, and the petitioner presented an appeal to Sir Charles Sargent, Chief Justice, who postponed the application until after the last May vacation. On the petitioner applying for arrears of alimony *pendente lite*, his Lordship directed that the application should be made to the Judge of the Parsee Chief Matrimonial Court. The appeal was eventually admitted by Mr. Justice Candy ; and the petitioner subsequently applied for the arrears of her alimony, as directed by the Chief Justice, to the Judge of the Parsee Chief Matrimonial Court, who has refused the application.

LADY WENLOCK is at present staying in Coonoor, and Captain the Hon. G. A. Lascelles is in attendance on Her Excellency. Meanwhile, the Governor is at Ootacamund, where the customary entertainments are being given at Government House.

ACCORDING to present arrangements, Sir James Dormer will probably leave Ootacamund on the 11th or 12th proximo for Bangalore, and will be absent for about one week ; thence his Excellency will return to Army Head-Quarters, leaving for the Western coast about the end of next month or the beginning of September.

THE Queen (says "Atlas" in the *World*) evinced the keenest interest in the visit of the Baroda party to Windsor, as she made the acquaintance of the Gaekwar and his wife nearly five years ago, before she had commenced to learn Hindustanee, and when the Maharanee was equally ignorant of English. The deportment of Syaji Rao impressed her Majesty very favourably during his first stay in England. The first audience was granted to the Maharanee, who addressed the Queen in very fair English, while the Queen answered, without much difficulty, in Hindustanee. A prolonged conversation ensued, Mrs. Elliot interpreting very satisfactorily whenever it became necessary. The Queen also spoke very kindly to the two little boys, who wore velvet costumes richly embroidered with gold, and caps with diamond aigretres. Their mother looked very well indeed, dressed in a dark blue *saree* with a heavy gold border, a bright pink jacket, and some of the finest pearls, emeralds, and diamonds ever seen at Windsor in the day-time. The Queen inquired anxiously about the education of the children, and it is settled that they are to remain at Folkestone during the sojourn of their parents in Switzerland, under the care of the Gaekwar's brother Sumputrao, whose wife, Seetabai, was also received by the Queen.

THE case of "Mann *vs.* Ward," which came before the Court of Appeal on Thursday (14th ult.) raised a point as to the liability of a cab-owner for the negligence of his servants. It appeared that plaintiff was crossing Bond-street, when he was struck by the defendant's cab, which was being driven on the wrong side of the street. He was knocked down and seriously injured. The man who was driving attempted to escape, but was too drunk to succeed, and it was then discovered that the licensed driver of the cab was also drunk and asleep inside the cab. An action was brought against the owner of the cab, but Mr. Justice Grantham non-suited the plaintiff, on the ground that the defendant was not responsible for the conduct of the person driving the cab, who was not his servant. The plaintiff appealed against this decision. The appeal was dismissed with costs.

OFFICIAL intelligence of a somewhat serious disaster to French arms in Tonquin has reached the French Colonial Office. The Governor of Indo-China telegraphs from Hanoi, that a French convoy, while on the way to Langson, fell into a Chinese ambuscade near Bacle. Commander Boneau, of the marine infantry, and Captain Charpentier, of the naval artillery, together with ten men, were killed, and 17 men were wounded. The bodies of the dead and the wounded were conveyed to Bacle with the convoy.

IT is likely that an empty balloon which descended at Keevil on Tuesday morning, 12th ultimo, in the grounds of Colonel Wallington was the balloon Jupiter, which set out on Monday evening at nine o'clock from Havre, having three æronauts on board. The night was stormy, with a strong wind, and within five minutes the balloon had disappeared from view, being carried over the Channel. At 10 o'clock the coastguardsman on duty at La Heve perceived distinctly signs of distress six or seven miles out at sea which clearly could not have come from any passing ship, so rapidly was the object from which the lights came being carried in the direction of the ocean west-south-west. A report to the Commissary of Marine at Honfleur states that at about 12 o'clock on the night of the 11th some fishermen saw a balloon very little above the sea. People were in it at that time, and desperate cries for help were heard ; but by the time the fishermen had drawn in their nets to go to the rescue a violent squal had arisen, and the balloon was lost in the distance.

SIR JOHN ROBINSON and Mr. G. M. Sutton, the delegates who had been sent to England to confer with Lord Knutsford on the subject of responsible government for Natal, and who are now returning to that colony, left Southampton on July 9 in the Union Company's steamer Athenian. Lady and Miss Robinson accompanied Sir John Robinson. According to the *Daily Chronicle*, Sir John Robinson is pleased on the whole with the result of the mission. The delegates "have gone over carefully with Lord Knutsford and the permanent officials of the Colonial Office the details of the new Constitution for the colony, and believe that it will meet with acceptance in Natal." One thing, however, is certain, the present hybrid Constitution—a Crown-appointed Governor and a popularly-elected Assembly—is quite unworkable, and though some of the more advanced colonists may not like the supposed safeguard of an Upper Chamber, upon which Lord Knutsford insisted, the Imperial assent to a popularly-chosen Ministry and the other elements of a self-governing Constitution will be appreciated in the colony. Sir John Robinson had happily an encouraging report to make respecting the relations between the colonists and the natives. "Upon good relations in that quarter the progress of South Africa must very largely depend."

## INDIAN PATENTS.

APPLICATIONS in respect of the undermentioned inventions have been filed during the week ending 16th July 1892, under the provisions of Act V of 1888, in the office of the Secretary appointed under the Inventions and Designs Act, 1888 :—Walter Swain and William Philipson, of Hillfold Mill, Astley Bridge, near Bolton, in the county of Lancaster, Pneumatic Tyre Manufacturers, for "improvements in the construction of tyres for bicycles, tricycles, and other road vehicles" : Theodor Faeger, of Russum, in the kingdom of Prussia and German Empire, Architect, for "chimney cowl" ; Edwin Metcalf Leslie Marriott, Colonel in her Majesty's Indian Army, at present stationed at Lucknow, and William Hunt Sinclair Marriott, of Cawnpore, North-Western Provinces, for "an improved tethering gear to be known as the 'Simplex shackle tethering gear,' and for improvements connected therewith" and Christopher Edward Phipps, Locomotive Superintendent, Madras Railway, but at present on his way to England, for "an improved travelling cash chest, to be called 'Phipps' patent secure travelling cash chest.' "

Specifications of the undermentioned inventions have been filed, under the provisions of Act V of 1888, in the office of the Secretary.

Kali Krishna Mookerji, Assistant Engineer, Provincial Works, Jhelum, Punjab, for "an Engineer's pocket rule." (Filed 15th June 1892 ;) Charles F. Miller, Manufacturer, of Lancaster, in the county of Lancaster, State of Pennsylvania, United States of North America, for "improvements in refrigerators." (Filed 8th July 1892 ;) George William Rowe and William George Heys, both of the city of Manchester, in the county of Lancaster, Engineers, for improvements in, and relating to, pneumatic and similar tyres." (Filed 6th July 1892 ;) Francis Teague, of the Acme Electric Works, Ferdinand Street, Chalk Farm, in the county of London, England, for "improvements in electricity meters." (Filed 8th July 1892 ;) James Howarth Parkinson, Gas Engineer, of Stretford, in the county of Lancaster, England, for "improvements in extracting and utilising heat for motive power." (Filed 7th July 1892. ;) John Draper, Chemist, of 38th Street, above 5th Avenue, Brooklyn, New York, United States of America, but at present residing at No. 4, Albany Street, Kelvinside, Glasgow, in the county of Lanark, North Britain, for "improvements in the method of, and means for, removing and preventing scales or incrustations in steam boilers, and for the prevention of pitting, corrosion, or oxidization of such boilers, which improvements are also applicable to the coating of iron or steel articles generally, so as to protect them from oxidization." (Filed 5th July 1892). ; and John Tyack Sandell, of 10, Pall Mall, London, S. W., England, General Manager of Messrs. R. W. Thomas & Co. (Limited), Photographic Manufacturers for "an improvement in the manufacture on sensitive plates and films or other media for photographic purposes." (Filed 4th July 1892.)

The undermentioned design has been registered. Messrs. Huber & Co., Merchants, residing at No. 3, Barretto's Lane, Calcutta, for "A-1 or multi-coloured border design."

Applications in respect of the undermentioned inventions have been filed :—P. Donaldson, Superintendent of the Presidency Jail, Calcutta, residing at the Presidency Jail quarters, for "a hygienic latrine pan and water flush for natives of India." Robert Nesbit Coghlan, of Karachi, India, Collector of Customs and Salt Revenue in Sind, for "improvements in scales or weighing machines." Charles Frederic Ainsworth, of Lower Brazley, Harwich, Cottonspinner, and John Haydock, of 315, Manchester Road, Bolton, Mill Manager, both in the county of Lancaster, England, for "improvements in scutching machines and Derby lap machines and such other machines as are used in the treatment of cotton and other fibrous sub stances for the formation of a lap." Edward Waller Stoney, Civil Engineer of Madras, for "an invention to be called 'E. W. Stoney's patent safety T. switch handle ;" and Uriah Cummings, Manufacturer, residing at No. 376, Whitney Avenue, in the city of New Haven, in the county of New Haven, in the State of Connecticut in the United States of America, for "pulverizing machines."

Specifications of the undermentioned inventions have been filed :—Mohammed Hossain, Subordinate, Public Works Department, of 16, Kotwal, Road, Sudder Bazar, Cantonment, Rangoon, Burma, for "a hand-power road picking and ramming machine." (Filed 13th July 1892 ;) Lewis William Shedden, Gentleman, and William Geary Yeatman, Watchmaker, both of Lymington, Hampshire, England, for "improvements in actuating punkahs. (Filed 7th July 1892. ;) Archibald Constable, of 14, Parliament Street, in the city of Westminster, England, Publisher for "improvements in means for the protection of books." (Filed 15th July 1892 ;) Eleanor Lotinga, Gentlewoman, residing at Ely, near Cardiff, in the County of Glamorganshire, in England, for "improvements in the construction of go-carts, dog-carts, and other like vehicles, whereby they are rendered convertible from one form of vehicle into another." (Filed 12th July 1892 ;) James Garner, of 31, Union Street, Tyldesley, in the county of Lancaster, England, Manager, Thomas Cockerill, of 105, Derby Street, Bolton, in the county of Lancaster, aforesaid, Chemical Engineer, and Christopher Porrett, of Change Alley, Sheffield, in the county of York, England, Insurance Manager, for "improvements in, and connected with, hoists." (Filed 16th July 1892 ;) Alister MacNab, of Cocanada, Madras Presidency, India, merchant, for an "improvement in the manufacture of Bay salt." (Filed 13th July 1892 ;) Johannes Lecman Abderhalden, of Saint Gallen, in Switzerland, Manufacturer, for "an improved punkah apparatus or machine." (Filed 7th July 1892 ;) Charles Augus Pooley, Attorney-at-law, of No. 24, West Seneca, in the city of Buffalo, county of Erie, and State of New York, United States of America, for "automatic couplings for railway coaches, trucks, wagons, cars, and like vehicles." (Filed 18th July 1892 ; Peter Ferguson and William Young Fleming, of the firm of Messrs. Fleming and Ferguson, Phœnix Engine Works, Paisley, Renfrewshire, Engineers and Shipbuilders, and George Dixon, Manager to Messrs. John Musgrave & Sons, Engineers, Globe Iron Works, Bolton, Lancashire, for "improvements in motive power engines actuated by steam or other fluid pressure." (Filed 18th July 1892 ; ) William Priessnitz Bonwick, Engineer, of 59, Blomfield Road, Paddington, in the county of London, England, for "improvements in bottle-stoppers." (Filed 16th July 1892 ;) Kenneth Thomas Sutherland, Chemical Manufacturer, 39, Pritchard Street, Charlton-upon-Medlock, Manchester, and George Esdaile, Civil Engineer, the Old Rectory, Platt, in Rusholme, Manchester, for "an improved method of treating vegetable fibres, so that they will spin more easily and make stronger yarn, thread, or strand." (Filed 4th April 1892 ;) Albert Priestley, of the firm of Messrs. Priestley & Co., Sculptors, Cawnpore, and Alfred Butterworth, Mill Manager, Cawnpore, for "improvements in match-making." (Filed 13th July 1892 ;) and Howard Lane, of Corporation Street, Birmingham, in the county of Warwick, England, Engineer, for "improvements in valves and fittings for portable reservoirs or holders of compressed air or liquefied or other gases."

## MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVALS.—JULY 31.

Smith, Surgn-Capt, Bo, I M S, on duty, from Poona.
Stuart-Prince, Lieut, 13th Ms I, on furlough, from Bangalore

AUGUST 2.

Eardley-Wilmot, Capt, Ms, on leave, from Bangalore.
Wilkins, Lieut, 14th Bo I on leave, from Deesa.

DEPARTURES.—AUGUST 1.

Toker, Col, Bengal, Mily Dept, to join, to Calcutta.
Tate, Capt, Bengal, 15th B L, on leave, to Jeypore.

AUGUST 2.

Adamson, Surgn-Capt, Ms, Medical Staff, off leave, to Bangalore.
Maberley, Major, Ms, R A, from leave, to Bangalore.
Johnson, Lieut, Ms, 15th Hussars, off leave, to Bangalore.
Smith, Surgn-Capt, Bo, I M S, on duty, to Kamptee.
Eardley-Wilmot, Capt, Ms, 2nd M L, to join Regt.

## BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY LIEUT.-COL. THE HON. L. H. BAYLEY, A.-D.-C., COMMANDING B. V. R.

Bombay, 3rd August 1892.

BOMBAY LIGHT HORSE.

1 There will be drill in the Town Hall on Friday, the 5th instant, at 5-30. p.m.

By order,
(Sd.) J. P. BAIRD, Captain,
and Acting Adjutant, B. V. R.

## GOVERNMENT OF INDIA ORDERS.

*(Gazette of India, July 30.)*

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

Privilege leave of absence for twenty-four days is granted to Mr S H James, I C S, secy to the Govt of India in the Legislative Dept.

Mr J M Macpherson, Barrister-at-Law, Depy Secy to the Govt of India, in the Legislative Dept, is appointed to act as Secy in that Dept, during the absence on leave of Mr S H James, or until further orders.

Mr A Strachey, Barrister-at-law, Reporter for the Indian Law Reports in the High Court of Judicature for N-W Provinces, is granted leave of absence for three-and-a-half months.

Mr W K Porter, Barrister-at-law, is appointed to officiate as Reporter for the Indian Law Reports in the High Court of Judicature for the N-W Provinces, during the absence on leave of Mr A Strachey, or until further orders.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

The services of the undermentioned officers are placed at the disposal of the Chief Commissioner of Burma for employment as Assist Comdts in the Upper Burma Military Police :—Lieut A H R Milne, ICS, 5th Bo Infy ; and Lieut F H Domenichetti, ISC, 28th Madras Infy.

SURVEYS.

Lieut A J Pilcher, R E, is appointed to the Survey of India Dept as an Assist Supt of the Ind grade.

Lieut-Col J E Sandeman, S C, Depy Supt, 1st grade, Survey of India Dept, is appointed to be Director of Bengal Surveys.

Col H R Thuillier, R E, Surveyor-General of India, is granted privilege leave for three months.

During Col Thuillier's absence, on leave, Col G Strahan, R E, Depy Surveyor-General, in charge Trigonometrical Branch, will act as Surveyor General, in addition to his present duties.

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

Lieut-Col W Loch, I S C, Additional Political Agent of the 3rd class, is appointed to be an Additional Political Agent, 2nd class.

Dastur Edulji Bymonji, Assist Commissioner of the 2nd class and Offg Special Assist Commissioner, has been appointed to be a Special Assist Commissioner, sub pro tem, in the Hyderabad Assigned Districts.

The following promotion and appointments are made in and to the Berar Commission :—Mr E Marshall, Extra Assitt Commissioner of the 5th class, to be an Extra Assist Commissioner of the 4th class ; Mr Ganesh Bapuji, Tahsildar of the 2nd grade and Offg Extra Assist Commissioner of the 5th class to be an Extra Assist Commr of the 5th class ; Mr Sakharam Atmaram Adhikari, Clerk of Court to the First Assist to the Resident at Hyderabad, to officiate until further orders as an Extra Assist Commissioner of the 5th class.

The services of Mr A Rowland, Assist Engr, 1st grade State Railways, are replaced at the disposal of the Public Works Dept.

Mr A Ardagh, Abkari Inspector in the Bombay Presidency, is appointed to be an Extra Assist Commissioner of the 2nd class and Depy Supdt of Excise in the Hyderabad Assigned Districts.

FINANCE AND COMMERCE DEPARTMENT.

Mr E Monks, Supdt of Post Offices in Burma, is appointed to hold charge of the Office of Depy Postmaster-General, Burma, in addition to his duties.

Mr R H Kelly, Supdt of Post Offices, is appointed to act as Depy Postmaster-General, Eastern Bengal.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

Lieut W A M Bruce, I S C, Depy Assist Commissary-Genl 2nd class, on probation, is confirmed in that appointment.

Second-Lieut T S Tancred, 15th Hussars, offg Wing Officer, 29th (Punjab) Regt of Bengal Infantry, having completed eighteen months' probationary service, is admitted to the Indian Staff Corps.

Second-Lieut Tancred will rank as Lieut in the Indian Staff Corps from the above date, subject to H M's approval.

The undermentioned officer is granted leave to proceed out of India on private affairs under the leave rules for the Staff Corps ; the specified period to count from the date of being struck off duty :—Capt P B Lindsell, I S C, Sqn Commander, 15th (Cureton's Multani) Regt of Bengal Lancers, for one year.

The undermentioned officers are granted leave to proceed out of India on medical certificate under the leave rules for the Staff Corps :—Lieut C T Hodgson, I S C, Sqdn Officer and Adjt, 1st Regt of Bengal Cavy, for three months and twenty day ; and Lieut N J H Powell, I S C, Wing Officer, 23rd (Punjab) Regt of Bengal Infy (Pioneers), for one year.

Lieut-Col C Cunningham, R E, Ex Engr, 1st grade, Military Works Dept, is granted leave in and out of India, (p. a.) for one year, under the leave rules for the Staff Corps, with effect from the date of being struck off duty.

Lieut H W Cruddas, R I Regt, probationer, I S C, 37th (Dogra) Regt of Bengal Infy, is permitted to proceed to England (m. c.).

The undermentioned officers and warrant officer have been granted extensions of furlough or leave by the Secy of State for India :—Lieut R E Foley, I S C, Wing Officer, 45th (Rattray's Sikh) Regt of Bengal Infantry, (m. c.) for four months ; Lieut W K Scharlieb, I S C, 8th Regt of Bengal Cavy, (m c) for four months ; Lieut J A Wilson, I S C, Wing Officer, 44th Gurkha Rifle) Regt of Bengal Infy (m c) for four months. Lieut C C Renton, I S C, Wing Officer, 6th Infy Hyderabad Contingent, (m c) for four months ; Surg-Capt, J T Daly (m c) for three months ; and Condr W Davis Ordnance Dept, (m c) for three months.

Col J C Stewart, C B, I S C, has been permitted by the Secy of State for India to reside out of India.

Col F D M Brown, V C, I S C, Principal, Thomason College, Rurki, is permitted to reside out of India.

The absence of Capt A B Shute, R A Comt, No. 2 Field Battery, Hyderabad Contingent, on the 16th and 17th August 1891, is reckoned as leave.

The following promotions are made, subject to Her Majesty's approval :—Indian Staff Corps :—Capt and Bt-Major Harry Heptinstall R Heath to be Major—and Lieut W C R Stratton to be Captain.

Sub-Condr T R Mundy to be Condr and Sergts A Edwards and T Miller to be Sub-Conductors.

NATIVE ARMY.

12th Bengal Cavalry—Dafadar Ganga Ram to be Jamadar, vice Jawahir Singh, deceased, with effect from the 23rd June 1892.

13th (The Shekhawati) Regt of Bengal Infantry—Havildar Tota Ram to be Jemadar, vice Ganga Bishn, deceased, with effect from the 28th April 1892.

(Punjab) Regt of Bengal Infantry—Subadar Desa Singh to be Subadar-Major, Jemadar Abdullah Khan to be Subadar, and Drill-Havildar Ram Singh to be Jemadar, vice Gokul Singh, Sardar Bahadur, transferred to the pension establishment, with effect from the 19th March 1892.

RETIREMENTS.

The undermentioned officers have been permitted by the Secy of State for India to retire from the service, with effect from the dates specified, subject to Her Majesty's approval :—Col R Beavan, I S C, Depy Supdt, 3rd grade, Survey of India :—Capt T S M Woolley, I S C (temporary half-pay).

Surgn-Lieut-Col E Mulvany, Civil Surgn, Muzaffarnagar, is permitted to retire from the service.

Lieut C Harris, Assist Commissary, Commissariat-Transport Dept, is permitted to retire from the service.

Second grade Senior Apothecary W I Knight is placed on the retired list.

REWARDS.

The Governor General in Council is pleased to sanction the admission of the undermentioned native officer and sepoy to the 3rd class of the Order of Merit :—Jamadar Heeralal Singh, 3rd Beng Infy ; and Sepoy Slagram Singh, 3rd Beng Infy.

The Governor-General in Council is pleased to sanction the admission to the third class of the Order of Merit of the undermentioned native officer of the Bhamo Battalion of the Burma Military Police :—Jamadar Hori Singh.

VOLUNTEER CORPS.

H E the Govr-Genl in Council is pleased to sanction the designation of the 3rd Punjab (N-West Railway Volr Rifle Corps), being changed to "The N-W Railway Volr Rifles."

The N-W Railway Volr Rifles—Lieut-Col R A Sargeant, R E, to be Hony Col, vice the Hon'ble Sir J B Lyall, GCIE, KCSI, resigned.

Presidency Volr Rifle Battalion—Mr G Pirie, to be Second-Lieut, vice Atiken, resigned.

Cawnpore Rifle Corps—Lieut A Sabonadiere (supernumerary) resigns his commission.

The services of Colonel F D M Brown, V C, I S C, Principal, Thomason Civil Engineering College, Rurki, are replaced at the disposal of the Military Dept.

Mr H Stewart, Offg Examiner of Accounts, Eastern Bengal State Railway, is confirmed in that appointment.

H E the Govr Genl-in Council, having sanctioned a survey being undertaken for a line of railway from Aonla station on the Oudh and Rohilkhand Railway to the town of Budaon, a distance of 18 miles, is pleased to place the same under the control of the Director of General Railways. The project will be known as the Aonla-Budaon RailwaySurvey.

Mr R A English is appointed to officiate in Class III of Examiners.

The services of Col J G Forbes, R E, Secy to the Govt of India in the Public Works Dept, are replaced at the disposal of the Military Dept.

Mr F L O'Callaghan, C S I, C I E, Consulting Engr, to the Govt of India for State Railways, in appointed Secy to the Government of India in the Public Works Dept.

TELEGRAPHS.

The Govr-Genl in Council is pleased to order the following temporary promotions in the Superior Establishment of the Indian Telegraph Dept, with effect from the dates specified :—E F Wallis, Supdt Class IV, 3rd grade, temporary rank ; and P M Madge, Supdt, Class IV, 3rd grade, temporary rank.

SURVEY OF INDIA DEPARTMENT (REVENUE BRANCH.)

Mr T Shaw, Surveyor, 4th grade, is granted privilege leave for three months.

TELEGRAPH DEPARTMENT.

Mr T D Berrington, Assist Supt, class V, 1st grade, is allowed furlough for seven months.

AGENT TO THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL FOR CENTRAL INDIA.

Lieut D H Cameron, attached, 1st Regt, Central India Horse, is granted privilege leave for sixty days.

Col H M Buller, Comt, Central India Horse, and Political Agent in Western Malwa, is granted privilege leave for 2 months.

DIRECTOR-GENERAL OF RAILWAYS.

Lieut W G Hibbert, R E, Assist Engr, 2nd grade, is posted to the N-W Railway.

Mr C E Stanley, Assist Traffic Supt, class III, grade 3, of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, is appointed to officiate as Dist Traffic Supt, N-W Railway, in class II, during the absence on privilege leave of Mr F A Higman, or until further orders.

## PROVINCIAL GAZETTES.

*(The Punjab Gazette.)*

The Reverend F J Warlow, M A, Chaplain of Quetta, has obtained privilege leave of absence for three months.

Mr F A Robertson, Director of Land Records and Agriculture, Punjab, resumed charge.

Lieut H E Whiffin, 13th Bengal Lancers, is appointed a Magistrate of the 3rd Class within the limits of the Nowshera Cantonment, and he is appointed Cantonment Magte for the same Cantonment.

H H the Lieut-Govr is pleased to sanction the following permanent promotions in the Engineer Estab of the Irrigation Branch of the Public Works Depnt, Punjab :—Mr J Benton, from Ex Engr 2nd grade, to Ex Engr, 1st grade ; Mr K S Bellasis, from Ex Engr, 2nd grade, sub. pro tem., to Ex Engr, 2nd grade ; and Mr J T Bosse, from Ex Engr, 4th grade, to Ex Eng 3rd grade.

*(Calcutta Gazette.)*

ORDERS BY THE LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR OF BENGAL.

GENERAL.

Mr J. Whitmore, Dist and Sess Judge, Birbhum, is allowed leave for 53 days, viz :—

Mr G E Manisty, Magte and Collr, Chittagong, is allowed leave for 2 months and 29 days.

Mr C G H Allen, Asst Sett Officer, Chittagong, on privilege leave, who was, under the order of the 27th June 1892, appointed to act as Sett Officer, Chittagong, in addition to his own duties, vice Mr F A Slack, on privilege leave, also is appointed to act as Magte and Collr of that dist.

Mr. J Tweedie, Dist and Sess Judge, Patna, is allowed leave for 25 days.

Mr A Forbes, Commr, Patna Div, was on leave.

Capt J Shakespear, Supdt, South Lushai Hills Dist, is allowed leave for 3 months.

The Lieut-Govr is pleased to accept the resignation tendered by the Rev. Father A Neut of his commission as Hony Chaplain, Calcutta Volunteer Rifle Corps.

Mr J Lang, Asst Magte and Collr, Gaya, is appointed to have charge of the Nawada sub-div of the dist, during the absence, on deputation, of Mr Syud Nurul Huda, or until further orders.

Mr S G L Platts, Offg Asst Supdt of Police, on leave, is posted to the Gaya dist.

Mr E H D'Oyly, Asst Supdt of Police, has been granted by H M's Secy of State for India an extension of 6 month's extraordinary leave, on medical certificate without pay.

The services of the Rev C R T Winckley, Offg Chaplain of Dinapore, are placed at the disposal of the Govt of India, in the Home Dept, from date on which he may be relieved.

Mr G M Gregory, Offg Factory Supdt, Ghazipur, is appointed to officiate as Sr Factory Supdt, during the absence, on leave, of Sur-Maj W Owen, or until further orders.

*N. W. Provincial and Oudh Gazette.*

Surg-Capt E A W Hall, M B, Civil Surg, Bara Banki, privilege leave for 1 month.

The privilege leave for 2 months and 16 days granted to Capt J Strachey, B S C, Pte Secy to his Honor the Lieut-Govr, N-W P and Oudh, is hereby converted into leave on private affairs

Mr H K L P Dupernex, Asst Magte Azamgarh, privilege leave for 25 days.

Mr T Benson, Dist and Sess Judge, Saharanpur, privilege leave for 1 month and 3 days.

Mr W R E Purves, Offg Depy Collr, Sitapur, privilege leave for 3 months.

The undermentioned officer has been granted by H M's Secy of State for India permission to return to duty :—

Mr E T Lloyd, (Covd) Jt-Magte,—within the period of his leave.

Asst Surg Hari Gopal Chatarji, in charge of the Sadar dispensary, to hold the charge of the civil medical duties of the Bara Banki dist.

Brigade-Surg-Lieut-Col W R Hooper, Civil Surg, Lucknow to be in visiting medical charge of the Bara Banki dist, in addition to his other duties during the absence, on leave, Surg-Capt E A W Hall, M B.

Surg-Lieut-Col C Cameron, Civil Surg, Gonda, to be in visiting medical charge of the Bahraich dist, in addition to his other duties, during the absence, on deputation, of Surg-Capt J J Pratt, or until further orders.

Mr G F G Forbes, on special duty as Addl Sess Judge, Farukhabad, to officiate as Magte and Collr, Farukhabad, from the date of taking charge of that office.

Mr G F G Forbes, Offg Magte and Collr, Farukhabad, on being relieved by Mr H V Lovett, to be on special duty as Addl Sess Judge, Farukhabad, as a temporary arrangement.

Mr H V Lovett, Jt-Magte, Farukhabad, to officiate as Magte and Collr, Farukhabad, from date on which he may relieve Mr G F G Forbes, proceeding on deputation.

Mr H W Lyle, Jt-Magte, Jaunpur, to officiate as Deputy Supdt, Family Domains, Maharaja of Benares, during the absence, on deputation, of Mr G Bower, or until further orders.

Mr L Stuart, Asst Magte, to the Jansi dist, is hereby cancelled.

Mr L Stuart, Asst Magte, on return from leave, to Naini Tal as Asst Commr.

Mr H E Holme, Asst Commr, on return from leave, to the Lucknow dist.

Surg-Capt J J Pratt, Civil Surg, Gonda, on being relieved by Surg-Lieut-Col C Cameron, to the civil medical charge of Fyzabad during the absence on leave of Surg-Maj W H Cadge, or until further orders.

Mr L A S Porter, Offg Dist and Sess Judge, Agra, to officiate as Dist and Sess Judge, Saharanpur, during the absence, on leave, of Mr. T. Benson, or until further orders, from the date of taking over charge.

Surg-Col J Richardson, M B, Inspr-Genl of Civil Hospitals, N-W P and Oudh, is appointed to officiate as Surg-Genl and Sanitary Commr with the Govt of India, during the absence on privilege leave of Surg-Maj-Genl W R Rice, or until further orders.

The services of Lieut A J Shaw, I S C, Cant Magte, Benares (on leave), are replaced at the disposal of the Mily Dept from the date of expiry of his leave, on private affairs.

The services of Lieut W A Bailey, 36th Benl Infy, have been placed at the disposal of the Govt of the N-W P and Oudh for employment as Offg Cant Magte of Allahabad.

Mussoorie Volunteer Rifle Corps—Mr. Sackville Hamilton Berkeley to be Capt, vice Leggat, transferred to the supernumerary list.

## THE WEATHER.

### RAINFALL IN BOMBAY.

| | Byculla. In. | Byculla. Cts. | Espl'de. In. | Espl'de. Cts. | Fort. In. | Fort. Cts. | Colaba. In. | Colaba. Cts. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Previously registered.... | 43 | 80 | 39 | 45 | 37 | 36 | 37 | 27 |
| Tuesday, August 2......... | 0 | 0 | 0 | 27 | 0 | 29 | 1 | 21 |
| Total.. | 43 | 80 | 39 | 72 | 37 | 65 | 38 | 48 |
| Total fall to 2nd August 1891 | 65 | 59 | 50 | 9 | 52 | 95 | 46 | 71 |
| Total fall to 2nd August 1890 | 57 | 97 | 63 | 67 | 60 | 10 | 49 | 20 |

Rainfall at Byculla registered from 6 p.m. to 6 p.m. ; at the Esplanade and Fort from 8 a.m. to 8 a.m. ; and at Colaba from 6 am. to 6 a.m.

### RAINFALL IN THE MOFUSSIL.

(Week ending Friday, July 29.)

| | In. | Ct. | | In. | Ct. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Jabalpur | 29 | 3 | Nasik | 11 | 69 |
| Raver | 6 | 63 | Deolalee | 14 | 92 |
| Nimbora | 14 | 98 | Ghoti | 40 | 2 |
| Bhadli | 9 | 60 | Nargaon | 19 | 19 |
| Jalgaon | 12 | 8 | Warrengaon | 17 | 65 |
| Sirsoli | 6 | 70 | Hoodgi | 10 | 79 |
| Mhasawad | 8 | 27 | Mohol | 7 | 20 |
| Maheji | 7 | 77 | Madha | 13 | 92 |
| Pachora | 10 | 94 | Barsi Road | 9 | 45 |
| Kasgaon | 9 | 69 | Keim | 8 | 57 |
| Naldongri | 7 | 17 | Jehur | 7 | 38 |
| Challisgaon | 11 | 55 | Oomulwari | 11 | 2 |
| Nandgaon | 9 | 57 | Dexal | 9 | 23 |
| Munmad | 8 | 58 | Lanowli | 81 | 66 |
| Lassalgaon | 15 | 97 | Dhond | 16 | 57 |
| Kerwadi | 8 | 96 | Talegaon | 21 | 88 |

### THE B.-G.-J.-P. RAILWAY.

THE following is the return of rainfall as registered at 6 a.m., on 1st August, 1892 :—

| | Ghadechi. In. | Ghadechi. cts. | Dhola. In. | Dhola. cts. | Jetalsar. In. | Jetalsar. cts. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Previously registered...... | 8 | 29 | 11 | 16 | 16 | 49 |
| Sunday, July 31 ........... | 2 | 4 | 0 | 53 | 0 | 0 |
| Total.. | 10 | 33 | 11 | 69 | 16 | 49 |

OBSERVATIONS TAKEN AT 8 A.M. ON TUESDAY, THE 2ND OF AUGUST, 1892.

1. The barometric readings are all corrected to Calcutta standard and reduced to the same temperature (32°) and also to the sea level.
2. The 2nd column under the head "Wind" gives the average motion of the air in miles per hour during the past 24 hours, and is obtained by dividing the total number of miles of wind registered by an anemometer during the previous 24 hours by 24.
3. The temperatures given in the table are of the air in the shade or in a small shed with open sides and a thatched or straw roof. The maximum (max.) and minimum (min.) temperatures are the highest and lowest temperatures during the 24 hours preceding 8 a.m.
4. The humidity is given as a percentage expressing the rates of the actual amount of moisture in the air to the amount required to saturate it.

| STATIONS. | Barometer, 8 A.M. | WIND. Direction. | WIND. Rate per hour. | TEMPERATURE IN SHADE. Maximum of past 24 hours. | TEMPERATURE IN SHADE. Minimum of past 24 hours. | Humidity, 8 A.M. | RAINFALL. Past 24 hours. | RAINFALL. Since 1st August to date. | RAINFALL. Variation, 1st August to date. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Delhi | 29·531 | S E | 4 | 92·0 | 80·1 | 92 | 0·15 | 8·13 | −5·42 |
| Agra | 29·533 | S E | 4 | 89·6 | 79·1 | 87 | 0·01 | 9·96 | −5·36 |
| Cawnpore | 29·568 | S E | 3 | 89·5 | 80·1 | 91 | ... | 15·79 | ... |
| Allahabad | 29·522 | E N E | 4 | 90·5 | 79·8 | 89 | ... | 20·23 | +3·44 |
| Jhansi | 29·539 | S W | 1 | 89·4 | 77·7 | 83 | ... | 18·06 | −1·38 |
| Jacobabad | 29·458 | S E | 5 | 108·1 | 85·8 | 73 | ... | 2·77 | +0·98 |
| Karachi | 29·517 | W S W | 14 | 90·0 | 80·8 | 83 | ... | 10·94 | +6·89 |
| Ajmere | 29·547 | W | 6 | 87·2 | 76·1 | 93 | 1·22 | 7·69 | −3·63 |
| Deesa | 29·553 | W | ... | 87·7 | 76·8 | 91 | 0·94 | 17·09 | +3·84 |
| Rajkot | 29·591 | W | 12 | 88·9 | 75·7 | 89 | 0·10 | 13·11 | −6·76 |
| Veraval | 29·620 | W S W | 18 | 83·0 | 79·8 | 87 | ... | 5·69 | ... |
| Neemuch | 29·600 | S W | 11 | 87·8 | 77·6 | 96 | 0·56 | 11·32 | −5·93 |
| Indore | 29·626 | W S W | 6 | 82·0 | 67·1 | 89 | 1·26 | 14·17 | −3·08 |
| Saugor | 29·557 | S S W | 8 | 84·3 | 73·6 | 93 | 2·43 | 26·63 | +4·20 |
| Jubbulpore | 29·623 | W S W | 4 | 87·4 | 73·6 | 92 | 0·16 | 27·03 | −5·96 |
| Hoshangabad | 29·635 | S | 8 | 80·8 | 72·7 | 96 | 0·11 | 31·05 | +1·74 |
| Khandwa | 29·619 | W | 7 | 79·7 | 75·3 | 84 | 0·22 | 14·09 | −2·33 |
| Raipur | 29·617 | W S W | ... | 85·0 | 74·6 | 92 | 0·83 | 30·33 | +1·17 |
| Nagpur | 29·660 | W S W | 11 | 84·3 | 75·4 | 83 | ... | 19·63 | −6·35 |
| Amraoti | 29·666 | W S W | 9 | 78·5 | 71·8 | 86 | 0·75 | 21·65 | +2·75 |
| Akola | 29·672 | S W | 7 | 82·5 | 72·2 | 86 | 0·82 | 25·47 | +7·92 |
| Surat | 29·658 | S W | F | 86·5 | 76·0 | 91 | 1·03 | 36·32 | +11·23 |
| Malegaon | 29·688 | WS W | 10 | 81·9 | 72·1 | 84 | 0·33 | 7·82 | −2·71 |
| Bombay | 29·722 | S W | 19 | 80·7 | 78·8 | 87 | 0·29 | 38·35 | −10·74 |
| Poona | 29·734 | WS W | 12 | 75·1 | 70·4 | 79 | 0·09 | 17·87 | +6·28 |
| Sholapur | 29·746 | S W | 15 | 81·8 | 72·0 | 71 | ... | 9·62 | −0·79 |
| Ratnagiri | 29·768 | S W | 10 | 80·4 | 73·4 | 89 | 0·55 | 74·39 | +8·48 |
| Belgaum | 29·804 | S W | 7 | 73·3 | 66·8 | 90 | 0·16 | 24·30 | +0·79 |
| Goa | 29·837 | W | 10 | 84·1 | 77·4 | 89 | 0·06 | 66·81 | ... |
| Karwar | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| Mangalore | 29·883 | W | 2 | 84·8 | 72·9 | 87 | 0·12 | 58·60 | −15·32 |
| Calicut | 29·914 | E | 5 | 83·2 | 73·1 | 92 | 0·48 | 71·44 | +3·40 |
| Cochin | 29·931 | N E | M | 84·2 | 70·2 | 82 | 0·51 | 59·52 | +6·57 |
| Bangalore | 29·890 | W | 9 | 79·2 | 66·0 | 88 | ... | 7·84 | +0·16 |
| Secunderabad | 29·769 | W S W | 12 | 82·6 | 70·9 | 79 | 0·13 | 15·51 | +3·40 |
| Masuliptm. | 29·751 | N W | 9 | 88·5 | 75·1 | 83 | ... | 12·56 | +1·37 |
| Bellary | 29·809 | W N W | 10 | 86·9 | 74·9 | 70 | ... | 6·52 | +2·93 |
| Cuddapah | 29·816 | W S W | .. | 90·0 | 75·8 | 76 | ... | 13·81 | +7·34 |
| Madras | 29·810 | W | 9 | 91·2 | 78·1 | 77 | ... | 10·05 | +3·44 |
| Coimbatore | 29·887 | S | 8 | 89·3 | 70·3 | 88 | ... | 3·06 | +0·10 |
| Trichinopoly | 29·845 | W | 9 | 97·6 | 78·7 | 61 | ... | 3·81 | +0·08 |
| Negapatam | 29·820 | W | 4 | 96·0 | 77·7 | 68 | ... | 4·99 | +1·36 |
| Colombo | 29·912 | S W | 12 | 85·5 | 79·0 | 73 | ... | 7·80 | −6·97 |

In column "Wind, rate per hour," L=Light, M=Moderate, F=Fresh, S=Strong, H=Heavy.

Bombay local rainfall : J. J. H. — 0·26 (46·04) ; E. G. H. — 0·29 (37·57) ; G. T. H. — 0·27 (36·82) ; C. P. — 0·20 (38·37).

SUMMARY.

With the exception of a brisk rise at Khandwa, Secunderabad and Coimbatore, the barometric changes during the past 24 hours have been moderate or small. Readings are relatively high in Ceylon and on and off the Malabar Coast and low over the Indus Valley. Gradients are moderately steep. Winds are north-easterly to south-easterly at Delhi, Agra, Cawnpore, Allahabad, Jacobabad, Jubulpore, Coimbatore, Calicut and Cochin, and south-westerly to north-westerly in other places. The force has been fresh to strong at Bombay, Sholapur and Veraval. This morning the wind velocity was 20 miles an hour at Neemuch, 16 at Akola and Bellary, 14 at Secunderabad and Malegaon, and 12 at Bombay, Sholapur and Rajkot. The maximum temperature shows an excess of from 2° to 4° at Jhansi, Jacobabad, Neemuch, Jubulpore, Mangalore, Coimbatore and Negapatam and a defect of 4° to 7° at Bellary, Masulipatam, Secunderabad, Sholapur, Malegaon, Akola, Amraoti and Khandwa. Elsewhere, the departures are slight in either direction. The highest maximum was 108° at Jacobabad. The night temperature varies from the normal by small amounts only anywhere. The lowest temperature last night was 66° at Bangalore. Humidity changes are irregular and the skies are densely clouded in almost all districts. Rain exceeding an inch has fallen at Saugor (2·46"), Ratnagiri (1·55"), Indore (1·26"), Ajmere (1·22") and Surat (1·03"), while at Delhi, Agra, Deesa, Rajkot, Neemuch, Jubulpore, Hoshangabad, Khandwa, Raipur, Amraoti, Akola, Bombay, Poona, Malegaon, Belgaum, Goa, Calicut, Mangalore, Cochin and Secunderabad there have been light to moderate showers. Abnormals indicate a small area of low pressure at and in the neighbourhood of Deesa, and the weather is slightly unsettled there. The monsoon gradient on the whole of the West Coast continues to be steeper than usual, and more rain may be expected. In all other districts, except Sind and the south of the Peninsula, conditions promise scattered local showers only. The s. s. Taif left Mauritius on the 17th of July, and experienced up to Lat. 3° 02' N., Long. 64° 18' E., at noon, on the 25th, light to fresh south-easterly winds, a cloudy to overcast sky, heavy to moderate sea, with light to heavy showers of rain on the 18th, 19th and 21st ; to Lat. 10° 59' N., Long. 68° 38' E., at noon, on the 28th, a light to moderate monsoon, overcast sky and increasing sea ; to arrival on the 31st a moderate to fresh monsoon, over cast sky, squally weather with heavy squalls of wind and rain, and a high decreasing sea.

S. H. C. HUTCHINSON,
Meteorological Reporter for Western India.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

SIMLA, AUG. 2.

Pressure has decreased briskly over the [illegible] of Bengal and Assam, elsewhere changes are small. Readings are highest in Tenasserim and lowest in the Punjab and gradients are increasing. Distribution is normal, and winds blow from normal to monsoon directions, except at the head of the bay where it is abnormally westerly. Force is fresh all along the west coast, temperature has risen in central parts of the country and Guzerat, and on the whole it has fallen elsewhere. The mean temperature is low except in Guzerat, Central India, Rajputana. Sind reports no rain, and the fall is somewhat scattered over the Gangetic plain, in the west of the Punjab, and the Peninsula, but elsewhere general. Mount Abu reports for Kendat three, Moulmein, Ranikhet, Mussoorie, Saugor two inches ; Ajmere has received one and a-quarter inch.

## ECHOES OF SCIENCE.

The late Admiral Mouchez, Director of the Observatory of Paris, was born of French parents at Madrid in 1821, and educated at the College Louis-le-Grand, Paris, and the Ecole Navale, where he showed an aptitude for mathematics, astronomy, and geodesy. He rose rapidly in the service, and became a commander in 1867. During the war of 1870 he was charged with putting Havre in a state of defence, and his measures prevented the Prussians from attacking it. After the siege of Paris he was sent to Algeria, and subsequently in 1874 he took charge of the transit of Venus expedition to St. Paul. On his return to France he was created a Commander of the Legion of Honour.

He next surveyed the Gulf of Syrtis and discovered, near Bizerta, a lake over a mile inland, which, by a short canal, could be transformed into a magnificent harbour. In 1878, on the death of Le Verrier, he was appointed director of the Observatory of Paris, and in 1880 he retired from the Navy. It is to Mouchez that the French owe the schools of practical astronomy, which have enabled them to turn out so many skilful travellers and officers of marine during recent years. At the Observatory he established an astronomical museum of great interest; and he originated the idea of the international chart of the night sky, which is now being prepared. As a man he was frank and loyal in character, simple and modest in his tastes, a lover of science, and a good worker.

Lord Kelvin and other prominent electricians have taken steps to raise a fund on behalf of Mr. Samuel Varley, a distinguished electrician, who has not profited so well by his inventions as manufacturers indebted to them. He is a brother of the late Cromwell F. Varley, one of the leading telegraph engineers of twenty years ago. It is also proposed to solicit a pension from the Government for Mr. Varley.

Mr. James Moris, a Scotch chemist, has taken up the subject of producing gems artificially, and by the latest accounts has succeeded in making colourless sapphires, which are very hard, infusible, and insoluble. By subsequent treatment a sapphire-blue tinge has been communicated to them.

The sundial of Major-General Oliver, which is constructed by Messrs. Negretti and Zambra, Holborn Viaduct, gives mean or clock time, while ordinary sundials only give solar time, varying from clock time more or less throughout the year. This is effected by making the gnomon or style which casts the shadow, not a straight edge as is usual, but of a "nine-pin" shape. The shadow of its edge falls on a narrow circular are inscribed with the hours, and as the form of the shadow varies according to the position of the sun, the correction for mean time is thus automatically made.

Sir James Crichton-Browne considers the absence of bran or the husky parts of wheat in bread as a probable cause of caries in the teeth and their enamel. The bran contains feuorine, which enters into the composition of the enamel, and ought, therefore, to be supplied to the body, especially when the teeth are growing. A convenient form of supply is the pellicle of grains, such as oats or wheat.

The death of Cyrus Field brings home to us the fact that the old pioneers of Transatlantic telegraphy are rapidly passing away. Very few of the 1858 expedition, which laid the first cable between the two worlds, are now alive. Several years ago Sir Charles Bright, the chief engineer, died. Lord Kelvin, one of the electricians, is happily still with us. Of the 1865 and 1866 expeditions, which permanently established the ocean link, Sir James Anderson and others are vigorous representatives. Some of the newspapers erroneously describe Mr. Field as the pioneer of submarine telegraphy in general. The first cable submerged was that across the Channel in 1851, and one of the promoters, Mr. Brett, an Englishman, now over 80, is, we believe, still residing in the neighbourhood of London. Between 1851 and 1858 a number of cables were laid in the seas of Europe. Cyrus Field, however, has the glory of being the first to carry to a successful termination the great enterprise of connecting Europe and America by wire.

Professor Edwin J. Houston, a well-known American electrician, recently delivered a lecture to the Brooklyn Institute of Arts and Sciences, in which he declared that persons now living would see the steam engine relegated to the "scrapheap." The motor of the future would, in his opinion, be electrical, and probably thermo-electrical—that is to say, the power would be derived direct from heat. He expressed the opinion that the electric lamp would transform 90 to 98 per cent. of the future of its energy into light, and only two to three per cent. into heat, whereas at present it transforms two to three per cent. into light, and 97 to 98 per cent. into heat.

A recent number of the "Alpine Journal" gives the report of a special committee on the equipment for mountain travellers, which will be useful to all explorers. The question of camping-out is very fully treated, and particulars are given of a tent, sleeping bags, and tent floor, for three men, which only weighs 12lbs.

On May 1 Greenwich time was adopted on all the railways of Belgium, and on June 1 on those of the Netherlands. Part of Germany, Austraia-Hungary, Luxemburg, Servia, Western Turkey, and Sweden have adopted the railway time of one hour in advance of Greenwich time, or that of longitude 15deg. E. The railway time of Russia, Roumania, and Eastern Turkey may be taken as two hours in advance of Greenwich time.

The projected whaling voyage of Captain Gray, Dundee, to the Antarctic Sea has come to nought owing to the funds subscribed not being sufficient to fit out two vessels. The promoters decline to take the risk of sending a single vessel, and the money has been returned to the subscribers.

The new relay of Mr. Cuttriss for "translating" the messages received on the Siphon recorder of Lord Kelvin through long submarine cables promises to fill a want. At present, when a recorder message is received on one long cable for transmission over another, a clerk has to effect the translation; but with the Cuttriss relay the recorder itself will automatically forward the message over the second line. This is done by causing the coil of the recorder, as it swings between the magnets under the influence of the signal currents, to bear more or less on two spirals of carbon. The resisance of the spirals, which are in the circuit of the second line, varies accordingly, and so increases or diminishes the strength of current in the latter.

The United States surveying ship Thetis has completed the survey for a submarine cable between San Francisco and Hawaii. The route taken is 2,060 miles long and 300 soundings were obtained; the deepest being 3,228 fathoms, at a point 245 miles north-east of Hilo, and the shallowest 976 fathoms, at a point 450 miles from Point Conception. The course in general is level, and it is considered the most practical route yet surveyed.

At a recent meeting of the Academie de Medicine, Paris, Dr. Constantine Paul gave an account of his successful treatment of neurasthenia by subcutaneous injections of the grey matter of a sheep's brain made into a solution, and sterilised by carbonic acid in the D'Arsonval apparatus. The injections were made in the lumbar or gluteal region, and the dose was eighty minims at most. The patients recovered their appetites, good spirits, and general health. Dr. Paul is of opinion that such injections will form a nerve tonic more prompt and effective than the ordinary drugs, such as iron, arsenic, phosphates, and so on.

Mr. Wallace Andrews, of the New York Steam Company, proposes to send coal to a distance in pipe lines. The coal will be ground at the pit and mixed with water to carry it through the pipes. On delivery the water will be evaporated and the coal dust moulded into briquests under pressure. He estimates that coal could be distributed in this way at a speed of about five miles an hour.

The coal mines of Flenu-les-Mons, in Belgium, are of great depth, and a recent survey has shown that rich veins of coal exist at a depth of 1,200 metres which are to be worked in future. The engineer charged with the exploration drove a gallery at a depth of 1,150 metres, part of which had to be bored through a mass of hard rock. A large spring of salt water at a temperature of nearly 50deg. C. was also encountered, and as it could not be dammed back with masonry, owing to the pressure of the water and the gas which accumlated there, it will have to be pumped out. The salt in the water was chloride of sodium or table salt.

A screw boat for pleasure or sport, which can also be propelled by oar or sail, has been devised by MM. Sequin and Jaquet. The screw is actuated by two pedals in the bottom of the boat, which are worked by the feet when the body is in a reclining position. The arrangement is favourable for shooting wild fowl.

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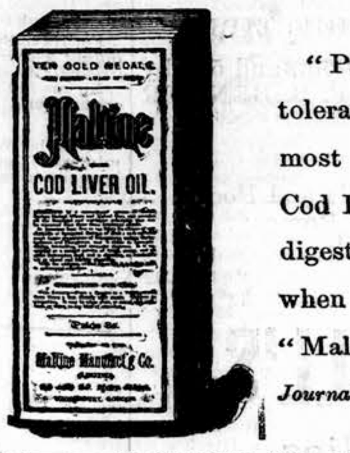

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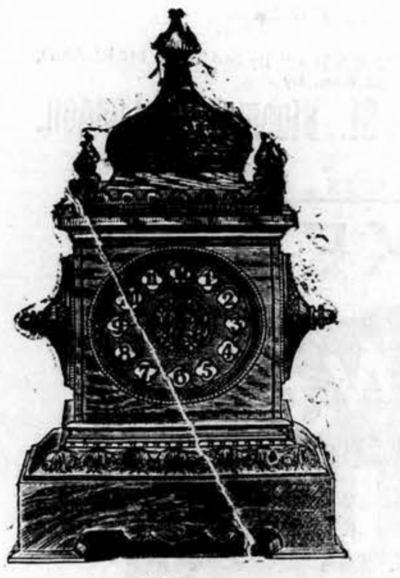

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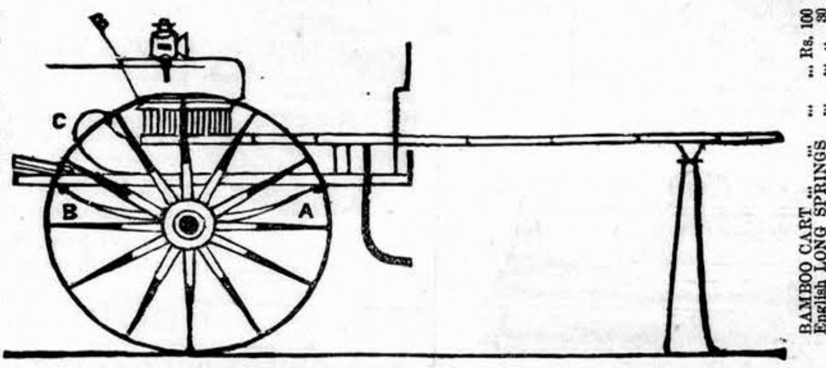

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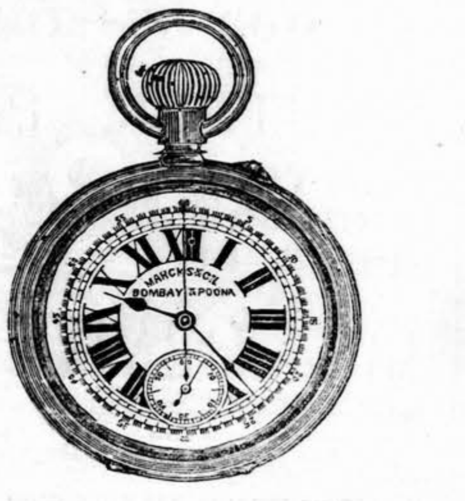

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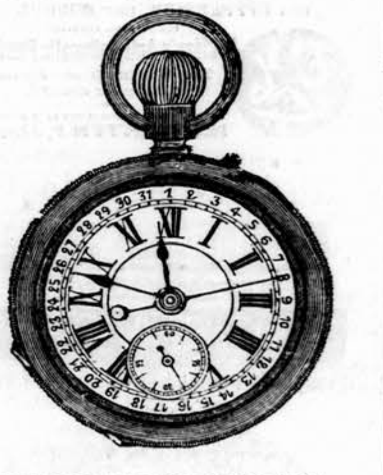

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